The New-York Times.

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ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Olympus, Germania, City of Washington and China.

The Dano-German Difficulties Becoming More Complicated

HOSTILE DEBATE IN PARLIAMENT.

Rumored Alliance of Russia, Prussia and Austria.

Denmark's Reply to the Conference Proposition Still Withheld.

A Severe Battle Near Vieie Between the Danes and Austrians.

Rebel Rights and Federal Rights in Great Britain.

EMANCIPATION OF THE PEASANTRY IN POLAND

Maximilian's Preparations for Assuming the Mexican Sceptre.

DEATH OF THE KING OF BAVARIA

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

The extra Cunard screw steamer *Olympus*, which left Liverpool at 2 o'clock on the afternoon of the 5th, and Queenstown on the 6th March, arrived hereat 6½ o'clock last evening.

The steamer *North American* arrived off Queenstown (Instead of Londonderry) on the night of the 6th, and reached Liverpool at 10 P. M. on the 7th.

The *China* reached Queenstown early on the morning of the 7th, and arrived at Liverpool at 8½ P. M. the same day.

The wreck of the *Bohemian* was understood to involve the Underwriters of Liverpool and London in a loss of nearly £200,000 sterling. The ship was but partially insured.

OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENCE.

The War in Denmark—Perfide Albion in Danish—A General War—European Complications—England Powerless—Movements of the Mexican Emperor—Mr. Mason in London—The Fenian Movement—German Recruits at Liverpool—Rights of Confederate Cruisers—The Pampero—Freedom of Polish Serfs

LONDON, Tuesday, March 8, 1864.

East and West! We look alternately across the North Sea and the Atlantic. In our quiet nook—in this peaceful land of non-intervention, where iron-clad ships and Armstrong guns are only experimental playthings—we can look out on two wars with that kind of enjoyment that people are wont to have, who, safe on the shore, behold ships and sailors tossing on a stormy sea.

The war in Denmark goes steadily on. The Germans, once in Jutland, move on to conquer it. They are about to invest Fredericia. They will leave the poor Danes nothing but their islands. Lord PALMERSTON, in the House last night, denounced it as "an outrage," but as he does not propose to do anything about it, he might as well have spared hard words, which only make his impotence more apparent. The Danes, meantime, are deeply outraged, and more against the Germans than against England. *Perfide Albion* is translated into Danish. They would like to have their bright and beautiful Princess back again. They think of the old days, when their fleets stormed along the Baltic coast, and their warriors ruled over the English people. They reject the conference. They prefer to fight, single-handed though it be, against the forty millions of Germany, and take the chances of war. Copenhagen is preparing to resist the attack of a German fleet.

Aid for the wounded Danes is being sent from England. They do not much need it so far. The numbers wounded have not been large, and their arrangements to take care of them are very good. The Danes are a hardy, sturdy, well educated people. Every private soldier can read and write, and receives letters and supplies from his family. They will make a good fight, and expect to get better terms than they can hope for in a conference. They take the chances of a general war.

Will there be such a war? Russia is ready for one, and seems to expect it. Austria has not been, for many years, in so good a condition. But Europe waits the signal from France. It is asserted, denied, and reasserted, that France is making active preparations for her navy. The army is always ready. But no note comes from Paris, and there is a disinclination of any wish to extend the frontiers. If, as is said, an alliance exists between Russia, Austria and Prussia, as against Poland, Hungary and Italy—against the revolutionary party in Europe—there must be a combination against them, or there can be no war. That combination must consist of France, England, Italy, Spain and Denmark. But England, to join in that combination, must abandon her ancient traditions and her "natural allies," which are Austria and Prussia. The Queen will never sanction a war with Germany. England is not in any genuine alliance with France, nor even with Italy. She wishes well—a large party at least does—to Victor EMANUEL, as against the Pope, and would be glad to strengthen him with Venetia, but that is all.

Under these circumstances England can do nothing. The Prince of Wales must look quietly and see his father-in-law humbled up in Copenhagen, with two-thirds of the kingdom torn away. PALMERSTON may blunder about outrages in the House of Commons, while Earl RUSSELL meddles in the Lords. And England will digest her bitter dose of mortification as well as she is able.

The Emperor MAXIMILIAN has been received at the Tuileries. He is to take a (long) visit to the Queen of England—partly to be present at the christening on the 16th, and then he will hasten back to receive the Mexican deputation and the offered crown, so as to quit Paris by the 25th, if he will, on the 12th, but probably a few days later.

It is to be noted in connection with these movements that Mr. MASON, the Southern Commissioner, has been instructed to return to London. There is a rumor of some new diplomatic movement of the Emperors, and, in spite of the news of Federal victories, the Confederate stock is rising, and is being exchanged for the Mexican. It is said with a degree of confidence which certainly surprises, that Mexico and France will and must acknowledge the independence of the Confederate States. I do not see the grounds for the assertion, and it may rest entirely upon a supposed necessity—the necessity of interposing a friendly power between the Mexican Empire and the great Northern Republic—the necessity for a balance of power on the Western Continent.

The Fenian movement in Ireland has assumed a counter movement. On Sunday there was posted upon the walls of the Catholic Churches of Dublin, and perhaps of all Ireland, two broadside sheets, intended to discourage Irish enlistments in the Federal army. One contained the correspondence between the Pope and the Archbishops of New-York and New-Orleans and Jefferson DAVIS; the other letters on the interests of Irishmen in the American war, by Wm. Smith O'BRIEN, John MITCHELL, &c., with comments, all as damaging as possible to the Northern cause. The bishops and clergy of Ireland unite with those in America in denouncing the Fenian organization, and there will be a strong effort to put a stop to enlistments, if not to emigration. The Fenians charge the whole upon the British Government and British gold. But neither Government nor priesthood can hinder Irishmen from emigrating to America, and those who can offer the strongest inducements will get the soldiers. As the Southerners say, "The longest pole brings down the persimmons."

While this fight is going on in Ireland, which may or may not be aided by the Government, defending itself as it best can against the machinations of the terrible Fenians, I note the arrival of 160 Germans at Liverpool, avowedly en route to join the Federal army, for which they have been enlisted. They were promised a bounty of $100 at Liverpool, and it is said that some have refused to embark until it is paid them.

The Attorney-General, last night, in the House, in answer to a question which may have had a purpose, declared that the Confederate cruisers had a right to capture British ships, having as a part of their cargo contraband of war for the Federal States. So a Cunarder might be brought to off Liverpool, and make a lawful prize by the *Alabama* or *Rappahannock* if she had a case of rifles for New-York. Of course this is the law of the case, but it must have come a little hard to admit it. The Attorney-General, indeed, stated that the law required such belligerent to bearer his prize into port for adjudication, but that, of course, would depend upon circumstances. The course formerly practiced would be for the prize to be carried into the nearest neutral port—say Liverpool. But as neutral ports are closed to both parties, and the right of taking prizes remains to both alike, they must do the best they can under these adverse circumstances.

The builders of the *Pampero* (supposed Confederate steamer) have offered to give the Government a guarantee, similar to that taken of the Danish Minister respecting an iron-clad building for Denmark, but the Government declines to release the *Pampero* on such conditions, not considering the offered guarantee sufficient.

Having glanced back at European affairs, which I admit to be my proper business, I must not forget an important measure just taken by the Emperor of Russia. He has freed the serfs in Poland. They have not taken part in the rebellion, and it was but right that their fidelity should be rewarded, while the act is a politic one, as making them more than ever interested in the support of the Government. Thus rebellion, east as well as west, seems to work in favor of freedom.

MONADNOCK.

NEWS BY THE OLYMPUS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

REBEL RIGHTS AND FEDERAL RIGHTS.

In the House of Commons on the 7th March, Mr. ROEBUCK gave notice that on the 11th he should put a question to the Government on American affairs. Earl RUSSELL had stated that Her Majesty's Government had remonstrated with the Confederate Government on its enlisting sailors and attempting to purchase vessels in England; but as the noble Lord had also stated that the Government desired to preserve a strict neutrality, he should ask whether it would remonstrate with the Federal Government on the employment by it of agents for the purpose of enlisting Her Majesty's subjects in Ireland as soldiers.

The Attorney-General, in reply to Mr. R. LOWE, said that a Confederate ship-of-war had just the same right as a Federal ship-of-war to capture a British vessel carrying contraband of war, provided always that the capture was made with the intention to send the vessel before a Prize Court.

Mr. LAYARD, in reply to Mr. DALGLISH, said that Government was not prepared to accept from the builders of the suspected rebel steamer *Pampero* a similar assurance to that given by the Danish Ambassador with respect to vessels building for that Government.

THE DANO-GERMAN WAR.

Mr. DISRAELI made inquiries as to the invasion of Jutland, &c., by the Germans.

Lord PALMERSTON said he was unable to give any reliable information, but he repeated his conviction that the whole of the Austro-Prussian operations were an outrage upon Denmark and not justified by the state of affairs.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mr. GLADSTONE made a great impression on the House by a speech in defence of his bill for adding small life insurances to the operations of the Post-office Savings Bank. While admitting the obligation of Government not to interfere with private enterprise, he pointed out that this measure was resolved upon in the interest of the most helpless and least protected class of the community—a class whom it had always been held that the State might make its special care. He then proceeded to the question how they were at present cared for by the institutions on which they depended—the Friendly Societies—and showed how grossly they were mismanaged and how unsuitable they were. After a debate the matter was postponed.

Messrs. R. TWEEDIE & SONS, gunmakers, of London, had failed, having, it is stated, experienced severe losses in attempts to break the blockade of the Southern ports.

It is stated that a large number of Germans, who had been recruited in their own country for the services of the Federal Government, were being shipped to America via Liverpool, and there were reports that many of the men were complaining of the non-payment of the promised bounties, and refused to embark without such payment being first made.

Capt. PARON, late of the *Great Eastern*, has been elected manager of the ferry between Liverpool and Birkenhead.

THE MEXICAN QUESTION.

The Archduke and Archduchess MAXIMILIAN arrived at Paris on the 5th, and forthwith proceeded to the Tuileries, where they were received by the Emperor and Empress of the French. Their stay in Paris was not expected to be more than four or five days. The arrangements for the Archduke's departure from Trieste would be completed on the 15th of March.

A Paris telegram asserts that an arrangement had been effected between the Emperor NAPOLEON and the Archduke whereby the latter finally agrees to accept the throne of Mexico, but 10th said he will make his acceptance formally known to the Mexican deputation at Miramar, where the offer was first made to him.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* says the Archduke would visit London in a few days. That he accepts the throne, it is said, with a loan of 120,000,000 francs, and that the Mexican army will be organized under the auspices of the French, and a portion of the French force will remain for some time in the country, with the character of a foreign legion. It has all this to come. France will consider Mexico quite disembarrassed of Monroe ideas.

The *Morning Post's* Paris correspondent says the Archduke MAXIMILIAN has been advised to limit the Mexican loan to 4,000,000 sterling, and to postpone the claims of English bondholders and others until after he is seated on the Mexican throne. This shall have to be good as contrasted with a German banking firm.

Mexican Securities declined 3¼ per cent. in London on the 7th, but afterwards slightly rallied. The *Times* City Article says: "The negotiation was partly managed on the Continent, I repeat (supposed to be unknown to the Government), Archduke MAXIMILIAN and connected in filial piety for the immediate guests of the Empire, and under these circumstances will have the old claim to be arranged or otherwise at pleasure. A swarm of intriguing speculators are now surrounding the Archduke, and all concerned with him, and the strongest caution will be necessary with regard to the faith to be placed in the assertions that may from time to time be transmitted by these persons."

The *Morning Herald* says, a statement, which, if it shall prove true, will be important, has been circulated, to the effect that a union will take place between Messrs. BARING BROTHERS and Messrs. ROTHSCHILD & Co. in the conduct of all financial engagements for Mexico.

THE WAR IN DENMARK.

A telegram from Copenhagen of March 8, says: The elections to the Folksthing of the Rigsraad took place to-day. All the National and Liberal candidates in Copenhagen favorable to an energetic prosecution of the war were elected. Mr. HALL, the Ex-Prime Minister, made an electioneering speech, in which he stated that after the arrival of Lord WODEHOUSE from Berlin, he had asked his Lordship whether the revocation of the November Constitution would prevent the entry of the Austro-Prussian troops into Schleswig. The reply was that it decidedly would not. "The alliance with Sweden was not an agreement made only between the sovereigns, but also between the Governments of Sweden and Denmark. A personal union between Denmark and Schleswig-Holstein would lead to the loss of those Duchies, or to Denmark being Germanized and ruined. The German Powers never stated their demands before they occupied the Duchies."

A telegram from Hamburg of March 7, says: "Letters received here from Copenhagen state that *the civic artillerymen have been ordered to hold* themselves in readiness, in case of need, to serve the guns of the forts which protect the town on the sea side. They are also to prepare to occupy the outer fort of the citadel, which commands the Sound in a northerly direction as far as Charlotten."

A telegram from Vienna of March 5 says: "An imperial ordinance was promulgated on the 3d, containing regulations for the capture and stoppage of hostile and suspected ships by Austrian vessels. The ordinance purports to be issued on account of the hostile measures adopted by Denmark against German ships.

The *Page* states that three Prussian war ships have received orders to leave Brest, and proceed immediately to the North Sea.

The *Patrie* says: "Two grave facts have been communicated to us by private telegrams, and confirmed by private information. Austria having consented to associate herself in the execution of all the strategic plans of Marshal WRANGEL, the continuance of hostilities in Jutland is said to have been decided upon at Berlin. From Berlin we learn that the whole Russian army has been placed on a war footing. The Imperial Guard has been ordered to the Prussian frontier, and the Sixth Corps D'Armée has been ordered from the extreme provinces of Russia to Poland. These facts are incontestably connected with the execution of the engagements entered into between the Courts of Vienna, St. Petersburgh and Berlin, the first realization of which is the declaration of a state of siege in Galicia."

THE FEDERAL DIET.

In the sitting of the Federal Diet of March 6, the Bavarian representative proposed that the Diet should notify to the Federal Commander in Holstein the conclusion of an understanding between that body and the two great German Powers, in reference to the occupation of the military route in that Duchy by the allied troops. Bavaria also proposed that the Federal troops in Holstein should be reinforced by the Seventh Corps, and by another corps made up of troops from different States. An official communication to the Frankfort papers states that the Federal Diet has recently received an invitation from any quarter to be represented at an European Conference.

The *Neue Preussische Zeitung* publishes the following from its Paris correspondent: "The negotiations for the conference have been suspended, the Danish Cabinet having lately informed the French Government that Denmark has decided upon entering into no agreement, the basis of which should be only personal union with the Duchies. Denmark would prefer to allow the Duchies to be forcibly torn from her, awaiting their reconquest from later events. In the higher political Parisian circles no one believes any longer in the possibility of a compromise."

Matters now being too complicated, France will not be able to avoid becoming involved in the question.

The Ministerial Stockholm *Aftonbladet* asserts that Sweden is accelerating her armaments as well as the concentration of troops.

Resolutions summoning the Government to aid Denmark, were adopted at a large popular meeting held at Stockholm March 6.

ALLIANCE OF RUSSIA, PRUSSIA AND AUSTRIA.

The London *Morning Post* takes it as proved that "an intimate alliance, probably by treaty, but certainly *de facto*, exists between the three Powers who have leagued together against what they call revolution, but what we call the cause of constitutional liberty. We shall certainly drift into war, for the people of England will assuredly rouse themselves and vindicate what, after all, are their true interests. We cannot passively stand by and see, as we shall see in a few weeks, all Europe convulsed in a struggle against despotism. The Danes may be sure that by boldly fighting they will engage our best feelings, and presently our best aid. We can never allow this country to be wrapped in the drab folds of the robes of the peace party, and to bleat the cry of 'perish Denmark,' while Mr. BRIGHT jingles the shillings and pence. We are made of other stuff. Among modern sensations, that will not be the least when an Austrian fleet sails up our channel, past our ports and past our ships, to the attack of Denmark. The hour rapidly approaches when the public opinion of this country will make its voice heard in tones which will dictate to Parliament and to the Ministry the path which they must follow."

The London *Times*, in another leader on the revival of the Holy Alliance, says:

"The way in which Prussia, Austria and Russia are going, evenly and persistently enough—albeit, as slowly though as surely as the march of a glacier—is toward aggression upon Denmark, Italy and Turkey. Nothing can stop them but the action of the Western Powers in the cause of justice, international law and treaty obligations."

FRANCE.

The Paris Bourse on the 7th opened very flat and lower, but closed with more steadiness at 66.25.

RUSSIA AND POLAND.

Count BLONDOFF, President of the Council of the Empire, died on the 1st March.

The *Journal de St. Petersburgh* of the 6th, publishes a decree regulating the conditions for the emancipation of the peasants in Poland; also, one relative to the organization of the Communal Administrations on the principle of self-government in Poland, by which all connection between the nobility and peasantry is entirely severed.

At Warsaw, on the 6th, the Imperial manifesto announcing the emancipation of the peasants, was solemnly proclaimed in the public squares.

Letters from St. Petersburgh state that in the southern provinces of Russia a large extent of country has been "tapped," yielding very fine petroleum.

ITALY.

The Emperor of Russia and other powerful European Sovereigns had addressed autograph letters to the Pope, jointly expressing a hope that tranquillity in Italy may not be disturbed.

GREECE.

A Ministerial crisis has taken place, and several changes were made in the Cabinet.

THE CITY OF WASHINGTON'S NEWS.

The Inman steamer *City of Washington*, which left Liverpool at noon on the 9th, and Queenstown on the 10th of March, arrived here at 8 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The hearing of the appeal to the House of Lords, in the case of the gunboat *Alexandra*, was fixed for the 11th of March.

Mr. Justice MELLOR, on the 5th inst., granted an application for a commission to examine the Pasha of Egypt and other witnesses at Cairo relative to the steam rams seized on the Mersey.

The English Board of Trade returns for January show that the exports were £10,413,500, which is nearly £2,400,000 in excess of January, 1863. The export of cotton goods was 7½ per cent. in value and 36 per cent. infinitely greater than last year.

DEBATE ON THE DANO-GERMAN QUESTION.

In the House of Lords, on the 8th inst., the Denish question was debated. Earl DERBY asked for information as to the present position of affairs.

Earl RUSSELL, in reply, said that in entering Schleswig at a time when Denmark was prepared to accede to their demands, Austria and Prussia committed a most unjustifiable act. By way of retaliation, the Danish Government had captured Austrian and Prussian ships; and Austria and Prussia regarding this as centralizing the war, had extended their military operations into Jutland. With reference to the papers illustrating these events, he considered that it would not be advantageous to the public interest, or to the success of negotiations still pending, to produce them at the present moment. A proposal for an armistice, made by Government, having fallen through, they next proposed a conference without an armistice to the belligerents. To this Austria and Prussia had agreed; but the answer of Denmark had not yet been received, though he expected it at the end of the week. If such answer was received, it appeared that Denmark acquiesced in the conference, fresh negotiations would be entered into; on the other hand, if the answer was in the negative, the war would be continued on a war footing.

In reply to a question from Lord ELLENBOROUGH, Earl RUSSELL said Austria and Prussia still adhered to their original declaration that they would respect the integrity of the Danish Monarchy.

Lord BEAUFEROY trusted that if an Austrian fleet entered the Baltic, a British squadron would be sent to watch its movements.

Lord RUSSELL said the Channel Squadron was within easy distance, and could at once be dispatched to the Baltic if such a measure were considered necessary.

In the House of Commons on the 9th the proceedings were unimportant.

Lord PALMERSTON notified that the Easter recess would extend from March 19 to April 4.

THE WAR IN DENMARK.

It is stated that the "Gondrecourt" brigade of the Austrian army advanced toward Jutland on the 7th inst. The Prussian Commander-in-Chief, Marshal VON WRANGEL, was at Moesslin, on the frontier of Jutland. The Austrian General, GABLENZ, was following him thither.

A large number of hospitals had been prepared at Kolding.

The investment of Fredericia by the Germans was expected in a few days.

THE RUMORED ALLIANCE BETWEEN RUSSIA, PRUSSIA AND AUSTRIA.

The English journals continue to persist in the above alliance, but some of the Continental journals question it.

There is no confirmation of the statement that the Russian Imperial Guards had been ordered to the Prussian frontiers.

The Paris *Page* says a strong body of Austrian troops had been dispatched to Italy.

The London *Times* takes a commercial view of the political position of England. There is, it says, a commercial, as well as a political world, and from that world we are not only not shut out, but are becoming more and more its active and thriving centre. But could it be seriously said that England avoids association with members of the new Holy Alliance? She stood aside forty years ago and allowed Spain to be invaded, but the Powers which sanctioned the outrage were punished by civil war, revolution, and eternal obloquy and disgrace." Tells the *Times* considers a motive for present inaction.

FRANCE.

The Archduke MAXIMILIAN continued in Paris. It is stated that Señor ALMONTE had been appointed Mexican Minister in London.

The Morning Post says it is believed that it has been found impossible at Paris to negotiate the proposed Mexican loan until after the arrival of the Archduke in his capital and the formation of his Government in a permanent shape.

The Emperor NAPOLEON had consented to arbitrate on certain questions pending between the Suez Canal Company and the Viceroy of Egypt.

The Bourse, on the 9th, was firmer. Rents closed at 66.30.

HOLLAND.

MYNHEER CREMERS had been appointed Minister for Foreign Affairs.

INDIA.

The Bombay mail of Feb. 15 is received. The commercial news has been anticipated. The new crop of cotton was expected to be large, but arrivals for shipment at Bombay were not expected till the end of February. No tidings had been heard of the *Alabama* since the destruction of the ship *Emma Jane*.

LATEST PER CITY OF WASHINGTON.

[*By Telegraph to Queenstown.*]

THE WAR IN DENMARK.

THE SEVERE ENGAGEMENT NEAR VEILE.

COPENHAGEN, Tuesday, March 8—3:3 P. M.

The Austrians are advancing large forces upon Fredericia.

Gen. WILLISEN, the Danish Commander-in-Chief there, and HOFFMANN, his head of the staff, were wounded to-day, probably in an outpost encounter.

KOLDING, Tuesday, March 8.

The Prussian division of the Guards, accompanied by the Crown Prince and Field-Marshal VON WRANGEL, advanced to-day to Sonderskoogl, driving the Danes back to Fredericia and capturing 180 prisoners.

The Prussian loss was 2 killed and 20 wounded.

The Austrians are advancing on Veile.

WEDNESDAY, March 9.

At 6 A. M. yesterday, the Austrians crossed the Kolding-ea in two columns. After a very exhausting march of one-and-a-half German mile and a quarter they encountered the Danish cavalry in the south of Veile. The Austrians forced back the Danes to Veile, where three Danish infantry regiments, three batteries, and two cavalry regiments took up a position to the north of the Veile River. The Nestin Brigade, under the command of Gen. VON GABLENZ, a portion of the Gondrecourt Brigade, and the artillery reserve succeeded in dislodging the Danes, in spite of the great strength of their position, and in driving them back toward Horsens. The Danish loss was considerable, and the Austrians took many prisoners.

COPENHAGEN, March 7—8 55 P. M.

The President of the Council, in a speech delivered before his Electors, said he should continue to struggle persistently for the independence of the Monarchy and the maintenance of the Union between Denmark and Schleswig. He would never consent to a dissolution of the union.

9 P. M.—A portion of the Royal Danish Foot Guard has made a descent, for reconnoitering purposes, upon the eastern coast of Holstein. They marched to the village of Puttos, and were received in a friendly manner by the inhabitants.

TUESDAY, March 8—2:15 P. M.

The enemy is advancing in great force upon Fredericia.

An engagement has taken place near Gudsoe.

The Danish Gen. WILLISEN and the Chief of his Staff have been wounded.

TUESDAY, March 8—4:40 P. M.

Official dispatches have been published here, which state:

"Our outposts were attacked this morning at Krybily and Havreballe-gaard, and forced back. The enemy now occupies Erslev and Staunstrup, before Fredericia. Gen. WILLISEN and four other officers have been wounded. The cannonade has ceased."

WEDNESDAY, March 9—5:47 P. M.

The following official announcement has been made:

"Two engagements have taken place, yesterday and the day before—yesterday in Jutland.

Our troops, having been attacked in force, withdrew without offering great resistance.

Our vanguard took up a position behind Brites. A simultaneous attack was made on our Fourth Division, and a severe engagement ensued to the rear of Veile.

The position was untenable, owing to many of our troops having previously been withdrawn. We effected our retreat toward the north. Our loss was inconsiderable."

FLENSBURG, Tuesday, March 8—Evening.

An ordinance of the Austrian and Prussian Civil Commissioners has been promulgated to-day, stating that from the 1st of April next the Danish currency and the notes of the Bank of Copenhagen will no longer be accepted in payments made to the public treasury.

The same ordinance declares that the Schleswig-Holstein currency and silver thalers of all the German States will be a legal tender.

SCONNITZ, Monday, March 7—Evening.

The public meeting held yesterday in this city was very numerously attended. Thousands of people being unable to obtain admittance to the hall, which was quite full, were waiting in the streets.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

"1. This meeting expresses its strongest sympathy for Denmark, whose resistance it considers to be just. It further considers the war as a struggle for the independence and free development of the whole North.

2. This meeting believes that the honor and real interests of Sweden render an energetic policy on the part of that country necessary."

The people are ready to bear the sacrifice which such a policy may necessitate.

In the course of the evening a popular demonstration was made before the house of the Danish Minister, when cheers were given for Denmark.

HAMBURG, Wednesday, March 9.

A Prussian siege train, consisting of 50 mortars and 3,000 projectiles, of a calibre varying from 24lb. to 60lb., passed through here to-day.

BRITISH POLICY TOWARD DENMARK.

The discussion in the Lords on the flagrant outrages committed by Austria and Prussia is noticed, but the *Times* and the *Post* are accused of exciting popular passion and stirring up strife among England and the other Powers of Europe.

The *Times* says the question is not of an easy triumph over the Prussian and Austrian fleets. It means the letting loose of discord over the whole surface of Europe—the stirring up of every revolutionary element—the arming anew of every discontented nationality. We shall do these things when even the people and their representatives consider that they ought to be done, but we will not plunge into such a sea of miseries merely because the House of Lords tells us that we, on whom the weight of the conflict will assuredly fall, ought no longer to be trifled with.

The *Post* attributes the conduct of the German Powers to a belief that England should not be raised from a state of neutrality; nevertheless, if the German Powers should entertain any project of combining their naval forces at Dunzig, or to act independently in any other quarter of the Danish dominions, the *Post* says that positively this time Great Britain could not remain a passive spectator of such an act; and if an Austrian fleet should venture through the Straits of Dover, it will not cross the German ocean entirely alone.

The *Herald* points out that the Peers who declared the inaction of England have always noted with regard to party interests. The Germans must decide whether they will be content with the injury they *have already done Denmark and recognize the London* treaty, or measure themselves with the might of England and all the revolutionary and other hostile forces which war with her would call into action.

Her Majesty, with the royal family of the King of *the Belgians, will come to town to-day to at*tend the baptism of the infant son of the Prince of Wales. The Queen will return to Windsor in the afternoon.

NEWS BY THE GERMANIA.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The steamship *Germania*, on the 9th March from Southampton, also arrived last evening.

The *Sentinel* says: "The Danish cruisers are still in the offing, and are evidently keeping a sharp lookout for prizes. When last seen the two were somewhere above the Bass, and a parting shot was observed to be sent after a fugitive as she stood away to the northward under a heavy press of sail."

A dispatch from Dover of March 8, says: "The United States frigate *Kearsarge* arrived here on the 5th, and left early on the 6th for the Downs."

The *Times* says: "Advices from St. Petersburgh state that in the southern provinces of Russia a large extent of country has been 'tapped,' yielding very fine petroleum. Should the supply prove to be in any degree permanent and of the quality supposed, the discovery is likely to have an important bearing on the trade of Odessa or of Sebastopol, and to hasten the contemplated construction of a railway to the latter place, which is to be declared a free port."

FRANCE.

The *Constitutional* says: "The proclamation of a state of siege in Galicia is a serious and inescapable fact, but the English press draws exaggerated consequences therefrom, in concluding that a political understanding exists between the Cabinets of Vienna and St. Petersburgh. As we are in the habit of commenting on precise information only, we will say no more on the subject now. We confine ourselves to pointing out the contrast between Austria making war in Denmark in the name of the principle of nationalities, and her conduct toward the Poles in Galicia."

The *Memorial Diplomatique* says: "The delay caused by the indisposition of the Archduke MAXIMILIAN will only allow him to remain four or five days at Paris, since, independent of the visit of courtesy which he has to pay to Queen Victoria, cousin of the Princess CHARLOTTE, the latter has to take final leave of her illustrious father, who will remain one month in England."

There was very little demand for cotton at Havre last week, and sales were confined to 1,100 bales. On Saturday the demand was moderate, and prices were falling.

M. HAGUENELIER, a Havre merchant, cultivates cotton in Algeria. The whole of his crop consists of long silk cotton. This cotton finds a ready sale at Havre. In 1860 it sold at 3f. 60c. the kilo, and in 1861 at 10f., and the average price at present is 11f., the kilo.

The Paris wheat market was dull, at 50c. lower on the week.

The Paris flour market was also dull. Baker's flour fell from 1f. to 1f. 75c. the sack.

Accounts from the growing crops are favorable.

The Paris Bourse was unchanged.

Rentes closed on Monday at 66f. 20c

ITALY.

A telegram from Turin of March 6, says: "The Emperor NAPOLEON has sent a reply to an address of the National Italian Society, forwarded to His Majesty on the occasion of the late conspiracy. The Emperor's letter concludes thus: "Such attempts cannot change my sentiments toward your country. I shall always prize the honor of having contributed to its independence."

ADDITIONAL EUROPEAN NEWS.

ARRIVAL OF THE CHINA WITH THREE DAYS' LATER ADVICES.

The Pirate Florida and the United States Corvette St. Louis at Madeira—Further of the Dano-German War—Continental News and Commercial Intelligence.

The Royal Mail steamer *China*, Capt. ANDERSON, which left Liverpool at 11:30 on the morning of the 12th, and Queenstown on the afternoon of the 13th March, arrived here at a late hour last night.

The *Hibernian*, from Portland, arrived off Londonderry at 4 A. M., and the *City of Manchester* off Cape Clear at 11 A. M., on the 11th March. The former reached Liverpool early on the 12th.

The rebel cruiser *Florida* and the United States corvette *St. Louis* were both at Madeira on the 4th of March. It was believed to be the intention of the *St. Louis* to cut out the *Florida* in Funchal Bay, but fears were entertained of the interference of the shore authorities. The *Florida* required coals, with which at first the Governor of Madeira would not allow her to be supplied, but ultimately he gave his sanction to her obtaining sufficient to enable her to get away from the *St. Louis*.

GREAT BRITAIN.

ENGLISH ARTILLERY.

In the House of Commons on the 10th the subject of naval armaments was debated. It was contended that England was behind hand in the matter of guns, owing to the alleged inefficiency of the Armstrong. Lord C. PAGET combatted the statement and asserted his belief that England was better off than France in the matter of guns, and also that in the matter of effective projectiles England was not behind America. He stated that by the courtesy of the American Government the Admiralty had been enabled to send an intelligent officer of the navy of inspect the gun manufactories of the United States, and full information was expected as to what guns the Americans prefer and what progress they have made.

MISCELLANEOUS.

In the House of Lords, on the 11th March, the Earl of Cork gave notice, on behalf of the Marquis of Clanricarde, that on the 15th the Marquis would move for copies of any correspondence that may have taken place between Her Majesty's Government and the Confederate States relative to the removal of British Consuls from those States, and the cessation of their functions.

In the House of Commons, Lord PALMERSTON made some explanations as to the proposed Conference on the Danish question, but there was nothing new in his statement.

Mr. HINDMARSH proposed a resolution in favor of the extension of the English Poor Law system to Ireland, but after a general debate upon the State of Ireland, and the continued emigration therefrom, it was withdrawn.

The appeal in the *Alexandra* was argued before the House of Lords on the 11th. The Attorney-General opened the proceedings on behalf of the Crown.

The christening of the infant son of the Prince and Princess of Wales took place with considerable Court ceremony, at Buckingham Palace, on the 10th March, the anniversary of the wedding day. Queen Victoria was one of the sponsors, and stood the young Prince Albert Victor. CHARLES KEAN.

THE WAR IN DENMARK.

A telegram received at LLOYD'S announces that the Prussian sorts of Sonderbourg, Cummin, Veies, Freiliewaldo and Stralsund would be blockaded on and after Monday, the 15th inst.

Four Austrian frigates had passed Messina, sailing westward on the lookout for Danish vessels.

The vanguard of the Sixth Austrian Corps had entered Horsens, and the Prussians had occupied the eastern defiles of Rapeskra, in order to watch the fortresses of Fredericia.

The Vienna *Presse* says that a truce from Austrian circular had been issued, with the object of transmitting the foreign Powers relative to the adhesion of the Allies into Jutland. The note declared that the consent of Austria to participate in the conference, and to consent to an armistice. Austria states that Jutland would be evacuated by the Austrians and Prussians on condition of the evacuation of Sonderbourg and the Island of Alsen by the Danes, who are also to cease capturing German shipping, and release all shipping they may have already captured.

A Stockholm paper states that Prussia had undertaken to form a corps of 100,000 men to operate against Sweden in the event of the latter State becoming an ally of England and France.

FRANCE.

It is asserted that M. FOULD will remain in the Cabinet—reason to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* writes that nothing could come of the attempt made by the Emperor NAPOLEON to the Archduke MAXIMILIAN since his arrival in Paris. The Archduke was expected to quit Paris on the 12th or 13th March.

La France says it is asserted that Gen. BAZAINE will shortly return to France, as the expedition to Mexico which he has commenced with so much distinction, may now be considered terminated.

The Archduke MAXIMILIAN is said to have refused to ratify the Mexican Bank Concession, or to deal with that question until his arrival in Mexico.

It was asserted that the new Mexican loan would be promulgated forthwith. The amount was expected to be £10,000,000 sterling.

The monthly returns of the Bank of France show an increase in the week on hand of thirteen and a-half millions of francs.

The Bourse, on the 11th, was quiet at 66.45.

BAVARIA.

The King of Bavaria died at Munich on the forenoon of the 10th March, from the attack of erysipelas reported by previous steamers. He is succeeded by his eldest son, aged nineteen, who was formally proclaimed King, under the title of King Lewis the Second, and had taken the constitutional oath before the Council of State.

PRUSSIA.

The Government had contracted a new loan of six millions thalers at 4½ per cent. A ministerial decree directs that no person shall be allowed to visit the district of Jahde without a special passport.

COMMERCIAL.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

The English funds on the 11th were firmer. Consols closed at 91¼@¾.

The discount demand was of an average character at unchanged rates.

The weekly returns of the Bank of England show a decrease in the bullion of £140,533.

BARING BROTHERS & Co. quote Bar Silver 5s. 1¾d.; *Dollars 5s. 4d.; Eagles 79s. 2½d.*

AMERICAN SECURITIES.

BARING BRO. & Co. say there have been some transactions but still on a trifling extent. U. S. Sixes of '81, 64@66; Fives, 60@61; 5-20s, 52½@53½; Massachusetts, 87@88.

MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, March 12—A. M.

COTTON—The Brokers' Circular says: "The continued uncertainty which hangs over the future of continental politics has had a very depressing influence upon the market throughout the whole of the past week, and the extent of business has been consequently very limited. Prices have shown great irregularity. Americans are ½d. W. b. easier. Brazils have been moderately sought at a reduction of about ½d. Egyptians have been freely offered, and to effect sales lower prices have yielded to a decline of fully ¼d. @ ½ d. In Surats the better qualities remain scarce, and prices are only ½d. lower, whilst the commoner grades continue very unsalable even at a reduction of 1d. @ ½ d. China is ½d. @ ¼d. easier, and Scinde and Bengal ¼d. @ 1d. The sales of the week have been 27,100 bales, including 3,100 to speculators, and 3,020 to exporters. Yesterday (Friday) the market was quiet but steady, with of 4,000 bales, including 1,000 for export and speculation. Fair American continues nominal. Middling is quoted as follows: Orleans, 28¾d.; Mobile, 28¼d.; Uplands, 28¼d. The stock is estimated at 398,000 bales, including 26,700 Americans, 42,000 from India, 239,000 bales.

TRADE AT MANCHESTER.

The market continued dull and irregular, and manufacturers had made some reduction in prices.

HERAPATHPER.—Messrs. BIGLAND, ATKIN & Co., RAMBAMSON, SEARCH & Co. and others report: "Flour dull, but quotations unchanged. Wheat rather firmer than on Tuesday, the 6th, and the depression of that day partially recovered. Winter Red, 9s. @9s. 6d. @ 10s. Corn in moderate demand at 33s. 6d. for Mixed. White nominal."

PROVISIONS.—Messrs. GORDON, BROWN & Co. and WARRINGER, NAGS & Co., report: Beef less doing, but steady. Pork firm and a small demand for prime Eastern. Bacon quiet and prices rather favor buyers; New, 35s. @42s. Lard steady at 41s. @43s. 6d. Butter very firm. Tallow opened at an improvement, but closed rather easier; North American, 40s. @42s.

PRODUCE.—The Broker's Circular reports: Ashes—Pots in limited supply and again dearer; sales on 34s. @36s.; Pearls, 32s. @33s. Sugars quiet but firm, and rather dearer. Rice very firm. Bark, sales of Philadelphia at 7s. 6d. Linseed active and dearer. Cloverseed—New American Red sold 70d. Linseed Cakes, £8 17s. 6d., ex quay. Cod Oil sells at £40; Sperm £81 for Winter bagged. Resin in better demand. Common French 22s. 6d. @26s. 6d. Spirits of Turpentine advanced to 56s. for French.

PETROLEUM.—BOULT, EDGTON & BRANDES report: Refined, steady at 1s. 9½d.; Crude, dated £14 10s., lubricating grades £9—with a fair demand.

LONDON MARKETS.

Messrs. BARING BRO. & Co., report:

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....MARCH 23, 1864.

$15,000 U. S. 5s '81..Reg	112	100 Con. Am. Transit.	49
$5,000 U.S.5s,5-20s.Co.	109⅞	100 Harlem R.	130
10,000 do.	109⅞	200 do.	s15 137
20,000 Treas. N. Y 5-10 Oct. & April	112	100 do.	138
20,000 U. S. 6s,1-20	99¼	200 do.	138
2,000 Ill. Cen. Bo. '52	120	100 do.	138
1,000 M. C. 1st, to H. & St. J. R.	90	400 do.	b10 138¼
20,000 O. & M. Cor.	b30	1000 Reading R.	141⅛
10,000 do.	64⅛	1000 do.	b10 143
10,000 do.	64⅛	100 do.	143
10,000 do.	65	100 do.	s30 143
10,000 Chic. & Milw. 1st		100 Mich. Cen. R.	143¾
Certif.	86	100 M. So. & N. I. R.	116
8,000 N. Y. Cen. 7s	120	100 do.	s30 116⅛
5,000 Chic. Burl. & Q.		100 do.	117⅞
6s, 1st m.	124	200 do.	117⅞
1,000 Chic. & N. 1st M.	102	200 M. S. & N. I. R.	116⅞
10,000 Pitt. Ft. W. & Ch.	99⅞	50 do.	146⅞
6,000 Clev. & Tol. S. F.	114	10 do.	146
2,000 P. Ft. W. & C. 2d	109	100 Peninsula R.	78
5,000 Cl. & Pitts. 4th M.	69	400 Chi. & Mil. R.	59
20,000 Mich. S. & N. I. L.G.	76	100 Clev. & Pitts. R.	89
5,000 do.	76¼	100 Ill. Cen. R. Scrip	127⅞
5,000 do.	77¼	200 do.	b10 128
10,000 Ill. Cen. 8s	100	200 do.	128
20,000 Am. Gold	128⅞	200 do.	b10 128¼
20,000 do.	128⅞	100 Chic. & R. I.	124
20,000 do.	128⅞	100 Gal. & Chi. R.	126
20,000 do.	128⅞	400 do.	125¾
20,000 do.	128⅞	400 do.	125¾
20,000 Erie 2d M.	97	100 do.	125
20,000 Cin. Sand. Cor.	97	100 Clev. & Tol. R.	146
20,000 do.	97	200 do.	146⅞
20,000 do.	b10	100 Chic. & R. I.	125
20,000 Cum. Val. Pref.	87	400 Ch. R. & Quin.	145
20,000 do.	87	100 do.	145¾
20,000 do.	87¼	100 do.	145¾
20,000 do.	b10	87¼	200 M. & P. du C. R.	75
20,000 Cin. Coal Co.	115	25 do.	75
20,000 Quick. Mil. Co.	93	100 do.	77¼
20,000 do.	93	100 do.	77¼
20,000 do.	97	200 Tol. & Wab. R.	71¾
20,000 do.	b10	97¼	100 do.	72
20,000 do.	b10	97¼	100 do.	72¼
20,000 do.	b10	97¼	100 do.	72¼
20,000 do.	b30	97¼	100 Tol. & Wab. Pref.	86¼
20,000 Mariposa M. Co.	20	1400 do.	86
20,000 Maryland Cop. Co.	2⅞	100 do.	86¼
20,000 Canadian M. Co.	1	1000 Pitts. Ft. W. & C.	137
20,000 do.	b30	1⅛	1000 do.	s30 137
20,000 Canada Cop. Co.	7⅞	1000 do.	137
20,000 Pitts. Ft. W. & C. 2d	108⅞	200 do.	137
20,000 do.	108⅞	100 do.	137
20,000 do.	108⅞	100 do.	137
20,000 do.	108⅞	100 do.	137
20,000 do.	b30	108⅞	100 do.	137
20,000 do.	b30	108⅞	100 do.	137
20,000 do.	108⅞	100 do.	137
20,000 do.	108⅞	100 do.	137
20,000 do.

AUCTION SALES

CORPORATION SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Public notice is hereby given that, by virtue of the powers vested in the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund of the City of New-York, by an ordinance of the Common Council, passed Feb. 22, 1860, and an act of the Legislature of this State, passed May 12, 1860, the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund will offer for sale at public auction, on SATURDAY, the 9th day of April, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, by William Kennedy, Auctioneer, the following real estate belonging to the City of New-York, viz.:

1. One lot of land on the south side of City Hall-place, in the City of New-York, between Chambers and Reade streets.

2. One lot of land on the west side of Main-street, in the City of Brooklyn, between Water-street and the East River.

Map may be obtained at the Comptroller's Office, Hall of Records, on and after March 26, 1864.

Terms of Sale—Ten per cent. of the purchase money and expenses of auction and sale to be paid at the Comptroller's Office immediately after the sale; thirty per cent. on the 1st day of May next, when the deeds will be ready for delivery; the balance may remain on bond and mortgage for five years from May 1, 1864, with interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable half yearly.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, March 9, 1864.

WEEKLY LEASES AT AUCTION, AT THE CITY HALL.

ON MONDAY, March 28, inst., at 11 o'clock, A.M., will be sold at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, with adequate security, for a term of Ten Years from the first day of May, 1864:

The lease of the Ferry now established from the foot of Montrose-street, East River, New-York, to the foot of Grand-street, Brooklyn, E. D.

The lease of the Ferry now established from the foot of Grand-street, East River, New-York, to the foot of Grand-street, Brooklyn, E. D.

The lease of the Ferry now established from the foot of Peck-slip, East River, New-York, to the foot of Grand-street, Brooklyn, E. D.

The lease of the Ferry now established from the foot of Grand-street, East River, New-York, to the foot of South Fifth-street, Brooklyn, E. D.

The lease of the Ferry now established from the foot of Christopher-street, North River, New-York, to Hoboken, N. J.

The said Several Ferry Leases will be sold, with all the rights, privileges and advantages thereof belonging to the Corporation of the City of New-York.

CONDITIONS.

The conditions and covenants of the leases to be in the usual form of ferry leases heretofore entered into by the Corporation.

The lessee for each of the above-named ferries to be made to conform to the requirements of the City Charter in relation to ferries, and also contain covenants on the part of the lessee or lessees that he or they will conduct and manage the said Ferry or Ferries agreeable to the laws, regulations, ordinances or by-laws as are now or may hereafter, from time to time, be made or passed by the Common Council or State Legislature.

The purchaser of the ferry lease and its appendages, in each case, will be required to pay at the time and place of sale, to the Collector of the City Revenue, a sum equal to twenty per cent. of the amount bid for the annual rent, to apply on the rent of the first quarter, in case he executes a lease with the usual covenants, otherwise to be forfeited to the Corporation. He will be required, also, to furnish an obligation, at the same time, executed by two sureties, to this effect, that he will execute a bond with sureties to be approved by the Comptroller for the punctual payment of the rent quarter yearly, and for the faithful execution of the covenants of the lease. The fees of the auctioneer, and the expense of the lease, bonds and revenue stamps, to be paid by the purchaser, and no expense whatever is to be incurred by the Corporation for or in connection with the pier, slip or bulkhead, or premises proposed to be leased, during the term of the lease.

The lessee of each of the above-named ferries to have a ferry-boat to have attached to its engine a fire apparatus or force-pump, with not less than 40 feet of hose of the quality and dimensions as that used by the Fire Department of the City of New-York, and to be used for the extinguishment of fires whenever required by the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department of the City of New-York, for which service the lessee shall receive twenty dollars per hour for each hour engaged, and no time to be counted less than one hour.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF 120 VALUABLE LOTS ON BROADWAY, 10TH-AV., 36TH, 37TH AND 38TH STS., belonging to the estate of James G. King, deceased.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell, at auction, on THURSDAY, March 24, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building, by order of the undersigned, the following described lots:

BROADWAY—25 lots comprising the entire block bounded by 36th and 37th sts., Broadway and 10th-av., with the exception of a small gore on the northwest corner of 10th-av. and 36th-st.

BROADWAY—34 lots, comprising the entire block bounded by 37th and 38th sts., Broadway and 10th-av.

10TH-AV.—16 lots on east side of 10th-av., comprising the entire front between 36th and 38th sts., with the exception of a small gore on the northeast corner of 36th-st. and 10th-av.

10TH-AV.—7 lots on north side of 36th-st., 100 ft. east of 10th-av.

37TH-ST.—9 lots on south side of 37th-st., 100 ft. east of 10th-av.

38TH-ST.—26 lots on south side of 38th-st., 100 ft. east of 10th-av.

TERMS—10 per cent. of the purchase money may, at the option of the purchaser, remain on bond and mortgage of the premises for 5 years, at 6 per cent.

JAMES G. KING, } Executors of Jas. G. King, deceased.
A. GRACIE KING, }

Maps at the office of the auctioneers, No. 415 Pine-st., New-York.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer, Office No. 2 Pine-st.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF VALUABLE property on Warren-st. and College-place, and on Carmine and Bedford sts., by order of the Supreme Court. JAMES M. MILLER will sell at public auction, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, on the 30th day of March inst., at 12 o'clock, noon, by order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of Samuel Jones, Esq., Referee:

1. The valuable property known as No. 66, 68 and 68 Warren-st. and No. 23 College-place, the whole forming a plot of ground on the northwesterly corner of College-place and Warren-st. 42 feet 9 inches more or less in front on Warren-st. and in the rear; and 76 feet 4 inches more or less deep on the east side, and on the easterly side, on which are erected three four-story brick houses, No. 23 College-place, known as the Franklin Hotel, the four-story brick store, No. 66 Warren-st., and the two three-story brick front stores Nos. 68 and 68½ Warren-st., to be sold in one parcel.

2. The premises Nos. 32, 34 and 36 Carmine-st., situate on the northwesterly corner of Carmine and Bedford sts., containing 50 feet more or less in front on Carmine-st. and in the rear, and 49 feet more or less on Bedford-st. and in the easterly side, on which are erected three three-story brick stores to be sold in one parcel.

For further particulars and maps apply to the auctioneer, at his office, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO CHARLES PRATT AND OTHERS.—NOTICE.—I will sell at auction on THURSDAY, March 24, at 10 A. M., to cover storage and charges, a lot of [illegible] packing cases, foot of New-York-st.

SAMUEL LEGGETT, Superintendent.

D. P. SAYRE, Auctioneer.

BY SAYRE & SNEDEN.—WILL SELL AT Auction on THURSDAY, March 24, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, several parcels of desirable lots situate on 145th, 146th and 150th sts., all between the 8th and 9th avs. Maps and terms at the office of the auctioneer, No. 121 Nassau-st.

AUCTION SALES.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, AUCTIONEER.
REGULAR SALE OF STOCKS & BONDS.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY
WILL SELL THIS DAY
(THURSDAY, MARCH 24,
AT 12½ O'CLOCK AT THE
STOCK SALESROOM No. 52 WILLIAM-ST.

For account of whom it may concern:

Shares.		Shares.	
100	Brooklyn Gen. R.	$ 50	100 Firemen's Ins Co.	$ 10
19	Col. Marine Ins.	100	10 Indemnity Fire Ins.	100
18	East River Bank.	25	20 Big Commonwealth.	100
19	Bank of Commerce.	100	20 Beekman Ins. Co.	25
20	N. World Fire Ins.	50	50 U. S. Telegraph Co.	300
10	N. Y. Fire & M. Ins.	100	50 Fulton Fire Ins.	25
30	City Fire Ins. Co.	10	40 Earle Fire Ins.	40
40	Relief Fire Ins. Co.	60	70 Sixth-av. Railroad.	100
40	Atlantic Fire Ins.	50	20 Security Fire Ins.	50
60	International Fire Ins.	100	24 Commonwealth Ins.	100

$8,000 6 per cent. Michigan State Bonds.
$1,000 6 per cent. Sacramento City bonds, interest paid in gold.
$1,000 8 per cent. City of Keokuk Bonds.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
AUCTIONEER AND STOCK BROKER.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF STOCKS, BONDS, &c., by order of Enoch Perkins, Administrator, &c., of Luke Sawyer, deceased. ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell, at auction, on SATURDAY, March 26, at 12½ o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

Shares.		Shares.	
22	Mechanics' Bank.	6	Bank of North America.
10	Phenix Bank.	16	Atlantic Bank, Brooklyn.
20	Am. Exchange Bank.	10	First Bank.
22	Bowery Fire Ins. Co.	20	Howard Insurance Co.
1	East River Fire Ins. Co.	21	N. Y., Boston and Prov. R.
40	N. J. E. Transport'n Co.	20	Norwich & Worcester R.

$200 New-York and Harlem R. 7s Mortgage Bond.
$1,000 New-York and Harlem R. Co. Interest Bond.
$1,000 Jeffersonville Railroad Co. 7 ₩ cent. Bond.
$100 Jeffersonville Railroad Co. 7 ₩ cent. Bond.
$1,000 State of Indiana. Newcastle and Richmond Railroad Co. Bond.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE FRANKFORT-STREET PROPERTY, ADJOINING TAMMANY HALL.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell, at auction, on THURSDAY, MARCH 24, 1864, at twelve o'clock, AT THE EXCHANGE SALESROOM, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York,

ON FRANKFORT-ST., adjoining Tammany Hall—The property known as No. 7 Frankfort-st., adjoining and communicating with Tammany Hall, on Nassau-st., occupied and used in connection with and forming part of what is known as Tammany Hotel. The lot is 26 feet 6 inches wide on Frankfort-st., and 52 feet wide in the rear, and 103 feet in length, more or less. House built with brick, slate roof and stone coping, five stories high, and 50 feet in depth at the rear of Tammany Hall; it contains 46 rooms, exclusive of the large room which connects with the large room in Tammany hall, and therefore used together for public meetings and other purposes. If the purchaser should not wish it to be connected with Tammany Hall, he can separate it by bricking up the door openings.

For terms, apply to the Auctioneers, No. 77 Cedar-st., or to J. W. HOWARD, No. 113 West 42d-st., or to H. PEARSALL, Tammany Hall.

H. R. WARNER & CO., Auctioneers.

$15,000 WORTH OF MAGNIFICENT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, AND RARE AND VALUABLE WORKS OF ART, the contents of a five-story residence, at No. 152 21st-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, the whole to be peremptorily sold, elegant rosewood piano-forte, two magnificent rosewood suites, cost $800; Kidderpatten stagers, with every description of elegant parlor furniture, marble top and bronze groups, rich Vienna and ornaments, collection of valuable paintings, elegant carpets, with superb rosewood chamber furniture, dining-room china, cut glass, silver cutlery, &c. No postponement. Catalogues at house.

WILLIAM M. WEEKS, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF COUNTRY HOUSE AND FURNITURE AT AUCTION.

WILLIAM M. WEEKS will sell on THURSDAY, April 7, at 12 o'clock, on the premises, "Birch Hill," residence of late Sarah R. Embree, two miles from Glen Cove, near Matinecock Meeting House. About 2½ acres of good land, two dwelling houses, one new 34x36 feet, with wing 16x32; the other, gardener's house, five rooms; large cistern house and yard, shaded by fruit and ornamental trees, vines, small fruits, asparagus, &c. Situation healthy, views very fine, both water and inland; good school, churches, &c. Also entire furniture, pianos, velvet and Brussels carpets, brocatel curtains, &c. Apply on premises, or to E. C. EMBREE, Executor, 37 Wall-st.

D. M. SEAMAN, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF BANK STOCKS AT AUCTION.

ON FRIDAY, March 25, 1864, at 12½ P. M., at Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of JOHN E. SEAMAN, Executor of Martin F. Sealy, deceased, viz.:

50 shares Merchants' Exchange Bank, $50 each.
50 shares Merchants' Bank, $50 each.
35 shares Bank State of New-York, $100 each.
Also, 40 shares Stuyvesant Fire Insurance Company, $25 each.

Real estate and stock auction sales attended to on the most favorable terms. Office No. 14 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF VALUABLE LOTS ON 6TH-AV., 42D AND 44TH-ST.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. WILL SELL AT Auction, on THURSDAY, March 24, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway (Trinity Building, N. Y.), by order of Patrick Murphy and Joseph S. Kearney, Executors of Francis Murphy, deceased:

6TH-AV.—1 lot on the west side of 6th-av., adjoining the northwest corner of 42d-st.; 25.1 by 100 feet.

44TH-ST.—3 lots on the south side of 44th-st., 175 feet west of 6th-av.; 25 by 100 feet.

The above lots are in desirable locations for immediate improvement or investment.

Terms at sale.

Maps, &c., may be had at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 2 Pine-st.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO., Auctioneers.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. WILL SELL AT Auction, on THURSDAY, March 24, 1864, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building, New-York:

MACDOUGAL-ST.—The extra-sized three-story and attic brick house and lot on the southwest corner of Macdougal and 4th sts., opposite Washington-square; house 34 feet by 48, with piazza extension of 7 feet. Lot 34 by 56 feet. Terms at sale.

SAMUEL F. APPLETON, Executor Estate of Hannah Appleton, deceased.

Maps, &c., at the office of the auctioneers, No. 2 Pine-st., New-York.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE VILLAGE PROPERTY FOR sale in the village of Sing Sing, containing about 12 acres; a stream of water through the place, with every advantage for a good water power; also an easily-worked valuable quarry; abundance of good fruit; on the premises is a dwelling-house containing nine rooms; if not sold before the 20th of April it will then be offered at public auction on the premises, between 10 and 12 M. For particulars inquire of STEPHEN YALE on the premises, EDGAR FIRMAN, Niagara Insurance Company, No. 67 Wall-st., or ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., No. 2 Pine-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL this morning, FRIDAY, March 25, at 10½ o'clock, at our store No. 23 Nassau-st., household furniture, consisting of Brussels and ingrain carpets, carved rosewood suites, arm chairs in green reps, lounges in green reps, hair mattresses, pillows, bolsters and pillows, oak extension dining tables, mahogany centre tables, rosewood extension dining tables, mahogany rocking and dining chairs, hair-cloth, oil-cloth, cocoa matting, &c. Also kitchen furniture, &c.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSE AND LOT, No. 504 Broome-st. ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell, on FRIDAY, March 25, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the three-story brick house and lot, situate on the north side of Broome-st., near Hudson-st., and known as No. 504. The house has gas and water introduced. Lot, 22 by 66 feet 4 inches.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer.

A CHANCE TO SECURE A HOME.—WILL be sold at public auction on SATURDAY, the 26th of March, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by JAMES M. MILLER, one of the four houses on the south side of 86th st., between 2d and Lexington ave., (second to Lexington-av.), three story and basement, brown stone front; all the modern improvements; all assessments paid.

A. J. BOURSAU, Auctioneer, Office No. 2 Pine-st.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF VALUABLE Plots in Brooklyn, at public auction, on THURSDAY, March 24, at 12 o'clock M., at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway.

Two lots, fronting on Portland-av., 100 feet 6 inches from Atlantic-av., Block 1, and 204.106.

These lots are fairly located. Maps and further particulars at the office of the Auctioneer, No. 2 Pine-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

CENTRAL PARK LOT AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell on FRIDAY, March 25, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

3RD-AV.—1 lot on south side of 86th-st., 275 feet east of 4th-av., being 25 feet in width by 100 feet 8 inches in depth.

GEORGE G. HAYDOCK, Auctioneer.

EARTHENWARE, CHINA AND GLASSWARE.—BY GEORGE HAYDOCK, NO. 111 LIBERTY-ST., THURSDAY, March 24, white and band French china, Parian ware, vases, Bohemian glass, all ver-plated ware, and 13 crates yellow ware. FRIDAY, March 25, varieties white granite and yellow ware; 1000 pieces common flint glass, 700 pieces American glass, 100 pieces chamber, lamps, &c., 100 pieces sperm lamps.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

LOT ON 42D-ST.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on FRIDAY, March 25, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the three valuable lots, situate on the northerly side of 42d-st., 200 feet west of 10th-av., being each 25 by 100 feet 8 inches.

REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—LEONARD-STREET, NEAR BROADWAY, a first-class, five-story marble store, 22x100 feet, built in the most costly manner. Leased for a term of years for $2,500. Price, $20,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A CONVENIENT DWELLING-house in Brooklyn, on Pacific-st., near Classon, 18x44 feet west of New-York-av.; Bedford. House is double framed with parlor, sitting-room, two rooms, cellar, sink and kitchen on the first floor; has eight feet attachment running through to Atlantic-av., with carriage-way on Atlantic-av.; garden and grounds under good cultivation, with plenty of shrubbery, grapes and fruit. Water and gas in the street, and city cars within convenient distance. Neighborhood unsurpassed in Brooklyn. Apply on the premises, or to CHARLES L. BENEDICT, No. 78 Wall-st., New-York.

CHEAP AND PRODUCTIVE NORTH RIVER PROPERTY, consisting of 12 acres valuable land, with a fine stream of water and large pond; also, a beautiful building site, handsomely overlooking the river, making it a fine property for improvement; has 4 dwelling-houses, barn, and large warehouse for ice, which at present yields an income of 20 per cent on the investment. Price $7,500. Location on the Highland turnpike, one hour from New-York; nearly half a mile from the H. R. R. R. Station. C. G. PRATT, No. 38 Pine-st.

BUILDING SITES AT MONTCLAIR, N. J., FOR SALE—About 15 acres of land near the mountain at Montclair, N. J. The land is sufficiently elevated to give a wide and charming view, without the inconvenience of climbing the mountain side, and is capable of division into three or four of the most desirable building lots in the neighborhood. Terms easy. Inquire of ABIATHUR HARRISON or JOSEPH H. BALDWIN, near the premises at Montclair, or of the Newark Banking Company, Newark, N. J.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.—FOR SALE, ONE lot or more of 8 substantial, well-paying brick houses in Greene-st., between Spring and Prince sts., covering a space of 150 feet front, the lots being 100 feet in depth. For a manufactory, no more desirable property can be had. The house will pay a fair interest on the investment and leave a large space for improvement. For particulars, inquire of R. F. HARRIOTT, No. 14 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE SUBSTANTIAL THREE-STORY, basement and under-cellar, high-stoop, brown-stone front house, on Pacific-st., near Clinton, between 2d and 4th avs. The house is in perfect order, has all the modern improvements, and very conveniently arranged. Possession can be had by the 1st of April. For terms of possession, terms, &c., apply to JAMES CARR, No. 4 Stanton-st.

FOR SALE AND EXCHANGE—OVER A million and a half real estate of all descriptions, in the cities and country, at all prices; also, money to loan and notes for houses to let or lease, by PETER A. BERTHOLLON, Real Estate, House Agent and Auctioneer, No. 222 Grand-st., Brooklyn, E. D., late Williamsburgh. N. B.—Rents and other accounts collected at 5 per cent.

FOR SALE.—FIRST-CLASS BROWN-STONE high basement dwelling, No. 49 West 49th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; adjoining park play ground, unobstructed views, no nuisances, highest ground, in complete order. Modern improvements. To be seen day or evening. Immediate possession. Also, farm at Rockaway, N. J. Both sold at a sacrifice. Apply to owner, No. 31 Water-st.

FOR SALE IN HOBOKEN.—THE ELEGANT three-story and basement brown-stone house No. 66 Hudson-st., west side, commanding fine view of New-York City and harbor; house has all the modern improvements and is in perfect order; 50 per cent. can remain on mortgage if desired. Apply on the premises, between 2 and 5 P. M., or of J. CASTERE, Esq., President Irving Bank, New-York.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, ON CARLTON-av., between Lafayette and De Kalb avs., a most desirable high-stooped brown-stone front house, with all modern improvements, near Dr. Cox's church, Washington and De Kalb avs. cars run convenient. Price, $9,500, part on bond and mortgage. Apply, on the premises, to THOMAS FAGAN.

A BARGAIN.—FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN, (late Williamsburgh,) with or without furniture, the new three-story brick house No. 216 Rose-st; has high stoop and all modern improvements; ten minutes' walk from ferry, and very desirable for a small family. Price, without furniture, $4,500, on easy terms. Apply at No. 98 Broad-st., or on the premises.

FLOURING MILL FOR SALE, MISERABLY CHEAP.—It is as well located as can be on the eastern side of the Hudson River, Rensselaer, New-York; has a good water power, and might easily be adapted to a variety of uses. Price $3,000; worth nearer $6,000. C. G. PRATT, No. 38 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—FOUR-STORY HIGH STOOP brown-stone front house and lot on 57th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., and near 5th-av. Will be sold with or without furniture. If sold with furniture, immediate possession will be given. For permits and particulars apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 56 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY, HIGH STOOP house, No. 222 East 52d-st., between 2d and 3d avs., 2 x 48; lot 110 feet deep; price $9,000. Also, two three-story high-stoop houses, on East 56th-st., near 2d-av., 18.6x48; lot, 25 x 100 feet; price $7,000 each. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

ELEGANT TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, No. 11 Lee-av., Brooklyn, in first-class neighborhood, seven minutes' walk from the ferry, 8 rooms, gas, range, hot and cold water, bath, stationary tubs, water closet and heater, for sale for $4,600. S. COCKCROFT, No. 82 South 7th-st., or No. 166 Broadway, or on the premises.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE, in good order, No. 313 Degraw-st., with water, range, chandeliers, &c.; lot 100 feet; house 45 feet or more; width 16 feet 8 inches; house between Hoyt and Bond leading to Fulton Ferry. Apply to HENRY STEVENSON, No. 218 Court-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—THE DESIRABLE CORNER PROPERTY, consisting of 3 houses and lots, situate Nos. 113 and 115 GRAND and No. 156 FOURTH-ST., BROOKLYN, E. D. Lots 50 ft. on Grand-st. by 80 ft. on Fourth-st. Apply to G. W. KELSEY, No. 44 South 7th-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—VERY CHEAP, if terms easy, two three-story brick stores and dwellings south side of Fulton-av., between Washington and Clinton avs.; the best location for an advance. C. H. OLIVER, No. 7 Beekman-st.

$12,000.—FOR SALE—THE HOUSE 20x50, and lot 20x100, on West 45th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Apply to C. H. BIDSWAY, No. 8 Beekman-st.

DESIRABLE LOTS FOR SALE—ON 41ST.-st., between Madison and 4th avs., extra depth; no restrictions. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

VACANT LOTS FOR SALE ON PARK-AV.—Two lots, each 25x100 feet, between 36th and 37th sts. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

ALL PERSONS HAVING HOUSES, parts of houses, rooms to rent, furnished or unfurnished, can find first-class tenants by sending full particulars to the Boarding Agency, at the office of the Metropolitan Intelligence Institute, No. 61 Bleecker-st. EDGAR & LAWRENCE.

WANTED—PART OF A HOUSE, BY A RESpectable family of adults, on the west side of the City, below 34th-st. Must be in a respectable neighborhood, and contain bath, gas, &c. Rent not to exceed $300. Any person wishing to let part of a house suitable, may address TENANT, Station A, Spring-st.

WANTED TO RENT.—A GENTLEMAN wishes to hire a furnished house, of moderate size, at New-Brighton or vicinity, for four or five months, from 1st of June. Address H. B. C., Box No. 1,231 New-York Post-office.

FLOOR WANTED.—A SMALL, QUIET, GERman family wishes to hire from May, a 2d or 3d floor, of 3 to 5 rooms, between Houston and 34th-st., and 3d and 9th avs., New-York, or Hoboken, in a decent neighborhood; must not exceeding $25 per month. Address F. R., Box No. 137 General Post-office, New-York.

WANTED—FOR A SMALL FAMILY, A WELL furnished house at New Brighton, Staten Island, within walking distance from the ferry, either for the Summer or by the year. Address Box No. 4,722 Post-office, stating location and price.

HOUSE WANTED—BY A FAMILY OF FOUR, in either in this City or Brooklyn; if in this City, between 2d and 4th avs., and not higher than 30th-st. Rent not to exceed $400. Address SILAS, Box No. 120 Times Office.

WANTED—A SMALL THREE-STORY BRICK house, in good order, in a pleasant part of the City. Rent to be from $700 to $900. Address, giving location, &c., W. H., Box No. 186 Times Office.

COUNTRY PLACE WANTED—FOR THE Summer—a furnished house of 10 or 12 rooms. It must be well shaded, and immediately on the water. Address S. W. R., Box No. 76 William-st., stating terms.

OFFICE OR DESK-ROOM WANTED—Eligibly located between Barclay and Leonard-sts., and Broadway and College-place. Address, stating terms COMMISSION, Box No. 188 Times Office.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FOR THREE months by three gentlemen, their wives and one child; three rooms wanted in a healthy location, within one hour's ride from the City, by railroad; farm-house preferred. Address E. L. Y., Box No. 186 Times Office, stating location, references, terms, &c.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—WITHIN 30 miles of New-York, on the line of the Hudson River, Harlem, New-Haven or Long Island Railroads, for a lady, nurse and child; terms must be moderate; part of the furniture will be furnished. Address, with references, J. E., Box No. 166 Times office.

LODGINGS WANTED—(WITH OR WITHOUT board,) by an elderly gentleman in a private family, between 4th and 6th-avs., and 13th and 23d-sts., with use of front parlor on ground floor every Sunday; references given and required. Address M. D., Box No. 156 Times Office.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—IN NEW-Jersey, from 1st April, for a gentleman, wife and child six years old. Distance not over one hour and a quarter, by railroad from New-York City. Address A., Box No. 1,008 New-York Post-office, stating terms, &c.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED BY FEBRUARY 1.—For a gentleman and wife, two children and nurse. Address, with particulars, Box No. 4,060 Post-office, New-York.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE GENTLEMAN, handsomely furnished apartments between Broadway and Madison-ave. and above 32d-st., or below Washington-square. Address Box No. 4,060 Post-office.

TO LET—ROOMS (WITHOUT BOARD) AFTER May 1, 1864, at 36 West 17th-st.

CRUNS, BUNIONS, BAD NAILS, TENDER feet, instant relief without pain, by Dr. J. BRIGGS, Surgeon Chiropodist, No. 213 Broadway. BRIGGS' Alleviator and Curative sold by druggists and sent by mail. 50 cents and $1.

REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—SPLENDID STORE PROPERTY, No. 378 and 380 Broadway, between Franklin and White-sts.; each 25x150, running through to Franklin-alley, built in the best manner, five-story, white marble. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—HOUSE, OF BROWN-STONE, three-story and four-story, 22x60, (lot half the block) on 34th-st., between 4th-av. and Irving-place. This house was a long time in building by a gentleman, and the utmost care was taken in its construction; the doors of the rooms are made of rosewood; the panelling and decorations are of the most costly kind; steam-heating apparatus, of a superior order, is introduced throughout the house. It is offered for sale, as the owner is about to leave the City. For permits apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TWO CAPITALISTS.—THE VALUABLE PLOT of ground and church on the northeast corner of Grand and Crosby sts., one hundred feet on Grand-st., and one hundred and twenty-five feet on Crosby-st., being only two hundred feet from Broadway, and on a wide business street. It is especially recommended to parties seeking investment. For price and particulars apply to JOSEPH STUART, No. 33 Nassau-st.; DAVID McKISSOCK, No. 363 Broadway; R. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THREE-STORY BASEMENT AND sub-cellar brown-stone front house and lot on 46th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., built in the best manner; street paved with Belgian pavement; immediate possession can be had if required. For particulars apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 56 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—A FURNISHED house, with immediate possession, the owner leaving the City, in 34th-st., near sixth-av.; the block all built up, with good buildings; a good investment; will rent for 12½ per cent. Apply to JOHN C. HIGGINS, No. 600 6th-av., New-York.

THIRTY-FOURTH-STREET.—FOR SALE—The first-class four-story brown-stone front house No. 115 East 34th-st., near Lexington-av. The house was built by the present occupant for his own use. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE—AT A LOW PRICE—THOSE TWO genteel three-story and basement, high-stoop houses, Nos. 96 and 98 Lexington-av. All improvements, and in good order. Terms easy. May be seen from 10 to 12 o'clock. Apply to JAMES, DENNIS & SON, No. 415 4th-av.

FOR SALE, TO LET OR TO LEASE—WITH steam power, the brick store, No. 3 Monroe-st., between Clinton and Montgomery sts., four stories high; 68x20. Apply to JOHN T. WILSON, corner of Fulton and Pearl sts.

FOR SALE—THE SPLENDID FOUR-STORY, extra wide, brown-stone house, No. 29 West 16th-st., 62 feet deep to the fourth story; windows in the middle room; 10 feet; story; most substantially built. Terms very reasonable. Inquire on the premises.

YONKERS.—FOR SALE IN GLENWOOD, VILlage of Yonkers, a fine building lot of about half an acre, situated on Ravine-av., above Point-st., and known as lot No. 16 on village map. Inquire of A. BOYNTON, No. 103 Duane-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FOR A SMALL house in New-York, or short recent ride from the City, near the depot; house new, fine garden, place healthy. VAN WINKLE & WINANS, No. 14 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A PLEASANT place on the Hudson, above Manhattanville; a gentleman's place for both Summer and Winter. VAN WINKLE & WINANS, No. 14 Pine-st.

$100,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND Mortgage, in sums to suit; also, real estate bought and sold. W. H. MITCHELL, No. 77 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS BROWN-STONE house on 26th-st., near Madison-square, in complete order. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS HOUSE ON 5TH-AV.—A first-class brown-stone house on 5th-av., near 21st-st. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL NEW STONE FRONT houses, built by the day, in a first-class neighborhood. They have all the latest improvements in them. Apply at No. 187 East 50th-st., of the owner.

MURRAY HILL LOTS.—TWELVE LOTS ON 40th-av., 39th and 40th sts., lying together. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.—THE LEASE AND FURNITURE of a first-class medium-size hotel for sale. Address Box No. 3,442 Post-office.

TO LET.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES TO LET—HALstead Cottage, Lake George, N. Y., 3 miles from Saratoga and ten from Lake George. The residence of Col. Butler, now in the army. Furnished throughout, fine rooms, beautiful scenery, situated on the borders of the romantic lake of Luzerne; including grounds, say five acres, best and best-house, ice-house (filled,) fruit, flowers, etc. The house contains six bedrooms, parlor, saloon, dining room, piazzas, two kitchens, dumb-waiter; price for the season of six or seven months $350. Hose Cottage, being the adjoining dwelling, furnished throughout, contains parlor, dining-room, fine pantry, four bedrooms, kitchen, piazzas, fine shrubs and beds; summer-house, suitable for a small family; price for the season $175. Refer to WM. F. MOTT, Esq., No. 63 Irving-place, WM. K. MEAD, No. 47 Water-st., Hon. JOHN VAN BUREN, or to MRS. B. C. BUTLER, No. 63 Columbia-st., Albany.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT IN YONKERS—One of the most eligible situations upon Palisade-avenue, commanding a fine view of Hudson for some 30 miles; with a laundry-furnace, range and all the modern improvements; about half an acre of ground, stocked with small fruit, for the Summer. Apply to A. M. HATCH, upon the premises, or to CHARNLEY & HATCH, Bankers, No. 34 Wall-st., or to THOS. W. BIRDSALL, Vice-President of Security Fire Ins. Co.

TO LEASE ON LONG LEASES BY COLUMBIA COLLEGE.—Lots on the Fifth-av., between 47th and 46th sts., and between 50th and 51st sts. and on 47th, 48th, 49th and 51st sts., between the 4th and 6th avs. Application may be made to C. S. OGDEN, Treasurer of the College, at No. 71 Wall-st., or to JAS. N. WELLS, at No. 167 5th-av. References will be required.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.—THE three-story house No. 44 Great Jones-st., is offered to let, furnished, for the term of six months from the 1st of May, to a private family only. Apply for terms and permission to see the house to WM. S. LIVINGSTON, No. 3 Broadway.

TO LET.—A MODERN BUILT BROWN-STONE front house in 20th-st., near 8th-av.—In complete order. Also, a store on Broadway, near 32d-st.; an excellent stand for a good merchant tailor or hatter; rent to good man. Apply to A. P. STURTEVANT & CO., No. 13 East 27th-st.

AT NEW-BRIGHTON, STATEN ISLAND—furnished and unfurnished, in Hamilton Park, near the ferry, several first-class residences, with modern conveniences, adapted for merchant doing business in City; also, large mansion, with billiard table. Apply to F. BOND, No. 132 Broadway.

TO LET.—THE THREE-STORY AND BASEment brick building No. 146 Perry-st., suitable for manufacturing purposes; size, 25 feet 60 feet. Apply to GEO. W. TRUESDALE or ROBT. FENTON, Eagle Mills, corner Hammond and Bleecker sts.

TO LET.—HOUSE NO. 48 PRINCE-ST., SUITable for a first-class boarding-house or restaurant. Will be cleaned for business purposes if required. Apply to A. DOUGLAS, No. 38 Maiden-lane, or to E. D. LAWRENCE, No. 55 West 33d-st.

TO LET.—THREE-STORY AND HIGH BASEment dwelling, No. 412 West 44th-st., near 9th-av., in perfect order. Gas and water throughout; bath-room. Rent $750. Apply to S. L. MILES, City Bank, No. 52 Wall-st.

STEAM POWER NEAR BROAD

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, MARCH 24, 1864.

AMUSEMENTS this Evening.

WINTER GARDEN—THE TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—LEAP YEAR; OR, THE LADIES' PRIVILEGE.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—THE ENCHANTRESS.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—GREAT ARABIAN GIANT, FEMALE GIANT, GIANT GIRL, GIANT BOY, TWO DWARFS, MOVING WAX FIGURES, &c., as all hours—ANDORA; OR, THE SPIRIT OF BEAUTY; HARRISON, COBB'S SPORTS AND TYROLEAN WHISTLER, AFS AND 7½ P. M.

CIRCUS—BROADWAY AMPHITHEATRE—(No. 624 Broadway)—EQUESTRIAN PERFORMANCES.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE—(Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway)—MORAL EXHIBITION AND EGYPTIAN CARAVAN.

THE HIPPOTHEATRON—HIPPOMANDRONIC PERFORMANCES.

HOPE CHAPEL—THE SHERGOLDTONS.

ART GALLERY—(No. 596 Broadway)—THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

MADISON-AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH—SACRED CONCERT.

NIBLO'S SALOON—PHOTOGRAPHIANA.

WALLACE'S—PURE GOLD.

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H. J. RAYMOND & CO., Publishers.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

The United States transport *Arago*, HENRY A. GARDNER, commanding, from Port Royal, S. C., at 6 P. M. Saturday, March 19, arrived yesterday morning. Affairs before Charleston and at other points in the department were quiet. The rebels had successfully launched another iron-clad in Charleston Harbor, called the *Ashley*. A successful reconnoissance to Bull's Bay, S. C., had been made. On the night of the 11th the rebels attempted to surprise our pickets, but were repulsed. The rebel blockade-runner *Sophia* had been captured by the *Huron*.

The Louisville *Journal*, of the 18th, in speaking of the expected rebel raid into Kentucky, says that not a few Kentucky rebels in the South, have written, within a short time, to their rebel relations, friends, and sympathizers at home, to sell or in some way make secure their horses, mules, cattle, sheep, hogs, grain and other kinds of movable property, because there would in a short time be a more formidable and destructive rebel invasion of this State than there has ever yet been. They say that *Morgan and others will come in, probably* from different directions, with an aggregate force of sixteen or seventeen thousand men, prepared, if not to occupy Kentucky permanently, at least to ransack her throughout her whole extent, sweeping away everything of value, and leaving her stripped and desolate. The *Journal* considers that the main purpose of BRECKINRIDGE's movement into Western Virginia is an invasion of Kentucky, and that there is no doubt that a powerful force under BUCKNER or PRESTON, or both, strengthened by JOHN MORGAN's, FORREST's and CHAMP FERGUSON's Cavalry, will cooperate with him in the invasion.

The Pulaski *Volunteer* states that on the 8th inst. Gen. DODGE left Athens with a small force consisting of a portion of FULLER's Brigade and the Engineer Corps, for the Tennessee River, which he reached and crossed the same night. He surprised the enemy at Decatur, and captured it with but little resistance from the terrified rebels. The main part of the force crossed above town, and arrived at the outskirts just in time to see the flying rebels make their exit on the opposite side. The force in Decatur was estimated at from four to six hundred, about equal to the number that so skillfully drove them out and captured their city. Our forces still hold the place, and it is said will make a post there.

The Palmetto *Herald* (Hilton Head, S. C.,) of the 17th, says eight deserters arrived at Folly Island on Saturday, 12th inst., and reported that Admiral FARRAGUT had captured Fort Powell, below Mobile, with a garrison of over one thousand men. This is not confirmed from any other source.

The Chicago *Journal* says "that quite a number of our Western troops are to be immediately transferred to the Eastern theatre of war. The Northwestern soldiers will, it is likely, help to take Richmond."

The Raleigh (N. C.) *Progress*, of the 8th, says that Gen. BEAUREGARD has been transferred from the command at Charleston to the Army of the Southwest, and that Gen. D. H. HILL succeeds to the command at Charleston.

FROM EUROPE.

The steamships *Olympus*, *City of Washington* and *Germania* all arrived at this port yesterday, bringing four day's later advices from Europe, the dates being to the 10th instant. The news is more than ordinarily interesting. A severe fight had taken place between the Austrians and Danes, near Fedle, in which the losses on both sides were heavy, and the Danes were driven from their position. The Allies have invaded Jutland, and at last advices were advancing in great force toward Frederick. The consideration of the Danish question had occupied a large part of the time in the British Parliament, and in the debate on the 8th instant, in the House of Lords, Earl RUSSELL characterized the conduct of Austria and Prussia in inaugurating the war as "most unjustifiable." Earl RUSSELL further said, that propositions for a conference were still passing between the belligerents, but *Denmark had not replied to the overtures*. The debate was considered as being the most hostile demonstration which Parliament has yet made. Elections to the Folksting were held in Denmark on the 5th, and the candidates demanded the energetic prosecution of the war, deciding the abrogation of the November Constitution to be now impossible. The Danes seem to possess an indomitable spirit, which is determined upon preserving the integrity of the monarchy, and the sympathies of the liberal nations are gravitating toward them. The British press are greatly exercised over a rumored alliance between Russia, Prussia and Austria, ostensibly on the ground of opposing revolution, but really against constitutional liberty, and opinions were expressed that England would certainly drift into war, it being impossible to remain neutral while Europe is convulsed by a struggle against despotism. The rumored alliance had affected the money market. The Archduke MAXIMILIAN still remained at Paris and was engaged in preparing for his regal state in Mexico. It appears that the imperial decree of Russia announcing the emancipation of the peasantry and the entire severance of the ties which bind them to the nobility, was publicly proclaimed on the 6th. The latest market reports advise a steadiness in the breadstuffs, provision and produce markets. Consols for money closed at 91@91¼. The steamship *China* also arrived at midnight with three days later news. On the 26th of February the pirate steamer *Florida* arrived at Mad-ira from Brest, and was allowed to receive twenty tons of coal, besides water and provisions. She left the port on the following day. The U. S. corvette *St. Louis* was at Madeira when the *Florida* arrived. The King of Bavaria died on the 11th inst. There was little additional war news. A tremendous gunpowder explosion had occurred in the Calabar River, Africa, and the underwriters were heavy sufferers.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate, yesterday, a unanimous report was presented against the passage of the Harlem Broadway Railroad Bill, but on motion of Mr. DUTCHER the question of agreeing with the report was postponed, to enable him to make some remarks upon the bill. Among the bills reported were the following: Respecting an amendment to the State Constitution, authorizing the appointment of five Commissioners of Appeal; for the better protection of seamen of the port of New-York; authorizing the New-York Infirmary for Indigent Women to confer the title of M. D.; authorizing the New-York authorities to convey certain real estate on Ward's Island. The following bills were passed: Providing for the sale of real estate belonging to lunatics; amending the charter of the Morrisania Fire Department; relative to the West Farms Town Hall; authorizing the New-York authorities to convey certain real estate to the Hebrew Benevolent Society; relative to criminal records in New-York. Adjourned. In the Assembly the following bills were reported complete: To incorporate the American Literary Fund Association in New-York; to incorporate the Tom Moore Association of New-York; to incorporate the Wire-Drawers' Association of New-York; relative to counterfeit bank bills; to consolidate the Boston and Hartford and Erie Extension Railroad Companies. The following bills were passed: To incorporate the Grand Hotel Company, New-York. To regulate the freight and passenger tariffs on the Hudson River Railroad. Relative to the National Academy of Design; recommitted, with instructions to strike out the clause exempting property from taxation. To incorporate the Mechanics' Dime Savings Bank in New-York. To incorporate the Central Park Hotel Company. Relative to the National Academy of Design; amended by the committee as instructed. Mr. INGRAHAM introduced a bill to confirm certain ordinances of the Mayor and Commonalty of New-York, relative to the Harlem Railroad ground.

GENERAL NEWS.

In the *American Journal of Science and Arts* for March, Prof. J. D. DANA continues the series of articles upon the classification of animals based upon the principle of cephalization, which are creating such a stir in the scientific world. The paper in this number of the *Journal* is devoted to the Classification of Herbivores. An elaborate discussion of Celestial Dynamics, by J. R. MAYER, follows. Among the other papers may be mentioned one by D. TROWBRIDGE, on the Invisibility of Nebulous Matter; on Fossils from the Potsdam of Wisconsin and Lake Superior, by Prof. ALEX. WINCHELL; Remarks on the Family Pteridæ; on the Theory of the Tides by WM. DENNIS; and Contributions to Lithology, by T. STERRY HUNT, M. A.

About 4 o'clock yesterday morning a fire broke out in the woolen and print works of Messrs. STUART & STRYKER, situated at Nos. 215 and 217 West Thirty-sixth street. These two buildings were entirely destroyed. The firm estimate their loss at about $160,000. Four or five tenement houses were also destroyed, and at least twenty-five families were rendered homeless. Property to the amount of $300,000 was destroyed by this conflagration.

The First New-York Engineer regiment arrived yesterday from Hilton Head, and was received by the authorities. The Seventh Regiment acted as escort; a review by the Mayor and Common Council was had, after which march was made to Jefferson Market Drill Room, where an excellent banquet was enjoyed.

There are strong hopes of the safety of the *Re Galantuomo*. The brig *Howard*, Capt. SMITH, arrived yesterday, from Liverpool, reports having seen, March 16, a large man-of-war not fully manageable; the fore and mizzen top-gallant masts were down and main topmast broken off. Capt. SMITH is positive the vessel he saw was the *Re Galantuomo*, he having previously seen that vessel at Naples.

An application has been made to our Legislature, by the Metropolitan Railway Company, for leave to tunnel Broadway from Bowling Green to the Central Park, for the purposes of a railroad. By citizens, the proposition for an underground road is viewed with great favor.

MARY J. JOHNSON and CARRIE E. JONES, alleged spies for the rebels, have been sent North from the Old Capitol Prison at Washington, and arrived at Boston yesterday. They were transferred to the Fitchburgh House of Correction for present safe-keeping.

Hon. OWEN LOVEJOY, representative in Congress from the Fifth District, Illinois, has been lying very ill at the residence of a friend in Brooklyn. It was feared yesterday afternoon that he could survive but a short time.

The secession press continue jubilant over the results of the battle of Olustee. One writer speaks of the long list of casualties in this paper, of the 2d, as "the prettiest page of printed matter he ever saw."

It appears that the gunboat *Peterhoff*, recently sunk off Wilmington, N. C., was mistaken for a blockade-runner by the gunboat *Monticello*, which run her down and sunk her.

Prices of Flour advanced, yesterday, 5c.@10c. ℔ bbl., and of Wheat 1c.@2c. ℔ bushel, with a moderate business. Mixed Western Corn was heavy. Oats were also heavy. Rye and Barley were unchanged. Whiskey was active and dearer. Provisions were in more demand and firm. Tallow and Cotton were brisker and higher. Freights were moderately active, with 434 vessels of all classes in port. The changes in other branches of trade were unimportant.

The Stock Market continued buoyant yesterday; Money in easy supply, and Gold and Exchange firmer.

EXPEDITING LEGISLATION.—The Legislature is just now having its annual spasm over the appointment of a "Grinding Committee." Toward the close of every Session the same debate is had on the subject—the same struggle is renewed between apprehensive virtue and impatience to secure the passage of bills, and the same result is reached:—the committee is appointed and the work goes on.

So long as our Sessions are practically limited to one hundred days, a "Grinding Committee" will be found a necessity; and it constitutes at once the easiest and the safest mode of expediting legislation, *provided* it is composed of honest, reliable, intelligent and painstaking men. The committees of *the Assembly, as of every large legislative* body, do all the work and are really responsible for all its action. Business cannot be properly prepared by these committees for the action of the whole body, until some time after the session has commenced; and then, as all the committees are working at once, their reports are made in mass, and hundreds of bills thus go upon the general calendar at about the same time, to be taken up in the order in which they are reported. The general rule is, that every bill must be taken up, discussed, and acted on in committee of the whole Assembly before it can be passed. This works well enough until the close of the session, when it is found that there are scores and hundreds of bills that *cannot be reached* by this process, before the session will expire. It is simply impossible to act upon them all; and it is found to be practically equally impossible for the whole body to select from the mass those on which action is most imperatively required by the public interest; for every member has some private bill of local interest merely, but is which his constituents are more directly interested than in any public bill whatever, and these private bills will of necessity, therefore, be put forward and pressed, to the exclusion of all others.

Now, a "grinding committee" is simply a contrivance to remedy this evil. Its function is to select from the mass of bills upon the general calendar such as may properly and wisely be passed, without going through the Committee of the Whole—and to put them upon their passage accordingly. Of course it has large powers, and if composed of corrupt men, it will unquestionably abuse those powers. But made up of men of the right stamp, and properly restricted in its action, it is perfectly safe, and contributes very largely to the success and efficiency of legislation. We have known "grinding committees" so composed that almost every bad bill having "money in it," was quite certain to go through. But we have known others through which there was not power enough in the State to force a corrupt and injurious measure. Everything, in this matter as in almost every other, depends on the character of the *men*. If they are right, a grinding committee is a good institution; if not, not.

The Relative Promptness of the Different States.

The tabular statement in our last issue, exhibiting the debts and credits of the different States on all the calls made upon them for soldiers, including the last, say what we may of it, is an invidious document. On some States it reflects honor, on others not. The real facts cannot be too plainly presented. The States which are delinquent may shut their eyes to them, if they please, but posterity will not. The record made will stand as long as the Republic stands, and will ever be a traditional glory or reproach. It will be taken as a sure index of the different qualities of the patriotism of the different States, in the time that tried men's souls.

We say it will be taken as a sure index of the relative patriotism, though, in fact, it is not exactly so. Some States have advantages over the others. Much depends upon the energy and skill of the executive authorities of the State, and these widely differ. The relative efficiency of Gov. SEYMOUR and Gov. MORTON, of Gov. PARKER and Gov. BUCKINGHAM, doubtless has something to do with the fact that New-York is about sixty thousand behind, and Indiana only three thousand—that New-Jersey is over fourteen thousand behind, and Connecticut less than three thousand. Still it will not do to draw any general *conclusions from this fact, for Pennsylvania* and Massachusetts both have excellent Governors, and yet Massachusetts is further behind relatively than New-York, and Pennsylvania than New-Jersey. The Western States have an advantage in having in their population a considerably larger ratio than some of the Eastern States, of young men of military age; but if we attempt to attribute their superior promptness in filling their quotas to that fact, we are at once met by the other fact that the very Eastern States which are most deficient in young men—Maine, New-Hampshire and Vermont—are square up with the West in the prompt furnishing of their complement.

It is indeed a general fact that the more agricultural States are more prompt in supplying soldiers than those which are more engaged in commerce and navigation. We may attribute this in some measure, perhaps, to the fact that agriculture is less remunerative, and consequently affords less inducement to stay at home, and that the extensive use of improved farm implements has released a larger share of the population of such States from close application. But yet, after all, it is questionable whether this advantage is not more than counterbalanced by the fact that the manufacturing and commercial States, possessing many more cities and large towns, have a much larger floating population with no fixed pursuits—the very sort of population which, the world over, is most easily drawn into military life.

We don't believe it possible to find any solution in special causes for the very marked difference between the States in the promptitude of their response to the calls of the General Government. These causes, weigh them as liberally as we may, fall far short of supplying a satisfactory explanation. Coming generations, we may be sure, will make very small account of them, even if they note them at all. They will come precisely to the same conclusion that we ourselves do when surveying the old revolutionary records of the supplies of troops by the different colonies. We make these respective supplies a criterion of the earnestness of the respective colonies in the revolutionary cause. The preëminence of Massachusetts in this regard is a historical fact that will never be forgotten. Mere professions, or even votes, are in reality no test of this earnestness. A man may be quite in favor of the success of the Federal Government over the rebellion. He may sustain it *ever so uniformly by his vote, and yet be* practically just as far from embarking personally in the military hardships and risks of the war as the most inveterate Copperhead. There is no perfect patriotism but that which constrains a man to fight, if need be, as well as talk and vote for his country. If a man, who is able, will not fight when called upon, we say that his patriotism is of a poor quality. How can we avoid saying the same thing of a State that is able and yet does not furnish its supply of fighters when called upon?

The loyal States are divided into four great divisions—the Eastern States or New-England, the Middle States, the West and the Border States. In examining the table, we find that, previous to the call of last week, the number of soldiers due on former calls from the six New-England States was 8,504—from the four Middle States, New-York, New-Jersey, Pennsylvania and Ohio, 100,499—and from the five Border States, Delaware, Maryland, Western Virginia, Kentucky and Missouri, 23,[illegible]—while in the seven Western States there was an aggregate *credit of forty-one thousand six hundred and ninety*. Regard being had to the ratio of the population, the *deficiency* in the Border States is about *twelve and a half* out of a thousand; in the Middle States about *ten* out of a thousand; in New-England about *two and a half* out of a thousand; while in the Western States there is a positive *overplus* of nearly one in a thousand.

This exhibit is most extraordinary. But extraordinary as it is, it cannot be contradicted. The data are official; the results are as certain as arithmetic. What do they mean? Is it indeed true that there is this gradation in the quality of the patriotism of the different divisions of the so-called loyal part of the country? Must we admit that the West is first in the earnestness of her devotion to the old flag, New-England next, the Middle States next, (and next, too, with a long interval,) and the Border States last? It will go hard, but that history will write that same thing of us. There is no possible way for New-York and her sister Central States to avoid it, but in making amends for their comparative backwardness in the past, by redoubled exertions in the future.

City Railroads—A New Project.

We see it announced that the Railroad Committee in the State Assembly has decided to report *against* allowing the Harlem Road to lay a track through Broadway. We hope they will also report against any railroad through that great thoroughfare. The truth is, the chartering and building of street railroads in this City is likely to be overdone,—not that they are not all needed, but because they don't answer the purpose. Too many of them block the City traffic, instead of aiding and relieving it. A certain number of them, running across the town as well as up and down, are imperatively necessary; but to devote all the streets to railroads is simply to shut or block up all other kinds of traffic. There is a great deal of traveling which railroads will not accommodate. All the freighting business of the City, which is enormous,—and all the private carriages, which are very numerous and on the increase, require accommodation and are entitled to it; and streets must be left open for their use.

No more street railroads can well be built without causing quite as much inconvenience as they cure. They may benefit, to a certain extent, one class of persons who desire facilities for transit, but they do it at the expense *of others just as much entitled to consideration*. And yet something must be done to furnish increased means of passing from one end of the City to the other,—for it is perfectly obvious that all the facilities now used are utterly inadequate, and become more and more so every year. Indeed, if every street in the City could be traversed by a railroad, managed as these roads are now, it would still be impossible to keep pace with the growing demand. There is *not room enough* in the streets of the City to furnish all the facilities which the travel and business of the City require.

In some form or other *steam* must be used, sooner or later, to supply the transportation required. It is greatly to the discredit of our City Government that it has always resisted every attempt to render safe and serviceable the use of steam as a motive power through the streets of the City. Quite likely there may be valid objections to its introduction in any form which has hitherto been proposed. But certainly we have mechanical ingenuity enough to overcome any obstacles of a merely mechanical nature to the use of a force which has displaced horse-power everywhere except precisely where it is needed most.

A new project has been started which deserves public attention in this connection; it is that of an *underground railroad* from the Central Park to the Battery,—on which trains shall be run by steam,—having stations at convenient distances, and making the whole distance in twelve or fifteen minutes. The scheme will, doubtless, at first strike the public as chimerical,—yet a very little reflection will correct this error. Indeed, an underground railway in London, which has been in successful operation for nearly a year, proves at once that the project is perfectly practicable, both in the construction and working of the road. That road, which is nearly five miles long, has proved a splendid success. The tunnel is carried under the streets and houses,—passing beneath all the cellars, sewers, gas-pipes, &c.; it is twenty-eight feet in width, wide enough for three tracks, is well ventilated, drained and lighted, and is decidedly the most popular and comfortable, as it is the most successful, of all the means of transit provided for the City of London. Its stock, which began in the market at nothing, is now selling a good deal above par.

We see that notice has been given in the Legislature of a bill to charter a company which proposes to construct a similar *underground road in this city. We presume that it* has been applied for by a number of gentlemen, comprising some of the wealthiest and most influential of our citizens, who have had this project for some time under consideration, and who are prepared to enter upon its execution as soon as the necessary authority can be procured. It was first brought to their notice, we believe, by Mr. H. B. WILLSON, whose connection with public works of the kind made him familiar with the idea of such a road. They have had very careful surveys made by a competent engineer, which show that the work is perfectly feasible—that the tunnels could be made without disturbing in the least any of the drains or pipes now laid down—that its cost would not be over six millions of dollars, and that it could not fail to furnish more and better accommodation to a very large portion of our citizens than any other mode of public conveyance.

We hope the Legislature will act in this matter with an intelligent and liberal regard for the interests of this City. The magnitude of the project, and the character of the men who have taken it in hand, alike entitle it to their careful and friendly consideration.

THE INDEFATIGABLE MISSOURIANS.—The House of Representatives was yesterday the scene of another of those terrible rows between the Missouri members, which have so frequently disgraced the present session of Congress. This time it was BLAIR vs. MCCLURG, and the language and epithets they applied to each other were of a nature that must astound respectable people. Two weeks ago yesterday, MCCLURG consumed two hours in abusing BLAIR for a speech abusing MCCLURG, delivered by BLAIR a week or two before; and between each of these great periodical jousts there has been a ceaseless series of bitter, though thus far bloodless, contests.

These Missouri politicians—Charcoals, Claybanks and Copperheads—are a weariness to the whole country. Not content with transferring their war from their own State to this City, which they did some months ago, they have carried it into Congress, and its walls have scarcely ever ceased to ring with denunciations of one faction by another. As they cannot find any worse epithets than those they bandied yesterday, we hope they will now stop wasting the time which ought to be devoted to useful legislation or statesmanlike discussion. If they must abuse each other, and if they must use the National Capitol for the purpose, we hope Congress will set apart the nights for their service, turn off the gas, and let them rear.

INFOPPEY BLUSTER.—It seems that poor old Gen. PRICE, who has not been heard of since he was so badly whipped by our negro troops at Helena, last Summer, again threatens to take the field. He has issued an address to his men, promising soon to lead them against their "cowardly and boasting foes," and prophesying that he and they will retrieve past reverses, reoccupy lost territory, &c. Gen. PRICE should not talk in this style. He cannot possibly do what he says he will do. He is stationed somewhere in the southern part of Arkansas with a small force; but it matters little whether his force be large or small. We hold firmly the line of the Arkansas River with our garrisons and gunboats, and that forms a sufficient barrier against all the rebels south of that stream.

The hero of Lexington has been sufficiently unfortunate in his military career to be appointed Chief of Staff to Gen. BRAGG.

AMUSEMENTS.

PHOTOGRAPHIANA.—At Niblo's Saloon, this evening, Mr. and Mrs. WARDENE give the first part of their entertainments, entitled "Photographiana." Eccentric sketches of character, hits at society, music, &c., are on the programme.

CONCERT FOR THE FAIR.—Another concert is given this evening, by the Juvenile Choir and the Old Folks, at Special Police Headquarters, Jefferson and Water streets. The proceeds go to the Seventh Precinct Police, to make part of their contributions to the fair. The citizens of the precinct should aid in making the concert a success peculiarly; they should buy tickets whether they go or not.

A SACRED CONCERT.—A grand sacred concert, of which Mr. WILLIAM BERGH will be the organist and conductor, will be given at the Madison-avenue Baptist Church, corner of that avenue and Thirty-first street, on Thursday evening. Besides Mr. BERGH, the services of Messrs. THOMAS and GRAFF and Mrs. MOZART, Mrs. BARCLAY and Mrs. COLYER have been engaged, and ROSSINI's "Stabat Mater" will be performed. The concert is for the benefit of a mission school, the object as well as the merits of the artists tending to attract a full audience.

THE HIPPOTHEATRON.—This establishment continues as a centre of attraction. The wonderful performances of the trained dogs and monkeys draw and delight large audiences, while the admirable performances in the ring satisfy all the curiosities of the circus lover. The entire respectability of the Hippotheatron justifies the favor in which it is held. The afternoon performances are for the special benefit of ladies and families.

Musical.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—Mr. MARETZEK's Boston season will close on Saturday next, and on the following Monday the *Impresario* opens at our Academy. The opera selected for the occasion is "Faust." Subscribers can procure their seats, &c., to-day—the ticket office opening for that purpose. On Friday the regular sale of tickets commences.

We are glad to hear that Mr. MARETZEK's season in Boston has been good.

THE OHIO DEMOCRACY.

Vallandighamism Rampant—Nomination of State Officers and Convention Delegates—No Support for the War for the Union.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Wednesday, March 23.

The Democratic State Convention met here to-day, and organized by the election of GEORGE REX as President, after considerable confusion and squabbling by Vallandigham men.

The following delegates to the National Convention were elected: T. M. ALLEN, GEO. PRENTISS, ALLEN G. THURMAN, RUFUS P. RANNEY. Two hundred and eleven votes were cast by Vallandigham men, and 212 votes were necessary to a choice.

GEO. E. PUGH and THOS. W. BENNETT were chosen Senatorial electors on the Presidential ticket.

Resolutions were adopted opposing the prosecution of the war for subjugation; that the mob spirit that is now abroad is the result of the violation of the Constitution by the party in power; that the tyranny of the present Administration has sown the seeds, and we are now reaping the harvest of crime.

The following nominations were made for State officers: W. W. Armstrong, Secretary of State; Judge P. Van Trump, Supreme Judge; R. G. White, of Hancock, for the short term; L. D. Critchfield, *Attorney-General*; *W. S. V. Prentiss, Comptroller of Treasury*; A. S. Ramsey and E. S. Ramsey, School Commissioners.

The Middle Department.

GEN. LEW. WALLACE ASSUMES COMMAND.

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE DEPARTMENT, EIGHTH ARMY CORPS, BALTIMORE, Md., March 22, 1864.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 18.—In obedience to General Orders No. 97, War Department, A. G. O., March 12, 1864, I hereby assume command of the Eighth Army Corps, and of the Middle Department, exclusive of Fort Delaware. The public will join me in acknowledging the most and rare ability shown by my predecessor, Major-Gen. Robert C. Schenck, in the management of the affairs of this department. The appointment, as I am painfully aware, is accompanied with responsibilities, and for their means I pray all good men residing in it to unite and give me their earnest support, more for their own welfare than for mine.

LEW WALLACE,
Major-General U. S. Volunteers.

Official—SAMUEL S. LAWRENCE, A. A. G.

FROM ALBANY.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ALBANY, Wednesday, March 23.

BILLS REPORTED.

By Mr. ARCHER—The West Shore and North Shore Railroad bills.

Against the Harlem-Broadway Railroad bill—a unanimous report.

Mr. DUTCHER moved to lay the question of agreeing with the report of the committee on the table, saying that he wished to submit some remarks on the subject.

The resolution was carried.

Messrs. Beach, Allabin, Allen, Cole, Cook, Cornell, Fields, Hobin and Lefurbour said they would vote for the motion through courtesy to the Senator making it, but they did not desire it to be understood as committing them to the bill. On the contrary, they would sustain the report of the committee.

Mr. HYMAN supported the motion, but reserved to himself the right to vote on the question, according to his best judgment.

Mr. SHAFER said he voted for the motion with the responsibility resting upon him for that vote.

Messrs. CHESEBRO, COGGSHALL and WOODWORTH were temporarily absent.

The following bills were then reported:

Authorizing a tax for the Utica Fire Department.

To perfect an amendment to the Constitution for the appointment of five Commissioners of Appeal.

Relative to the service of legal processes upon Express Companies.

For the better protection of seamen of the port of New-York.

Authorizing the New-York Infirmary for Indigent Women to confer the title of M. D.

Authorizing the New-York authorities to convey certain real estate on Ward's Island.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Amending the charter of the Fire Department of the Eastern District of Brooklyn.

Incorporating the New-York State Temperance Society, and enabling them to take a bequest.

BILLS PASSED.

Providing for the sale of real estate belonging to lunatics.

Amending the charter of the Morrisania Fire Department.

Relative to the West Farms Town Hall.

Authorizing the New-York authorities to convey certain real estate to the Hebrew Benevolent Society.

Relative to criminal records in New-York. Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

ALBANY, Wednesday, March 23.

The following bills were reported complete:

To incorporate the American Literary Fund Association in New-York.

To incorporate the Tom Moore Association of New-York.

To incorporate the Wire Drawers' Association of New-York.

Relative to counterfeit bank bills.

To consolidate the Boston and Hartford and Erie Extension Railroad Companies.

BILLS PASSED.

To incorporate the Grand Hotel Company of New-York.

To regulate the freight and passenger tariffs on the Hudson River Railroad.

Relative to the National Academy of Design. Recommitted, with instructions to strike out the clause exempting property from taxation.

To incorporate the Mechanics' Dime Savings Bank in New-York.

To incorporate the Central Park Hotel Company.

Relative to the National Academy of Design, amended by the committee as instructed.

Mr. INGRAHAM introduced a bill to confirm certain ordinances of the Mayor and Commonalty of New-York relative to the Harlem Railroad ground.

Mr. Reed introduced a bill relative to insurance companies. Recess.

EVENING SESSION.

The Governor's Message being the special order, Mr. WEAVER, of Oneida, spoke at length in defense of the position taken in that document, and Mr. O'DONNELL, of Lewis, in opposition. Adjourned.

The Broadway-Harlem Railroad Bill.

ALBANY, Wednesday, March 23.

In the Senate to day a unanimous report was made by the committee against the Broadway-Harlem Railroad Bill. Subsequently a motion was made to lay the report on the table, which was carried by a vote of twenty-two yeas to one nay. Several of the Senators who voted for the motion stated that their vote would not bind them to support the bill, as they were opposed to it.

The bill introduced by Mr. INGRAHAM in the Assembly, confirming the Common Council Broadway grant to the Harlem Railroad, is precisely the same *as that reported against in the Senate to-day.*

The Ignatz-Redisky Murder Case.

ALBANY, Wednesday, March 23.

The Court of Appeals has been occupied nearly the entire day in hearing an argument by Judge SWEARE for the prisoner, and S. D. MORGAN, District-Attorney, in the Ignatz-Redisky diamond-merchant murder case. The case attracts much attention.

The following is the calendar of the Court of Appeals for Thursday, March 24:

Nos. 7, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 19, and 22.

FROM THE SOUTHWEST.

Fall of a Block of Twenty Buildings at Memphis—Forty Negroes and Six Soldiers Buried in the Ruins—Burning of Government Storehouses in Vicksburgh—Affairs at Nashville—Railroad Accident.

FROM CAIRO.

CAIRO, Tuesday, March 22.

The steamer *Pauline Carroll*, from New-Orleans, has arrived here with a cargo of sugar and molasses for St. Louis. She brings no news of general interest from New-Orleans.

The steamer, on leaving Memphis, learned that a block of twenty buildings, used as commissary storehouses, had fallen in, burying beneath the ruins about forty negroes and from five to six soldiers who were guarding the buildings.

The steamer *Van Pleat* passed up for St. Louis to-day, with the Fifth Illinois Cavalry, (veterans,) on route home on furlough.

Maj.-Gen. McPherson and staff arrived here on the *Van Pleat*, and left immediately for Nashville.

CAIRO, Tuesday, March 22—P. M.

The steamer *Perry*, from Memphis at 12 o'clock on Sunday night, has arrived.

She reports that up to the time of her leaving, four women, more or less injured, and twelve children dead, had been taken from the ruins of the fallen buildings.

The search was being continued for the bodies of others.

Eighty-eight rebel prisoners were brought up on Sunday, and forwarded to Camp Chase to-night.

CAIRO, Wednesday, March 23.

An engagement took place on the 16th, two miles east of Fort Pillow, between 600 Federals and 1,000 rebels, in which the enemy were routed, with a loss of 50 killed and wounded.

FROM MEMPHIS.

MEMPHIS, Sunday, March 20.

Advices from Vicksburgh, of March 15, give the following intelligence:

We have been visited with a large number of fires, evidently the work of incendiaries.

Several Government storehouses have been burned. The large railroad depot, with several adjoining buildings, have also been set on fire, and large quantities of Government property consumed.

There is no news from the Shreveport expedition.

FROM NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, Tuesday, March 22.

The friends of Gov. JOHNSON here confidentially expect his nomination by the Republican Convention as Vice-President on the ticket with President Lincoln.

The report that Gen. GORDON GRANGER has been removed of the command of the Fourth Army Corps is untrue. He is in front with his corps. Everything is quiet in front.

Surgeon Green, of the Fourteenth Corps, has been relieved at his own request, and goes to Annapolis in pursuance of Department orders.

The gambling houses in this city were closed last night, and all the gamblers ordered to leave the city, and were prohibited returning, under a severe penalty.

NASHVILLE, Wednesday, March 23.

Rumors are afloat of the capture of three of our trains at War Trace, but they are groundless.

Gen. SHERMAN arrived here to-night.

FROM CAVE CITY.

CAVE CITY, Ky., Wednesday, March 23.

Col. WHEATHERS, of Gen. HOBSON's command, has captured the rebel Major RANDY R. WHEATHERS and the rebel Capt. SHEPP.

Reliable information from Wheatheers reports that Forrester was killed in the recent fight with Col. HOBSON.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH.

Affairs at Jacksonville—Unsuccessful Attempt of the Guerrillas and Pickets in Fort Royal Ferry—A Move contemplated Against Southern Island—Skirmishes.

[From Our Special Correspondent.]

HILTON HEAD, S. C., Saturday, March 19, 1864.

Everything is quiet at Jacksonville. Col. GUY V. HENRY's Light Brigade continues to hold its position in front of the intrenchments. Pickets is still occupied by troops under the command of Col. HAWLEY. The rebel pickets are near Three Mile Run, while the main force is at Baldwin.

On the night of Friday, the 11th inst., the enemy attempted to surprise our pickets at Fort Royal Ferry, but did not accomplish his object. At daylight, Saturday morning, two launches, containing each about fifty rebels and one small field piece, were discovered by our men moving from shore and in the direction of the mainland. The pickets gave the alarm, in response to which three regiments marched up to the ferry and came into a fighting position. A few shots were fired at the rebels, but the range was too long to cause any material injury. When the rebels had reached the mainland they brought one of the field pieces into position and fired half a dozen rounds at our lines. One of the shots struck a building occupied as headquarters by the Commandant of the picket. The remaining shots did no damage whatever. It is thought the object of the rebels was to cause some of our pickets suddenly and capture them. Our men were too well prepared for them, however, and for that reason they doubtless withdrew.

A force of 400 men from Gen. TERRY's District, under command of Col. GILBERT, of the One Hundred and Twenty-seventh, embarked on board seven transports one afternoon last week, and proceeded to Hull's Bay, which is at the northern extremity of Sullivan's Island. They marched inland a distance of four or five miles, took note of the country's position, and returned to Folly Island on the following day. Not a shot was fired. The entire movement was a feint to cover an effort which has been successfully accomplished.

On Wednesday night a party of a dozen rebels came down to Seabrook Island in a boat, and succeeded in capturing a corporal and four men of the Seventy-sixth Pennsylvania Regiment, who were on picket. The other pickets, although they witnessed the capture, could not render assistance, as by so doing they would have abandoned their posts and left our flank exposed. A number of shots were exchanged with the rebels, and it is believed that one or two of the enemy were severely wounded.

The Anglo-Confederate blockade-runner *Robin*, was recently captured by the United States steamer *Huron* in Altamaha River, Georgia. She was bound from Nassau, and had a cargo of nine tons of salt, a lot of flour, whisky, rods, and other articles. During the past 12 months the *Huron* has taken fifteen prizes and destroyed as many more vessels. Her chief officers are: Commander, FRANCIS H. BAILEY; Paymaster, Charles Stewart; Surgeon, Joseph B. Kenney; Masters, W—. A. Mills, Wm. H. Baldwin, Ensigns, F. O'Connor, Wm. Henderson.

At daylight Saturday morning, four colored refugees—one woman and three men—were picked up in a boat by one of the gunboats stationed on Lighthouse Inlet. They left St. Andrews Parish the night previous, and after rowing nearly three hours, stopped at Jenkins' Plantation for rest and safety. They had secreted the boat in some bushes on the bank of a creek, but it was discovered and taken away by rebel pickets. They then secured one of the plantation boats, and rowed into our lines without having been fired at by the enemy. On their way down the creek, they noticed two torpedoes, and gave them a wide berth. They report the rebels to have constructed their picket line toward Charleston. A very few troops remained in the city. The refugees had barely sufficient clothing to cover them, and when they arrived at Hilton Head they were generously supplied with both clothing and money. The woman is now employed as cook by Provost-Marshal Gen. HALL. The men are working in the Quartermaster's Department.

Last week, while some men were engaged extracting the combustible contents of a ten-inch shell, at the Ordnance Yard, the shell exploded, severely wounding Sergt. J. H. MARSH in the arm and hand, JAMES WILLIAMS, of Hamilton's Battery, slightly in the arm, and CORNELIUS DAILY, a civilian, slightly in the back.

On Friday night, Gen. TERRY, who was temporarily stopping at the Fort Royal House, was serenaded by the Post Band, under the direction of Prof. INSALBA.

The Barton Dramatic Association gave their opening entertainment at the Union Theatre, Monday night. Every available space was occupied by the audience, which included Gens. TERRY, VEGEAS and FOSTER, and a large number of ladies. The bill comprised a melodrama entitled, "Robert Macaire," the farce of the "Spectre Bridegroom," and a tableau. The actors are worthy of much credit for the manner in which they performed their parts, taking into consideration the brief time allowed them for preparation. This is a new feature of amusement at Hilton Head, and, we doubt not, it will be encouraged and sustained by the soldiers and citizens. The music was furnished by the Fort Band, under the direction of Mr. MUZENT.

The court-martial of Gen. GORMAN has been in progress this week. On Thursday afternoon the proceedings were adjourned until Monday next. A number of Generals and Colonels are here, summoned as witnesses.

Capt. WM. W. H. DUSSOM, Assistant Adjutant-Gen. to Gen. GILLMORE, leaves for New-York on the *Arago*. For the past three weeks he has been in ill health, which he hopes to improve by taking a sea trip. He will remain North but a few days. WEITY.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

A NEW REBEL IRON-CLAD.

(From the Free South, March 17.)

On Thursday, the 10th inst., a new iron-clad war steamer was launched successfully at Charleston. She is called the *Ashley*. This increases the iron-clad fleet in Charleston harbor to seven vessels. She is described as a formidable vessel, with many improvements on former efforts of the Confederates in naval architecture. If our fleet remains a few more months inactive the offensive may be assumed by the rebels, and our blockade broken in a manner that will put us to open shame. That they have officers and men capable of the most daring enterprise we have proof enough in the attack upon the *Keystone State* and *Mercedita* last year, the attempt to blow up the *Ironsides*, and in the sinking of the *Housatonic*.

SUICIDE OF A SOLDIER.

Private DANIEL TRUSS, a German recruit in Company C, New-York Volunteer Engineers, committed suicide early on Sunday morning. He was in a working detail near DRAYTON's plantation, and was found by the corporal of the camp at roll-call. On search being made, his body was found suspended from a sapling within a stone's throw, to which he had hung himself with his cravat. The weight of his body had caused the sapling to break, and it was bent so his feet touched the ground. Deceased was sent to the surgeon about a month ago, insane, but a few days after returned to duty apparently cured. On the day previous to the suicide he was noticed to act very strangely. He had recently received news that his wife had absconded, carrying with her all his money, and then to the supposed cause of his insanity. We learn that another soldier in the same regiment, recently committed suicide on account of the same woman.

SUSPENSION OF LABOR AT FORT GILMER.

Owing to the non-appropriation of the requisite funds by Congress, work has been suspended upon Fort Gilmer, at Fernandina, Fla. Capt. A. F. RAND, who for the past year has had the direction of the work, has received orders to "close up the concern." His laborers, of whom there were a large number, have resumed their past, and entered the service of the Quartermaster.

SUNTEN RESIDUUM.

Recent reconnoissances have proved the possession by the rebels in Fort Sumter of three colony men, mentioned as on a by-command the other day. Reliable intelligence from Charleston has lately been received, confirming this fact. It is also known that the rebel garrison is 500 men.

SKIRMISHES.

A party of rebel cavalry recently brought into the Provost-Marshal's office, at Hilton Head, 8 Sergeants which, on a working party, they had been detailed to day. All the hand will be orderly-sergeant.

LETTER-BAG FOR EUROPE.—A ship's letter-bag will be made up for the *City of Baltimore* sailing for Liverpool to-day, so as to enable merchants to reply to their letters per *City of Washington*. The letter-bag will leave the office of the company, No. 19 Broadway, at 11 o'clock A. M.

RECONSTRUCTION IN ALABAMA.

An Adjourned Union Meeting at Hunnsville—A Speech by Representative Clemens—"Sprinkling Blood" on the Flag of the Alabamians.

On March 19 an adjourned meeting of the citizens of Madison County, Ala., was held at Hunnsville. Hon. JOHN CLEMENS, Ex-United States Senator, stated the object of the meeting as follows:

This is an adjourned meeting from that held at the place on Saturday last, of which the country people did not have sufficient notice to attend. The object of the meeting was explained at the Saturday meeting. I will restate it for the benefit of those who were not then present. The object of *the meeting is the restoration of civil government—by bring on law and orderly-to secure peace.*

We carry buried into revolution against our earnest protest. This people were for the Union. Madison County gave 1,800 majority against secession, yet we were carried away without support. We had no arms. BUCHANAN was in the Presidential Chair. Day has at last come, thank God, and we can say that we take shelter under the Stars and Stripes.

We propose to call upon the Governor of the State to convoke a convention, for the purpose of rescinding the Act of Secession. How far the Governor will pay respect to our action, I cannot say. To be candid, I think he will pay it none. In calling upon him, we avoid the charge of precipitancy, and follow the constitutional method. After that we have the right to call upon our inherent rights—to act for ourselves. We have the right to assemble in our capacity as citizens and reestablish civil government for ourselves.

Falsehood, fraud and crime took us out of the Union. They told us that secession was necessary to save Slavery. During the ten years preceding the rebellion, the State of Alabama had not lost ten slaves a year. *We had rebellion, and the consequence now is that there is not one man in the State of Alabama who can say that he has the title to a single nigger.* Not all of us have a title to anything. The practical result is emancipation. Cotton they said was king—would secure us recognition and independence. The result is, Confederate money is worth five cents on the dollar. They said that civil liberty and State rights would be secured by secession. The first act of the Confederate Congress deprived the people of the right to select their President. If a man owned twenty negroes, he was excused from military duty. If a man had ten starving children, he was not. The man who owned the negroes could stay at home with his wealth; the man with starving children must leave them and go to the battle-field.

You and I may have had some fear of the success of the Confederacy. *Thank God there is now no prospect of its succeeding.*

The following resolutions were reported in addition to a series submitted at the previous meeting:

Resolved, That we believe that the effort to destroy the old Government and erect a separate nationality, has proved the ruin of the rights and liberties of the people. We therefore call upon the Governor of the State of Alabama to convene the Legislature, that it may call a convention, in order that it may provide some mode for the restoration of peace and the rights and liberties of the people.

Resolved, That the longer the war has continued, the more imminent have become the dangers to the liberties of the people. We therefore invite the citizens of other counties in the State to unite with us in this call upon the Governor, and suggest the first Monday in June as the time for the holding of that convention.

Hon. D. C. HUMPHREYS, one of the ablest lawyers in the South, and a delegate to the Charleston Convention, spoke in support of these resolutions. He said:

Alabama should at once rescind the ordinance of secession. I am confident we shall then have as many years for getting good riddance of this institution as we want. As far as the execution of military orders on the subject is concerned, the officers and men of the Federal army are bound to carry them into effect. I am in favor of such political action of the Government as will convince the necessity of such orders. Do not misapprehend me. *I believe the institution of Slavery is gone as a permanent thing—overthrown by the action of the Southern States.* I believe, in case of a return to the Union, we would receive political cooperation so as to secure the management of that labor by those who were slaves. There is really no difference, in my opinion, whether we hold them as absolute slaves, or obtain their labor by some other method. Of course we prefer the old method. But that question is not now before us.

Judge HUMPHREY then discussed the attitude of foreign Powers, particularly France, and of the radicals of the North, and closed thus:

What we want now is such political action as will put Alabama right where she belongs—back in the Union. Have your boys not struggled long enough, suffered enough, fought on enough battle-fields for you to take some action? I do not believe that the restoration of the Union will be humiliating to the South. If we take action in the right way we will secure at once peace, law and order.

When I returned from the Charleston Convention in 1860, the people met in this court-yard. Speaking to you now to-day reminds me of that meeting. There were then upon the minds of some of us apprehensions of a not far distant trouble—of the horrors of civil war. Disunion followed, war came, and rain swept over our Southern land. Our fields are devastated, buildings burned, our sons have fallen in battle, and the land is full of widows and orphans. What has disunion to weigh against this desolation?

The resolutions were then unanimously adopted.

Before adjourning the meeting, Mr. CLEMENS said:

Before I declare this meeting adjourned I wish to state a fact in relation to the commencement of the war.

Some time after the ordinance of secession was passed, I was in Montgomery and called upon President DAVIS, who was in the city. DAVIS, MENNINGER, the Secretary of War, GILMARTIN, the member from Lowndes County, and several others, were present. As I entered the convention seemed. They were evidently discussing the propriety of firing upon Fort Sumter. Two or three of them withdrew to the corner of the room, and I heard GILMARTIN say to the Secretary of War: "It must be done. *Delay two months and Alabama stays in the Union. You must sprinkle blood in the face of the people.*"

Postponement of the Metropolitan Fair.

In consequence of the impossibility of completing the arrangements for the opening of the Metropolitan Fair on the 26th inst., it has been determined to postpone the inauguration until the 4th of April. Letters have recently been received from Europe stating that a large number of contributions are en route for this country, many of which cannot reach New-York before the 4th. The donations received have been far more extensive than was anticipated—making it necessary to considerably change many of the original arrangements determined upon for the display of articles for exhibition. The contributions from the country and neighboring States are extensive. The Otisville Mining Company, of New-York, have presented a ton of their richest specimens of quartz. The value of the gift, with transportation expenses, defrayed by the company, is estimated at eighthundred dollars. Delhi, a small town in Delaware County of less than 1,000 inhabitants, sends $200 in money and $70 worth of produce. Geneva contributes $500, Buffalo and Rochester have intimated their intention to send valuable "tables"; also Ulster and Dutchess Counties. Harlem has contributed liberally. The cities and many of the villages of Connecticut have sent donations; conspicuous among the number is Hartford. The City authorities have consented to the closing of Union-square during the holding of the Fair; and the Central Park Committee have offered the use of their tents, which will be erected in Union-square for the use of musicians and such other purposes as they may be adapted to. The Philharmonic Society and several bands have volunteered their services. The music at the fair will be the best ever furnished on any occasion in this City. A large number of things are wanted for the Knickerbocker Kitchen, especially an antique dresser. Any person having one will oblige the Committee of Arrangements by forwarding it to the receiving rooms on Fourteenth-street.

NEW-ENGLAND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.—This company, we observe, has established a Branch Office in this City, at No. 139 Broadway, under the management of THOMAS COXSON, Esq.—a gentleman well and favorably known to our business community, in connection with the Metropolitan Fire Insurance Company. The New-England is ably managed, upon the "Conservative" theory. We take pleasure in indorsing the remarks of the *Insurance Monitor* for February, concerning this company, and quote the concluding paragraph:

"The Directors are among the first business men of Hartford, capitalists and merchants, selected with reference to ability and soundness. Every loss has been promptly paid. The company is in all respects worthy of confidence. GEO. D. JEWETT is the President, and R. A. JOHNSON the Secretary."—*Insurance Monitor.*

"Neighbor Jackwood" was a popular book, bringing in some thoroughly New-England characters with humor and originality. The same characteristics are displayed in the new book "Cudjo's Cave." The scene of the story is laid in East Tennessee. * * It is startling and interesting, a vivid picture of the effects of secession in East Tennessee. Boston Advertiser.

Important Triumph of Science.

Years of patient research and unwearied experiment, kindly assisted by the first scientific and professional character in New-York, have produced and perfected

CHEVALIER'S
LIFE FOR THE HAIR,
THE RARE HAIR-RESTORER

now offered to the public. It RESTORES GRAY HAIR to its ORIGINAL COLOR, giving it a fresh and NATURAL appearance. *Will stop the falling out in three days, and raise the hard shoot, cool and healthy. Does not stain the skin or soil the whitest fabric. is entirely different from any other preparation.*

Its entire freedom from all injurious qualities, (that is many other preparations injure the Hair and soil the clothes,) the nicety of the composition and its

SWEET AND DELICATE FRAGRANCE,

render it the most desirable article for the toilet and hair-dressing yet offered to the public. $1 per bottle; $6 per half dozen; in fancy boxes. Can be sent by express. For sale at the drug-stores.

None genuine without the signature of the inventor,
SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.,
No. 1,123 Broadway, New-York.

N. B.—Dr. C. can be consulted gratuitously, personally or by letter, at No. 1,123 Broadway, where information is wanted in the treatment of the Hair and Skin will be cheerfully imparted.

Mrs. Mary J. Holmes, the Popular Author, CAN AGAIN commence a new Story in the NEW-YORK WEEKLY, next week.

Economy Should be Practiced by Everybody in all things. One dollar expended now in purchasing a bottle of "Jayne's Expectorant," by those troubled with a slight cough or hoarseness, or sore throat, may save the expense of a doctor's bill. A neglected cough often ends in consumption. A slight inflammation of the lining of the wind tubes, the usual symptoms of which are a sore throat and a pain in the breast, will soon lead, through want of attention, to bronchitis. A day's delay may entail months of suffering. Let the afflicted try at once "Jayne's Expectorant." It is a standard remedy, and its curative powers have been tested by thousands of persons who have recovered their health by its use. The Expectorant, and all of Dr. D. JAYNE & Son's Family Medicines are sold by RICHARDS TYLER & Co., No. 161 Chambers and No. 1 Hudson-sts., and by Druggists generally.

One Spoonful of the Magic Dry Soap will do an ordinary washing. It is the great discovery of the age. Price 20 cents a bottle. For sale by all the druggists and grocers.

All First-class Sewing-Machines
FOR SALE AND TO RENT, BY
RICKS & COMPANY, 480 BROADWAY.
Three doors below Broome-st.

The Qualities of Burnett's Cocoaine, as PREVENTING THE HAIR FROM FALLING, are truly remarkable.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief.
Extract of the

Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus,
Night Blooming Cereus.

A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, resulting from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from which it takes its name. Manufactured only by PHALON & SON.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.
Sold by druggists generally.

Genin's, No. 513 Broadway.
NEW FEATURES IN THE HAT TRADE.
SPRING CIRCULAR.

The facilities afforded by the largest and most convenient hat store in America having been turned to the best account this Spring by the introduction of new improvements, the subscriber is enabled to present an assortment of over

ONE HUNDRED STYLES,

each style occupying a separate compartment, and the whole comprehending the most complete relax of the hat fashions of the world, for all ages and both sexes, that has ever been exhibited in this country.

Instead of going into details, which, after all, would convey but a feeble idea of the variety of his stock, he invites the public to inspect it if there is anything fashionable, tasteful and elegant in the way of out-door coverings for the head which it does not include, he is not aware of the omission; and, should such an omission exist, it is sure to be supplied, as he is continually on the qui vive for dashing and attractive novelties.

The departments of the establishment are thoroughly systematized, and it is believed that as a REPRESENTATIVE HAT-STORE, it is not surpassed anywhere, either at home or abroad. GENIN, No. 513 Broadway.

Hoyt's Hiawatha Hair Restorative
Hoyt's Hiawatha Hair Restorative
Hoyt's Hiawatha Hair Restorative
Hoyt's Hiawatha Hair Restorative
Hoyt's Hiawatha Hair Restorative
Hoyt's Hiawatha Hair Restorative
Hoyt's Hiawatha Hair Restorative
Hoyt's Hiawatha Hair Restorative

The standard preparation for the hair, warranted in all cases to restore faded and gray hair and whiskers to their original color. It nourishes the natural shading of one hair with another. Stops the falling out of the hair, makes it soft and silky, cleanses it and the scalp of all impurities and humors, and entirely overcomes bad effects of sulphur, sugar of lead, &c.

Hoyt's Imperial Colering Cream sold everywhere.
JOSEPH HOYT & CO., No. 10 University-place, N. Y.
N. B.—Ladies French hair-dresser in attendance to apply the Hiawatha.

Distilled Dew for the Complexion.
DISTILLED DEW FOR THE COMPLEXION.
DISTILLED DEW FOR THE COMPLEXION.
DISTILLED DEW FOR THE COMPLEXION.
DISTILLED DEW FOR THE COMPLEXION.

A delightful preparation for the toilet. It imparts to the skin a natural whiteness and clearness, and youthful delicacy and softness, unattainable by any other means. Sold by all druggists. Depot No. 769 Broadway.

Prof. Alex. C. Barry's Tricophorous, or Medicated Compound, for preserving, restoring and beautifying the hair, eradicating scurf and dandruff, preventing baldness and gray hairs, curing diseases of the skin, glands and muscles, (such as salt rheum, pimples, chilblains, &c.) sharp pains, rheumatism, swellings, sore throat, &c., and giving instant relief in cases of cuts, bruises, sprains, burns, scalds, &c. Price 25 cents. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Principal office, No. 374 Pearl-st., New-York.

We would remind our readers that the sale of beautiful oil paintings (now on exhibition at the old Dusseldorf Gallery, No. 549 Broadway) takes place on THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, March 24 and 25, at 7½ o'clock each evening, and would advise all lovers of gems of art to call and examine the collection before they are taken from the walls.
HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.
No. 23 Nassau-st.

We would call Attention to the Peremptory sale of 120 valuable lots, situate on Broadway, 10th-av., 76th, 77th and 78th sts., by order of the executors of Jas. G. King, deceased, to be made at auction THIS DAY, (Thursday,) at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO.

Henry H. Leeds & Co., Auctioneers, will give their personal attention (as usual, for the past 17 years,) to SALES OF FURNITURE, at the residences of THOSE DESIRING HOUSEKEEPING OR REMOVING; will also hold MONTHLY sales at their STORE, No. 23 NASSAU-ST., for the convenience of those preferring this medium of sale.

Armless Soldiers!—The Board of Surgeons and the Surgeon-General U. S. A. have given special honorary commendation to the Palmer Arm, and authorized its manufacture; full information given by the inventor, Colonel, Philadelphia, New-York and Boston. Palmer's Legs, also.
D. FRANK PALMER, Surgeon Artist.

I Take the Pleasure to Inform my Friends and patrons that I have opened this day a Millinery Business at No. 129 9th-st., near Broadway. Having the best facilities and direct from Paris and London, I am now prepared to sell the latest styles and choicest kinds of Bonnets, Dress Caps, Head-dresses, &c., &c.
MME. BERTHA WILLIAMS.

Grover & Baker's Celebrated Sewing-Machines—For sale at No. 495 Broadway, near 22d-st. Embroidering, braiding, and every description of machine sewing done in the best manner. Machines, with experienced operators, sent to families by the day or week.

Nervous Diseases and Physical Debility, ARISING FROM SPECIFIC CAUSES.—New and reliable treatment; valuable essays sent by mail free of charge. Address Dr. GEO. E. CALHOUN, Box No. 1,431, Philadelphia.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, suspensory bandages, silk elastic stockings for varicose veins, shoulder-braces, &c. A lady attendant.

Gold Pens.
FOLEY'S Celebrated "Bank" and extra fine
GOLD PENS AND PENCILS.
Store and Factory, No. 189 Broadway.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.
The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Trusses.—Persons interested in trusses are invited to examine Dr. Rices' water-proof Multipedal Truss. If not satisfactory, after 30 days' fair trial, it may be returned. Office, No. 3 Barclay-st.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines,
For sale at
Nos. 237 and 239 Broadway, corner of 32d-st.,
By J. T. ELLIS.
New machines to let.

Steinway & Sons—
Manufacturers of Grand, Square and Upright Pianos, have removed their warerooms to their new marble building,
Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st.,
Between Union-square and Irving-place, New-York.

Wheeler & Wilson's Highest Premium Lock-stitch Sewing Machines, No. 505 BROADWAY.

Artificial Limbs by E. D. Hudson, M. D., New-York, Astor-place, Clinton Hall, up stairs. United States soldiers and marines furnished without charge, by order of Surgeon-Gen. U. S. A. Surgeon Wheelan, U. S. N.

Dyspepsia Tablets for Indigestion, Heartburn, &c., prepared only by R. G. WILLING, No. 102 Canal-st. Sold by druggists generally. 50c. a box.

Hill's Hair Dye—Scentless, black or brown, instantaneous, natural, reliable. Depot, No. 1 Barclay-st. Sold by all drug, patent medicine and fancy-goods stores.

Hill, Inimitable Curver of Hair and Whiskers.—Stylish neat and suitable, executed in the best manner only. Shaving 10 cents. No. 1 Barclay-st.

Gurney & Mahoney Highest Premium Hand-to Stick Lowing Machines.
SALESROOMS NO. 629 BROADWAY.

MARRIED.

BOGERT—TEUNIS.—In Bridgeport, Ct., Wednesday, March 23, by Rev. J. E. Whiley, Rev. J. BOGERT, of Hunkinstown, Long Island, to JULIA H., youngest daughter of the late P. H. TEUNIS.

ROGERS—THOMSON.—On Wednesday, March 23, by Rev. Dr. McElroy, at the residence of the bride's father, JAMES F. ROGERS, of Middletown, N. Y., to ANNIE E. THOMSON, eldest daughter of John Thomson, Esq., of this City.

DIED.

ALLENBACH.—At his residence, in Wilmington, Del., on Monday morning, March 21, ABRAHAM ALLENBACH, in the 70th year of his age.

BURDOCK.—After a short but severe illness, MARY ANN BURDOCK, in the 56th year of her age.

The friends of the family, and those of her sons, M. J. Burdock and George Burdock, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, from her late residence, No. 163 West 23d-st., on Friday, the 25th inst., at 1 o'clock, without further invitation.

BUSH.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, March 23, Mrs. SARAH BUSH, aged 65 years.

The relatives and friends of the deceased, and of her son, Mr. J. A. Bush, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Friday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 46 Clermont-av.

☞ Eastern papers please copy.

COLVIN.—On Tuesday, March 22, of disease of the heart, MARIETTA LOUISA, eldest daughter of the late Jacob Colvin.

Notice of funeral in to-morrow's paper.

CRAMMER.—On Wednesday, March 23, of diphtheria, EMMA LOUISA, eldest daughter of J. G. and Emma Crammer, aged 10 years and 1 month.

The friends and relatives of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the house of her parents, No. 122 Duffield-st., Brooklyn, on Saturday, the 26th inst., at 2 P. M.

CAVERLY.—On Tuesday morning, March 22, of croup, SYDNEY WARREN, only son of Warren F. and Sarah A. Caverly, aged 7 years and 9 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at 2½ o'clock this afternoon, at No. 242 South 6th-st., Williamsburgh. The remains will be taken to Rye Beach, Westchester County, for interment on Thursday morning.

HART.—In this City, on Tuesday morning, March 22, of inflammation of the bowels, ALFRED, youngest son of the late Michael Hart, in the 5th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock precisely, from the residence of his mother, No. 37 West 14th-st.

HAY.—On Tuesday, March 22, MARGARET, daughter of Charles and Sarah Hay, aged 3 years, 7 months and 16 days.

The funeral will take place from No. 186 East 23d-st., this day, (Thursday,) March 24, at 2 o'clock.

KIP.—On Wednesday morning, March 23, ELIZABETH ANN, grand-daughter of the late Isaac Kip.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, on Friday morning, at 11 o'clock, at Central Methodist Episcopal Church, 7th-av.

LEVERICH.—On Wednesday, March 23, JASPER STRONG LEVERICH, son of the late James H. Leverich, of New-Orleans, aged 29 years.

The relatives and friends of the family, and those of his uncles, Henry L. and Charles P. Leverich, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Friday morning, the 25th inst., at 9 o'clock, from the residence of his mother, No. 234 West 23d-st., without further notice. The remains will be taken to Newtown, L. I., for interment.

LANDRY.—On Wednesday, March 23, at 6 minutes past meridian, FRANCIS, only son of F. and E. Landry, in the 7th year of his age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Friday, the 25th inst., at 1 o'clock, from No. 693 Broadway.

LEDERER.—At his residence, No. 123 Greenwich-st., on Wednesday morning, March 23, MICHAEL LEDERER, of Hüttenbach, Bavaria, Germany, in the 66th year of his age.

The members of the various Lodges to which he belonged, as also the friends and relatives of the family are requested to attend the funeral, from the above-named house, this (Thursday) afternoon, at 1 o'clock, without further notice.

MONARQUE.—On Tuesday, March 22, JEREMIE HERMANN MONARQUE, aged 65 years.

The funeral will take place on Friday, at 1 P. M., from his late residence, No. 146 West Houston-st.

ROSE.—In Montreal, on Sunday, Feb. 28, AMELIA JANE, infant daughter of David Alex. and Julia Holly Rose, aged 8 days.

ROSS.—In Montreal, on Thursday, March 3, JULIA HALLY, wife of David Alex. Ross, and eldest daughter of the late Hon. A. F. Bacham, of New-York.

TOOKER.—In this City, on Tuesday evening, March 22, after a lingering illness, Capt. DANIEL A. TOOKER, in the 70th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Friday afternoon, the 25th inst., at 1 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 34 Norfolk-st. His remains will be taken to Greenwood Cemetery for interment.

TREVOR.—On Tuesday, March 22, HELEN STEWART, only child of John B. and Louisa S. Trevor.

The friends and relatives of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the house of her parents, on Friday, the 24th inst., at 1 o'clock, P. M. The remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

WELLS.—On Tuesday, March 22, HARRON K. WELLS, in the 48th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 137 West 35th-st., on Thursday afternoon, at 1 o'clock.

WHEELER.—Suddenly, at East Haven, Conn., on Monday, March 21, HEZEKIAH WHEELER, formerly of this City, in the 78th year of his age.

His remains were conveyed to Staten Island for interment.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S KENTUCKY STATE LOTTERY.
KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 231,—March 23, 1864.
52, 22, 40, 46, 34, 36, 42, 10, 69, 70, 3, 33, 7, 59.
KENTUCKY, CLASS 228.—March 23, 1864.
30, 3, 26, 19, 20, 40, 54, 10, 11, 39, 2, 66.
Circulars sent free of charge, by addressing either to
MURRAY, EDDY & CO.,
Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

DRAWING OF THE
SHELBY COLLEGE LOTTERY, OF KENTUCKY.
EXTRA CLASS 141—March 23, 1864.
36, 72, 67, 69, 51, 7, 71, 43, 28, 34, 75, 63, 39, 52.
CLASS 142—March 23, 1864.
9, 71, 20, 73, 46, 58, 21, 63, 60, 27, 32, 10.
E. E. SIMMONS & CO., Managers,
Covington, Ky.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.—THIRTY per cent. premium paid for prizes; information furnished; the highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver. TAYLOR & CO.,
Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st.

LOTTERY TICKETS CASHED IN ALL legalized Lotteries, and information given, by
JOSEPH BATES, Broker,
No. 11 Wall-st., Room No. 1.

PRIZES CASHED AND INFORMATION furnished, in all legalized lotteries.
ALECK & CO., Brokers, No. 36 Pine-st., New-York.

SCIENCE IN THE FIELD.
Scientific medical preparations of M. W. DICKERSON, M. D., late Professor in the Philadelphia Medical College.
IMPERIAL COUGH PILLS.
If you suffer from a cough, it is your own fault. A trial of these pills will convince the most sceptical. They decompose the phlegm, and subdue all inflammation. It is the best compound ever put together for colds, catarrh, asthma, spitting of blood and consumption. All afflicted with coughs, colds, whatever it may be—even children with worms—can be cured by their use.
ALSO,
MAGNA,
PERISTALTIC PERSUADERS,
PILULÆ DIPOI,
MISCETUM.
Sold by druggists and dealers generally.
Principal depot, No. 81 Liberty-st., New-York.
SMITH & CO.

MARVIN'S PATENT
FIRE AND BURGLAR SAFE.
Patents issued
DEC. 1, 1863,
and
FEB. 16, 1864.
Superior to any others in the following particulars:
They are more fire-proof.
They are more burglar-proof.
They are perfectly dry.
They do not lose their fire-proof qualities by age.
Manufactured only by
MARVIN & CO., No. 265 Broadway.
Send for a Descriptive Circular.

METROPOLITAN FAIR.
POSTPONEMENT.
In consequence of an unavoidable and unexpected enlargement of the plans of the Managers of the Metropolitan Fair, its opening is postponed until Monday, April 4.
JULIA K. FISH,
President Ladies' Exec. Com.
ELIZABETH W. SHERWOOD,
Secretary Ladies' Exec. Com.
GEORGE GRISWOLD RAY,
Chairman Gentlemen's Exec. Com.
RICH'D GRANT WHITE,
Secretary Gentlemen's Exec. Com.

PATENTS! PATENTS! PATENTS
MESSRS. MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS OF THE "SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN," continue to act as Attorneys for securing Patents for new inventions in this and all foreign countries.
Messrs. MUNN & CO. have had seventeen years' experience in soliciting patents, and have acted as Attorneys for more than 50,000 inventors.
Pamphlets containing the Patent Laws and other important information for inventors, furnished free on application.
Consultation and advice free. Address
MUNN & CO.,
No. 37 Park-row, New-York, or corner F and 7th-sts., Washington, D. C.

CABINET FURNITURE.
$125,000 worth of furniture at manufacturers' prices, consisting of rosewood and walnut parlor suites, library and chamber suites, oak and walnut dining-room suites, all made under the superintendence of J. B. Brandreth, in the latest style, and warranted, both as to material and workmanship. WEIL & BRAUNSDORF,
Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington-st., New-York.
Factories Nos. 95, 97, 99, 101, 103, 105 Suffolk-st.
N. B.—The Broadway and 14th-st. horse-railroad cars pass within two blocks of the warehouse.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY
of all descriptions
FOR SALE AT
GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway,
One door below Canal-st., formerly No. 11 Wall-st.

LADIES' GILT COMBS—NEW STYLES—L FROM PARIS—TWO, THREE, FOUR, SIX, EIGHT, TEN AND FIFTEEN DOLLARS each.
For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN,
No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

I. O. OF O. F.—THE MEMBERS OF PILGRIM LODGE are hereby notified to attend a meeting (THIS (Thursday) EVENING, March 24, to attend the funeral of our late brother, GEORGE C. GIFFORD, N. G.
MICHAEL BUSH, Secretary.

LOOK!
ADAM FLOYD,
By MRS. MARY J. HOLMES,
WILL BE COMMENCED IN THE
NEW-YORK WEEKLY,
OF THIS WEEK.

LOOK!
ADAM FLOYD,
By MRS. MARY J. HOLMES,
WILL BE COMMENCED IN THE
NEW-YORK WEEKLY,
OF THIS WEEK.

GRAY'S PATENT MOLDED COLLARS
have now been before the public for nearly a year. They are universally pronounced the neatest and best fitting collars extant.
The upper edge presents a perfect curve, free from the angles noticed in all other collars.
The curved causes no puckers on the inside of the turn-down collar; they are as smooth inside as outside, and therefore perfectly free and easy to the neck.
The Garotte Collar has a smooth and evenly finished edge on both sides.
These collars are not simply flat pieces of paper cut in the form of a collar, but are molded and shaped to fit the neck.
They are made in "Novelty" (or turn-down) style, in every half inch size from 13 to 17 inches, and in "Sunlaka" or Garotte; from 13 to 17 inches, and packed in "soil 1 size" in neat blue cartoons, containing 100 each; also, in smaller ones of 10 each—the latter a very handy package for travelers, army and navy officers.
Every collar is stamped
"GRAY'S PATENT MOLDED COLLARS."
The trade supplied by
J. S. LOWREY & CO.,
No. 27 Warren-st., New-York.

WHILE BRANDRETH'S PILLS ARE SO potent for good to diseased bodies, they are harmless as bread. The babe at the breast or the man of ripest years, and delicate females, are certain to receive an increase of health from the use of these Pills, blessed of Heaven.
It has been said by an able physician, that "this medicine always benefits and never injures." Wherein is the superlative quality! The BRANDRETH PILLS have no power or action but upon impure humors in the blood. They seize only the impurities in and around the parts affected by disease; all the parts involved in diseased actions are operated upon, and cleansed from all foulness, and reinfused with "life" by the wonderful curative powers contained and inherent of the most justly famed BRANDRETH'S PILLS.
Millions of people, whose lives appeared to be at the last ebb, were cut by fever's consuming fire, by consumption's invisible advances, by racking torments of inflammatory rheumatism, have been cured by these Pills. These persons are living witnesses, and thousands are residents of every city in America.
See B. Brandreth in white letters is on the Government stamp

FINANCIAL.

HOPE GOLD COMPANY.
MINES—"GOLD DIRT LODE," GILPIN COUNTY, COLORADO.
Capital $2,000 shares, $20 each.
TRUSTEES.
Jesse Evans, Colorado. Geo. W. Chapelin, Balt., Md.
P. R. Judd, New-York. Hermann Foster, N. Y.
M. S. Cone, New-York. R. Cornelie White, N. Y.
Wm. Mellen, New-York. E. C. Tyler, New-York.
S. G. Arnold, Providence, R. I.
President—His Excellency JOHN EVANS, Governor of Colorado Territory.
Vice-Presidents—Hon. S. G. Arnold, Dr. P. R. Judd.
Treasurer—Walter E. Lawton.
Secretary—J. F. Davies.
Office No. 25 Cliff-st., New-York.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS AND DEALERS
IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
No. 5 WALL-ST.
BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES
U. S. 5-20 BONDS,
U. S. COUPON AND REGISTERED BONDS of 1881.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. ONE YEAR CERTIFICATES.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' AND ORDNANCE VOUCHERS, the NEW U. S. FIVE PER CENT. LEGAL TENDER NOTES, and all GOVERNMENT issues.
BANKS, SAVINGS BANKS and Investors will find us prepared on all times to furnish desirable lots of these Securities in large or small amounts.
DEPOSITS received and COLLECTIONS made of favorable terms. STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD bought and sold on commission.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES converted into the 6 PER CENT. BONDS of 1881 on favorable terms.
FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS and DEALERS
in GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
NO. 5 WALL-ST.

OFFICE OF
VERMILYE & CO., BANKERS,
NO. 44 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.
We are prepared to convert the U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES into the 6 per cent. BONDS of 1881, with promptness, and on favorable terms.
Also, BUY and SELL, at market rates, all kinds of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, including
U. S. 5-20 BONDS.
U. S. 7.30 TREASURY NOTES.
U. S. 1-2 MOS. CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
U. S. QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS.
U. S. Two Year 5 per cent. LEGAL TENDER NOTES.
U. S. 6 per cent. COUPON and REGISTERED, of 1881.
MATURING CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS collected or purchased. VERMILYE & CO.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.
NO. 48 WALL-ST.,
BANKERS AND DEALERS,
DEALERS IN
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND GOLD.
Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the Brokers' Board on commission. Immediate collections made on all points in the United States and Canada.

SIMPSON & BROWN
are ready services at the Board of Brokers, for the purchase or sale of Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold.
No. 39½ EXCHANGE-PLACE.

THE NEW-YORK MINING STOCK EXCHANGE BOARD
MEETS DAILY AT No. 23 WILLIAM-ST., Commencing at 9 o'clock P. M. punctually.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Manager.

MARION COUNTY, OHIO, BONDS.
Notice is hereby given to the holders of the Bonds of Marion County and State of Ohio, originally issued to the Bellefontaine and Indiana Railroad Company, to present them for payment at the Treasury of said County, in Marion, Ohio, on or before the first day of April, A. D. 1864, and that no interest accruing on said Bonds after April first, 1864, will be paid.
JNO. ROSENCRANS,
JACOB P. MARKIN,
A. B. MORRIS,
Commissioners of Marion County, Ohio.
Commissioners Office, Marion County, Ohio, Dec. 29, 1863.
Attest: W. Cecrop, Auditor and Clerk of Board.

NOTICE.
United States Treasury,
New-York, March 16, 1864.
Parties holding thirty ($30) or more coupons on the three years seven and three-tenths bonds, maturing on the 1st of April, are requested to hand them in with schedules at any time before that date.
Holders complying with the above will have their coupons cancelled and checks given for them on the 31st inst., after 2 o'clock P. M.
Blank schedules will be furnished upon application at the Interest Department of this office.
JOHN J. CISCO, Assistant Treasurer.

THE TENTH NATIONAL BANK, having paid in $500,000, will receive subscriptions for an increase of capital to $1,000,000.
The books will open at Messrs. LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO., on TUESDAY, 22d inst. One-third of amount subscribed will be payable on 1st April, one-third on the 15th, and balance 20th April. Parties desiring to pay in full, may do so at the Bank, April 1. Six Per Cent. interest allowed on payments anticipated.
The Bank will open for business on WEDNESDAY, 30th March, at No. 240 Broadway.
DIRECTORS.
J. S. SANGER, formerly of Grant, Howard & Sanger.
E. L. FANCHER, No. 220 Broadway.
JOHN ELLIOTT, of Riggs & Co., Wall-st.
LEWIS SIMPSON, of Lewis, Einstein & Co.
ADAM VALCOVER, of Seamless Clothing Manufacturing Company.
HENRY J. BAKER, of H. J. Baker & Brother.
ALBERT G. LEE, of Cotton, Lee & Co.
R. L. HOMES, of Boss, Dempster & Co.

COLUMBIAN MINING COMPANY.—The annual meeting of Stockholders of the Columbian Mining Company for the choice of Directors, and the transaction of any other business that may come before them, will be held at the Company's office, No. 14 Exchange Place, on MONDAY, April 4th, 1864, at 3 P. M.
F. W. GAZZAM, Secretary.

Office of the Bedford Copper Company,
No. 45 Exchange-place, New-York, March 21, 1864.
NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKholders of the Bedford Copper Company, for the election of officers for the ensuing year, &c., will be held at this office on THURSDAY, the 31st inst., at 12 o'clock A. M.
E. S. BOLLES, Secretary.

Office of the Chicago & Alton R. R.,
Chicago, March 21, 1864.
THE COUPONS OF THE INCOME BONDS of this company, due 1st April next, will be paid when due, at the office of Messrs. G. S. Robbins & Son, No. 44 William-st., New-York.
JOSEPH PRICE, Treasurer.

Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Co.,
Off. 227 South 4th-st.,
Philadelphia March 17, 1864.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Transfer Book of the Common Stock of this company will be closed on the 31st inst., to be reopened on the 16th of April next, at which time the stockholders of this company who have New-York certificates are requested to return them to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No. 56 Wall-st., New-York, who will give a receipt for the same and furnish in a few days thereafter a certificate from the Philadelphia office in exchange for said receipt.
The Transfer Office for the Preferred Stock of this company at New-York will be closed permanently on 31st inst. The books for both the Preferred and Common Stock in Boston will be permanently closed on the 31st March.
S. BRADFORD, Treasurer.

Office of the Panama Railroad Company,
Trustees Buildings, No. 28 Wall-st.,
New-York, March 16, 1864.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN Directors of the Panama Railroad Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 28 Wall-st. (Trustees Building,) on MONDAY, the 4th day of April next. The polls will open at 10 M. and close at 2 P. M.
JOSEPH F. JOY, Secretary.

$500,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE—In sums to suit. No commission charged. Applications in writing, with description of premises, to be made to
WARREN O. BROWN,
Counsellor-at-Law,
No. 170 Broadway.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTgage, in the City and vicinity. Apply to A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., No. 77 Cedar-st.

Office of the Westchester Fire Insurance Co.,
No. 40 Broadway,
New-York, March 21, 1864.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR SEVEN Directors of this company, continuing the ensuing year, will be held at this office on TUESDAY, the 5th of April next, from 11 to 1 P. M.
W. A. BEE, Jr., Secretary.

Bank of the Republic,
New-York, March 21, 1864.
ELECTION.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR Trustees, Directors of this Bank, and three Inspectors for the ensuing election, will take place at the Banking House, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 1 P. M. on the 6th day of April next.
W. H. LEIGHTON, Cashier.

METROPOLITAN BANK, NO. 790 BROADway, March 21, 1864.
ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank, to serve the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, on Tuesday, the 5th April next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 1 P. M.
SCHUYLER DUNNING, Cashier.

NEW-ORLEANS BANK NOTES WANTED at highest market price. New-Orleans exchange made by
WM. H. MARSTON, No. 36 Wall-st.

ALLENTOWN BANK OF PENNSYLVANIA.—The notes of this bank, 5s and upwards, are redeemed at par by the Union Bank of this City.

FINANCIAL.

NOTICE TO THE FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGE BONDHOLDERS OF THE PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY.—The Board of Directors of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company have requested the undersigned to call meetings of the First Mortgage and Second Mortgage Bondholders, in pursuance of the provisions of the deeds of trust, for the purpose of considering certain modifications of the present financial system of the company, to which the assent of a majority in interest of each of these classes of bondholders by a vote at a meeting is necessary. The principle of the proposed measures was submitted to the annual meeting of the corporation held at Pittsburgh on the 16th inst., at which were represented a majority of the stockholders and of each class of the bondholders, and was unanimously approved.
The undersigned, therefore, in exercise of the authority conferred upon them by Article 12 of the First and Second Deeds of Trust, give notice that
MEETINGS OF THE FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGE BONDHOLDERS
will be held at the banking house of Winslow, Lanier & Co., No. 52 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on THURSDAY, the 7th day of April, 1864, at 11 A. M. for the purpose of considering the aforesaid measures.
At such meetings the bondholders, if registered, may vote in person or by proxy.
Registration on the Voting Register can be made by any holder at the office or agency of the company, at the banking house of Winslow, Lanier & Co., where the books are now open for that purpose, on presentation by the holder of his bonds, or on his filing the written order of the person last registered as the holder.
The registration was originally in the names of the persons to whom the bonds were issued, in cases in which the bonds have since changed hands, the present holder can vote only by registering himself, or upon the proxy of the person last registered.
A general attendance of the bondholders is earnestly requested, as well to act on the questions aforesaid, as to perfect the organization contemplated in Article 12 of the Deeds of Trust.
The meetings of the First and Second Mortgage Bondholders will be held separately, but at the same time and place, and the holders of the third Mortgage Bonds are invited to be present, though their action is not required by the Trust Deeds.
The resolutions adopted at the annual meeting, and the resolution of the Board of Directors requesting a call of meetings of the bondholders, are subjoined.
JOHN FERGUSON, } Trustees for the First and
SAMUEL J. TILDEN, } Second M'ge Bondholders.

RESOLUTIONS
Recommended by the Board of Directors to the Stockholders for adoption at the Annual Meeting, March 16, 1864.
Resolved, That it is expedient that expenditures for construction, equipment and objects pertinent thereto, involving new capital, should in the main be provided for by an increase of capital stock of the company.
Resolved, That the increase of capital stock should be made solely for the purpose of building and completing a double track, or such part thereof as may be expedient, and for equipping the road and providing such additional rolling stock, machinery, appurtenances and other facilities as may be necessary to properly do all the business which may offer, and for no other purpose. And should only be issued from year to year in such amounts as the wants of the current business may from time to time demand. Their decision shall be based upon detailed estimate, made by the Board of Directors, of the amount of money necessary for the work of the year, and that the new issue of stock shall only be sold after public notice.
Resolved, That the increase of capital for 1864 shall not exceed $1,500,000.
Resolved, That the stockholders hereby recommend, and, so far as may be necessary, authorize the Board of Directors to make such agreement or arrangement with the holders of the bonds under the trust deeds as will enable them to increase the capital stock, as indicated in the preceding resolutions.
Adopted unanimously by vote of $4,663,000 out of $6,000,000 of stock; $3,729,400 out of $5,350,000 of first mortgage bonds; $3,760,000 out of $8,100,000 of second mortgage bonds, and $1,626,000 out of $2,000,000 of third mortgage bonds, $400,000 not voting because not registered.
Resolution adopted by the Board of Directors this day:
"*Resolved*, That the Trustees under the mortgages, Samuel J. Tilden and John Ferguson, be and they are hereby requested to call, at the earliest moment possible, a meeting of the bondholders, in the City of New-York, to act upon the resolutions adopted by the stockholders at their Annual Meeting in the city of Pittsburgh, on the 16th day of March, 1864, and to obtain, if possible, the assent of the bondholders thereto.
Offered by L. H. Mayer, Esq.
Attest: W. H. BARNES, Secretary.

OSWEGO COUNTY.
PROPOSALS FOR $330,500 SOLDIERS' BOUNTY FUND BONDS.
Sealed proposals will be received by either of the undersigned until TUESDAY, the 12th day of April next, at 9 P. M., for the purchase of the whole or any part of the sum of $330,500 Soldiers' Bounty Fund Bonds, authorized by a resolution of the Board of Supervisors of Oswego County, passed Dec. 3, 1863, and by an act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, passed Feb. 9, 1864. The said bonds will bear interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually on the 1st day of April and October in each year, and the principal will be redeemable in successive annual instalments of fifteen thousand five hundred dollars each, commencing on the 1st day of April, 1868, and ending April 1, 1884, at the Atlantic Bank, New-York City. The proposals will state the amount and time of maturity of the bonds desired, and the price per one hundred dollars thereof; and the persons whose proposals are accepted will therefore be required to deposit with the County Treasurer, at Mexico, or the Marine Bank in Oswego, the sums awarded them respectively, together with the accrued interest from April 1, the date of the bonds. Each proposition should be sealed and indorsed "Proposals for Soldiers' Bounty Fund Bonds," and indorsed in a secured envelope, addressed to either of the undersigned.
The right is reserved to reject any or all of the bids, if considered necessary, to protect or promote the interests of the county.
The bids will be publicly opened at the Court-house, in the City of Oswego, on the 11th day of April, at 12 M.
H. CONKLIN,
County Treasurer, Mexico, N. Y.
ELIAS ROOT, Oswego.
D. L. COUCH, Oswego.
J. E. WOODIN, Fulton.
A. W. SEVERANCE, New-Haven.
Mexico, March 15, 1864.

NOTICE.
Office Mercantile Mutual Insurance Company,
No. 35 Wall-st., New-York, March 21, 1864.
Agreeably to the provisions of the charter, an annual election will be held at the office of the Company, on MONDAY, the 24th inst., for eight Trustees, in place of those whose term of service expires on the 27th inst., and also for three Inspectors to hold the next annual election. The polls will be open at 12 o'clock M., and close at 1 o'clock P. M.

NEW-YORK AND BOSTON SILVER LEAD COMPANY
Capital, $1,000,000.....Shares, $10 each.
The books of subscription to the capital stock of this company will open March 23, at the office of STEBBINS & BLODGGOOD, No. 23 William-st.
For further particulars, apply to JOHN SIMPKINS & CO., LOCK WOOD & MORRIS, and STEBBINS & BLODGGOOD, New-York, and DUPU, BECK & BAYLES, Boston.

BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

Treasury Department,
Office of Comptroller of the Currency,
Washington, Feb. 27, 1864.
WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIdence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the Fourth National Bank of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress, entitled, "An Act to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved Feb. 25, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of banking;
Now, therefore, I, HUGH McCULLOCH, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Fourth National Bank of the City of New-York, County of New-York, and State of New-York, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.
In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office this 27th day of February, 1864.
(Signed.) HUGH McCULLOCH,
Comptroller of the Currency.

Quartermaster's Office, No. 6 State-st.,
New-York, March 8, 1864.
PERSONS OWNING OR REPRESENTING steamers, ships, schooners, &c., are requested to send into this office the names of all such vessels as they may wish to charter to the Government or have freight for. Their tonnage, standing, rate of charter, &c., will be required.
STEWART VAN VLIET,
Major and Quartermaster.

THE ST. MARY'S CANAL MINERAL LAND COMPANY.—The annual meeting of the St. Mary's Canal Mineral Land Company, for the election of officers for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any other business that may legally come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the New-York Central Railroad Company, in the City of Albany, N. Y., on FRIDAY, the 26th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M. By order of the Directors.
J. M. DENISON, Secretary.
Boston, March 24, 1864.

New-York and New-Haven Railroad Co.,
Corner of 4th-av. and 27th-st.
Treasurer's Office, March 21, 1864.
THE INTEREST ON THE MORTGAGE Bonds of this Company, due April 1, 1864, will be paid on and after that date, on presentation and surrender of the coupons, at this office, or at the Bank of the Republic.
W. BEMENT, Treasurer.

Office of the Chicago and Great Eastern Railway Company, No. 27 William-st.,
New-York, March 23, 1864.
THE COUPONS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS of this Company due 1st of April next, will be paid at the office of Messrs. SCHUCHARDT & DEBHARD, No. 24 Nassau-st., New-York.
L. H. WALLEY, Secretary.

ISAACS HARBOR GOLD COMPANY.—CAPITAL $500,000—50,000 SHARES, $10 EACH.
TRUSTEES.
THOS. L. TAYLOR. W. E. BEES.
W. A. COBB. EVERETT DRAPE.
JOHN P. REYNOLDS. E. D. WALLACE.
ANDREW WEBSTER. C. F. SHIRLEY.
The subscription books will be closed on the 1st of April, when the company will be closed on Saturday, April 23, at 12 M.
W. F. SHIRLEY, Secretary.

Office of the Manhattan Fire Insurance Co.,
No. 52 Wall-st.,
New-York, March 17, 1864.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this company will be held at this office on MONDAY, the 28th inst.
The poll will be open from 12 M. to 1 o'clock P. M.
By order.
ANDREW J. SMITH, Secretary.

COLLECTIONS IN NEW-JERSEY.—S. W. COUPLAND, Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law, Plainfield, N. J., formerly agent and attorney to collections for the State. Satisfactory references—Robert Ludlow, Esq., 37 Park-row; Thos. E. Bullman, No. 48 Wall-st.; Webster & March, Plainfield, N. J.

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 8 Beekman-st., Room No. 4, 2nd floor, over Park Bank.

FINANCIAL.

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
BANKERS
AND
U. S. GOVERNMENT LOAN AGENTS,
No. 23 Wall-st., New-York.
U. S. SECURITIES
of all Descriptions,
Purchased and for Sale.
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD
bought and sold on Commission.
COLLECTIONS MADE ON WASHINGTON and all other points of the United States and Canada at low rates and with quick returns.
7 3-10 TREASURY NOTES
converted into 1881 Bonds.
4 PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS made by Banks, Bankers and individuals, subject to draft at sight.

Office of the Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana Railroad Company, No. 38 William-st.,
New-York, March 21, 1864.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this company will be held at the office of the company in Toledo, Ohio, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of April next, at noon, for the election of directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before said meeting.
The stock transfer books will be closed on the 31st inst., at 2 P. M., and remain closed until the 28th proximo, at 10 A. M.
D. F. BARHYDT,
Secretary.

NEW-YORK AND PASSAIC COPPER COMPANY.—The books of subscription to the capital stock of this Company will open March 28, at the office of VAN SCHONCK & MASSETT, 19 William-st.

INSURANCE.

PEOPLE'S
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
66 Wall-st., and
corner Canal and Thompson.
CAPITAL.....$150,000
SECURELY INVESTED.
Continues to INSURE against Loss or Damage by FIRE on reasonable terms.
MATTHIAS CLARK, President.
Wm. S. Martin, Secretary. Julian Botts, Surveyor.

SPECIAL NOTICE—PERSONS CONTEMPLATing insuring their lives, and those already insured, should communicate with the undersigned, and obtain information of great importance to them. Address A. ANDREWS, Box No. 5,853, Post-office.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR COAL AND WOOD.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm streets (and nowhere else,) until TUESDAY, the 29th day of March, 1864, at 12 o'clock at noon, for supplying the coal and wood required for the Public Schools of this City for the ensuing year—say five thousand (5,000) tons of coal, and one thousand (1,000) cords of oak wood and one thousand (1,000) cords of pine wood, more or less.
The coal must be of the best quality of white ash, furnace and stove sizes, in good order, two thousand two hundred and forty (2,240) pounds to the ton, and must be delivered in the bins at the several school buildings. The proposals must state the mines from which it is proposed to supply the coal, and the coals to be furnished from the mines so named, if accepted, and must state the price per ton of two thousand two hundred and forty pounds. (2,240.)
The coal will be inspected and weighed by and delivered under the supervision of the inspector of Fuel of the Board of Education, said coal to be delivered at the schools when ordered, as follows: two-thirds of the quantity from the 25th day of July to the 1st day of October next, and the remainder as required by the Committee on Supplies.
The oak wood must be of the best quality, the sticks not less than three feet long, and not less than three inches in diameter.
The pine wood must be of the best quality, not less than three (3) feet and six (6) inches long.
The proposals must state the price per cord of 128 cubic feet, solid measure, for both the pine and oak wood, and also the price per cord for sawing and splitting per load—*the quantity split only as required by the Committee on Supplies.*
The wood will be inspected and measured by and delivered under the supervision of the Inspector of Fuel of the Board of Education. Said wood to be delivered at the schools, when ordered, as follows: Two-thirds of the quantity required, from the first day of May to the twenty-fifth day of July, and the remainder as required by the Committee on Supplies. Said wood, both oak and pine, must be delivered sawed, and, when required, split, and must be piled in the yards, cellars, vaults or bins of the school buildings, as may be designated by the proper authority.
The contracts for supplying said coal and wood to be binding until the twenty-fifth day of March, 1865. Sureties for faithful performance of the contract will be required, and each proposal must be accompanied with the signatures of the proposed sureties.
No compensation will be allowed for delivering said coal and wood at any of the schools, nor for putting and piling the same in the yards, cellars, vaults or bins of said schools.
Proposals must be directed to the "Committee on Supplies of the Board of Education," and should be indorsed "Proposals for Coal," or "Proposals for Wood," as the case may be.
The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered.
TIMOTHY BRENNAN,
JOHN N. HAYWARD,
SAMUEL B. H. VANCE,
JAMES W. FARR,
JOHN A. McLAUGHLIN,
Committee on Supplies.

Street Commissioner's Office,
No. 237 Broadway,
New-York, March 21, 1864.
TO CONTRACTORS.—PROPOSALS INCLOSed in a sealed envelope, indorsed with the title of the work, and with the name of the bidder written thereon, will be received at this office until Thursday, March 31, 1864, at eleven o'clock A. M., for regulating and grading Worth and intersecting streets, between Broadway and Baxter streets.
For regulating and grading Ninety-second street, between Eighth-avenue and Broadway.
For regulating, grading, curbing, guttering and flagging Fifty-eighth street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues.
For regulating, grading, curbing, guttering and flagging Twenty-first street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues.
For curbing, guttering and flagging Eleventh avenue, between Forty-second and Forty-third streets.
For curbing, guttering and flagging Second-avenue, between One hundred and Eighth and One hundred and Twenty-fifth streets.
For curbing, guttering and flagging Seventy-ninth street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues.
For curbing, guttering and flagging One hundred and Sixteenth street, between Third and Fourth avenues.
For flagging Sixth-avenue, between Forty-eighth and Fifty-ninth streets.
For flagging Twenty-second street, between Second-avenue and Avenue A.
For flagging Barrow-street, between West and Greenwich streets.
For flagging Forty-ninth street, between Sixth-avenue and Broadway.
For flagging Ninetieth street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues.
For filling between Sixty-third and Sixty-fourth streets and Eighth and Ninth avenues.
For dredging slip between piers Forty-nine and Fifty, North River.
Blank forms of proposals, together with the specifications and agreements, may be obtained at this office.
Dated Street Commissioner's Department, New-York, March 21, 1864.
CHARLES O. CORNELL,
Street Commissioner.

Army Clothing and Equipage Office,
Cincinnati, O., March 21, 1864.
PROPOSALS ARE INVITED BY THE undersigned until TUESDAY, April 5, 1864, at 12 o'clock M., for furnishing this Department (by contract) with—
Cavalry Standards—Army Standard.
Sashes with extra Mounts Pieces—Army Standard.
Trumpets, with extra Crooks—Army Standard.
Trumpet Cords and Tassels—Army Standard.
Forage Caps—Army Standard.
Letters from A to K—Army Standard.
Figures from 1 to 6—Army Standard.
Cinctures—Army Standard.
Sub-base Pontoon Tent Blankets—Army Standard.
Trousers, Footmen—Army Standard.
Trousers, Horsemen—Army Standard.
Samples of which may be seen at the office of Clothing and Equipage in this city.
To be delivered, free of charge, at the U. S. Inspection Warehouse, in this city, in good new packages, with the name of the party furnishing, the kind and quantity of goods distinctly marked on each article and package.
Parties offering goods must in all cases furnish samples, marked and numbered to correspond with their proposal, and distinctly state in their bids the quantity of goods they propose to furnish, the price, and the time of delivery.
A guaranty, signed by two responsible persons, must accompany each bid, guaranteeing that the bidder will supply the articles awarded to him under his proposal.
Bids will be opened on Tuesday, April 5, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., at this office, and bidders are requested to be present.
Awards will be made on Wednesday, April 6. Bonds will be required that the contracts will be faithfully fulfilled.
Telegrams relating to Proposals will not be noticed.
Blank forms of Proposals may be obtained at this office.
The right to reject any bid deemed unreasonable is reserved.
By order of Col. Thomas Swords, A. Q. M. G.
G. H. DODGSON,
Captain and A. Q. M.

$40,000 HUDSON COUNTY SIX PER CENT. COUPON BONDS.—Sealed proposals will be received at the County Collector's office, at the Savings Bank in Jersey City, until the first day of April next, at 12 o'clock M., for the whole or any part of forty "Bank Bonds" to be issued under the Act entitled, "An act to incorporate a company, issue of said Bonds authorized by an act of the Legislature.
Bonds payable as follows:

$1,000	May 1, 1866	$40,000 May 1, 1866
$1,000	May 1, 1867	39,000 May 1, 1867
$1,000	May 1, 1868	38,000 May 1, 1868
$1,000	May 1, 1869	37,000 May 1, 1869
$1,000	May 1, 1870	36,000 May 1, 1870

The proposals will state the amount of Bonds required, and for the term of years and the price bid therefor. The Commissioners reserve to themselves the right to reject all or any of the bids, if deemed to the interest of the county.
Proposals sealed and addressed to the undersigned,
CHAS. J. O'NEILL, } Commissioners
ABE. V. DUEYEA, } of Sinking
J. W. KINGSLAND, } Fund.
Jersey City, March 21, 1864.
Population of Hudson County about.....70,000
Assessors' valuation.....$40,000,000
Total debt of the county.....$345,000

PROPOSALS

$2,000,000 LOAN
OF THE
COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.
PROPOSALS FOR $2,000,000 SOLDIERS' BOUNTY FUND BONDS.
Sealed proposals will be received at the Comptroller's Office until SATURDAY, April 2, 1864, at 2 o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened, for the purchase of the whole or any part of the sum of Two Million Dollars of the "Soldiers' Bounty Fund Bonds," authorized by an act of the Legislature of the State of New-York, passed Feb. 6, 1864, and by an ordinance of the Board of Supervisors of the County of New-York, passed March 15, 1864.
The said Bonds will bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of May and November, in each year, and the principal will be redeemable in successive annual instalments of five hundred thousand dollars each, commencing on the first day of November, 1887.
The proposals will state the amount of bonds desired, and the price per one hundred dollars thereof; and persons whose proposals are accepted will thereupon be required to deposit with the County Treasurer the sums awarded to them respectively.
On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the County Treasurer for such deposits, the parties will be entitled to receive Bonds for equal amounts of the par value of the sums awarded to them, bearing interest from the date of payment.
Each proposition should be sealed and indorsed, "Proposals for Soldiers' Bounty Fund Bonds," and inclosed in a second envelope, addressed to the Comptroller.
The right is reserved to reject any or all of the bids, if considered necessary to protect or promote the interests of the county.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
City of New-York, Department of Finance, Comptroller's Office, March 22, 1864.

PROPOSALS FOR FORAGE.
Chief Quartermaster's Office,
Washington Depot, Dec. 5, 1863.
SEALED PROPOSALS are invited by the undersigned for supplying the United States Quartermaster's Department, at Washington, D. C., Baltimore, Md.; Alexandria, and Fort Monroe, Va., or either of these places, with Hay, Corn, Oats and Straw.
Bids will be received for the delivery of 5,000 bushels of corn or oats, and 50 tons of hay or straw, and upward.
Bidders must state at which of the above-named points they propose to make deliveries, and the rates at which they will make deliveries thereat, the quantity of each article proposed to be delivered, the time when and deliveries shall be commenced, and when to be completed.
The price must be written out in words on the bids.
Corn to be put up in good stout sacks, of about two bushels each. Oats in like sacks, of about three bushels each. The sacks to be furnished without extra charge to the Government. The hay and straw to be securely baled.
The particular kind or description of oats, corn, hay or straw, proposed to be delivered, must be stated in the proposals.
All the articles offered under the bids herein invited, will be subject to a rigid inspection by the Government Inspector before being accepted.
Contracts will be awarded from time to time to the lowest responsible bidder, as the interest of the Government may require, and payment will be made when the whole amount contracted for shall have been delivered and accepted.
The bidder will be required to accompany his proposal with a guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, that in case his bid is accepted, he or they will, within ten days thereafter, execute the contract for the same, with good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, to deliver the forage proposed in conformity with the terms of this advertisement, and in case the said bidder should fail to enter into the contract, and the next lowest responsible bidder, or the person to whom the contract may be awarded.
Bidders, as well as their sureties, or guarantors, who may not be known at this office, will be required to bring from the Judge of the United States District Attorney, Collector of Customs, or any other public functionary, at the expense of the bidder or guarantors, setting forth clearly the fact that the bidder and his sureties are responsible men, who will, if a contract is awarded them, act in good faith with the United States, and faithfully execute the same.
No bid will be entertained that does not fully comply with all of the above requirements, and which is not powered and signed by responsible parties as above described.
Blank forms for proposals can be had upon application at this office.
The full name and post-office address of each bidder must be legibly written in the proposal.
Proposals must be addressed to Brigadier-General D. H. Rucker, Chief Depot Quartermaster, Washington, D. C., and should be plainly marked "Proposals for Forage."
Bonds, in the sum equal to the amount of the contract, signed by the contractor and both of his guarantors, will be required of the successful bidder or bidders upon signing the contract.
Blank forms of bids, guarantees and bonds, may be obtained upon application at this office.

FORM OF PROPOSAL.
(Town, County, and State,) ——
(Date) ——
I, the subscriber, do hereby propose to furnish and deliver to the United States, at the Quartermaster's Department, at ——, severally to the terms of your advertisement, inviting proposals for forage, dated Washington Depot, Dec. 5, 1863, the following articles, viz.:
——bushels of Corn, in sacks, at —— per bushel of 32 pounds.
——bushels of Oats, in sacks, at —— per bushel of 32 pounds.
——tons of baled Hay, at —— per ton of 2,000 pounds.
——tons of baled Straw, at —— per ton of 2,000 pounds.
Delivery to commence on or before the —— day of ——, 186-, and to be completed on or before the —— day of ——, 186-, and pledge myself to enter into a written contract with the United States, with good and approved securities, within the space of ten days after being notified that my bid has been accepted.
Your obedient servant,
——
Brig.-Gen. D. H. Rucker,
Chief Depot Quartermaster,
Washington, D. C.

GUARANTEE.
We, the undersigned, residents of ——, in the County of ——, and State of ——, hereby jointly and severally engage to and with the United States, and guarantee in case the foregoing bid of ——, be accepted, that he or they will, within ten days after the acceptance of said bid, execute the contract for the same with good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to the amount of the contract, to furnish the forage proposed in conformity to the terms of advertisement dated Dec. 5, 1863, under which the bid was invited, and that the said ——, shall fail to enter into a contract as aforesaid, we guarantee to make good the difference between the offer by the said —— and the next lowest responsible bidder, or the person to whom the contract may be awarded.
In Witness, ——, ——, ——

MEDICAL.

BY JAMES CLARKE,
PHYSICIAN EXTRAORDINARY TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN.
Physician Extraordinary to H. R. H. the Prince of Wales.

This well-known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Irregularities, arising from any cause whatever; and although a powerful regulator, is perfectly harmless. Each bottle, with full directions, is sent to any lady who applies for it, or will be forwarded by the post, if a remittance be made for the amount, by the agent, Dr. WARD, 154 Liberty-st., New-York. Price $1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5. Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and, although very powerful, they do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything partial to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Ladies can rely upon the pills being perfectly free of the slightest danger, and may be forwarded to any author, if desired, on receipt of a bottle containing over 50 pills by return mail.

Sold by all druggists.

JOS. MORSE, No. 37 Cortlandt-st., New-York.
Sole United States Agent.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE SHORTEST POSSIBLE TIME, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 154 Liberty-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or exposure to the weather. DR. WARD, with the success of a private practitioner, in 30 years, presents to his patrons the advantage of a regular graduate of the University of Paris, who has treated more than all the quacks of the country. Young men who have injured themselves by improper indulgence, and who find themselves unfitted for the duties of life, should immediately consult the author, who will, without hesitation, guarantee a perfect cure. Diseases of a private nature, however long standing, or however they may have been treated by others, or pronounced incurable, may safely be entrusted to him. Recent cases, in all their stages, cured in a few days. Strictures, Gleet, Gonorrhœa, Gravel, Blood Diseases, Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Pain in the Back and Kidneys, Pimples on the Face, Ulcerations of the Throat, Nose and Mouth, Swelling and Pain in the Joints, Syphilis, Secondary Syphilis, the last remnant of which, however long standing, or however pronounced incurable, cured in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few days. Persons at a distance may rely on the skill of Dr. WARD. No. 154 Liberty-st., New-York. Call or write.

SPEEDY RELIEF AND SURE CURE GUARANTEED.—Fourteen, no, no less delicacy prevent your immediate application to Dr. POWERS, Dr. POWERS, respectfully recommended with Dr. WARD, the well-known specialist, formerly connected with the Hôpital de Lourcine, Paris, where those are treated with any form of private disease can receive prompt treatment without risk or exposure. Syphilis, gonorrhœa, gleet, stricture, nightsweats, gravel, nervous debility, and secondary syphilis, disease of the kidneys, &c., by Thirty Years of extensive practice, exclusively devoted to the treatment of these complaints, enable me to effect cures in cases where others of less experience have failed. Dr. Powers's Preventive Pills, the virtues of which are known to thousands, are recommended to Ladies.—Dr. Powers' Periodical Drops are a safe and certain remedy for monthly irregularities. Dr. Powers's Pills, prepared by mail. Three dollars a bottle containing over 50 pills by return mail.

Sold by all druggists.

JOS. MORSE, No. 37 Cortlandt-st., New-York.
Sole United States Agent.

$1,000 FORFEITED AND NO CHARGE UNLESS CURED.—Dr. Hunter's Red Drop cures venereal disease when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disagreeable and nauseating effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in one to three days; cures the most deep-seated and inveterate cases of long standing; cures the most distressing cases of gleet; cures the most obstinate cases of stricture; has no equal as a purifier of the blood. This is what he claims for it, and what he does will substantiate. Its value in this respect has been proved by thousands, who, in every instance, have pronounced it a marvelous remedy. In 30 years' practice he has never failed in a single case. Sufferers from improper indulgence, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few days. Persons at a distance may rely on the skill of Dr. WARD, No. 154 Liberty-st., New-York. Call or write.

CAUTION TO LADIES, SINGLE AND MARRIED.—Every woman truly a lady, has an aversion to call in or upon a physician, in respect to complaints peculiar to her sex. Besides the shock to her delicacy in consulting persons most of whom know nothing of her constitution, she incurs the serious expense in buying injurious pills, drops, potions, &c. No lady need call upon the numerous doctors with whom it evidently would be unmanly, as "The Married Women's Private Medical Companion," price $1, by A. M. Maurice, Professor of Diseases of Females, is adapted specially for the married or those about to be married, points out the mode of treatment in cases of obstructions, irregularities, or her other ailments, as mother or wife, with the causes and symptoms, and what best to do. Sold at his office, No. 128 Liberty-st., New-York, and sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. For sale at No. 1 Vesey-st. (Astor House) and 13 Ann-st.; FEDERER & CO., 13 Court-st., Boston.

W. A. M. MAURICEAU.

ADVICE TO MARRIED OR SINGLE LADIES.—We require a safe and certain remedy for menstruation, from whatever cause. Can rely upon the celebrated INFALLIBLE FRENCH FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS. No. 1 to restore the monthly courses in forty-eight hours, if of short standing; but obstinate cases, of long standing, may require No. 2, which are more powerful and stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy; price $5 a box. No. 1 $1 a box. Sold at 334 Liberty-st., 403 Hudson-st.; but No. 2 are sold only at 127½ Liberty-st., or sent by mail, with full instructions, by addressing Box 2,359 N. Y. Post-office. N. B.—Those who prefer a valuable, certain and safe remedy, can rely on these pills. Medical or other instruments, can avail themselves of it by one interview, and be attended by one of their own sex.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH Regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution, perfectly curing Seminal Weakness, Impotency, Debility, and impediments to marriage, Gleet, Stricture, Gonorrhœa, and constitutional syphilis, disease of the kidneys, &c., by Thirty Years of extensive practice, exclusively devoted to the treatment of these complaints, enable me to effect cures in cases where others of less experience have failed. Dr. Powers's Preventive Pills, the virtues of which are known to thousands, are recommended to Ladies.—Dr. Powers' Periodical Drops are a safe and certain remedy for monthly irregularities. Dr. Powers's Pills, prepared by mail. Three dollars a bottle containing over 50 pills by return mail. Sold by all druggists.

JOS. MORSE, No. 37 Cortlandt-st., New-York.
Sole United States Agent.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE SHORTEST POSSIBLE TIME, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 154 Liberty-st., near Broadway, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or exposure to the weather. DR. WARD, with the success of a private practitioner, in 30 years' practice he has treated more than all the quacks of the country. Young men who have injured themselves by improper indulgence, and who find themselves unfitted for the duties of life, should immediately consult the author, who will, without hesitation, guarantee a perfect cure. Diseases of a private nature, however long standing, or however they may have been treated by others, or pronounced incurable, cured in a few days. Strictures, Gleet, Gonorrhœa, Gravel, Blood Diseases, Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Pain in the Back and Kidneys, Pimples on the Face, Ulcerations of the Throat, Nose and Mouth, Swelling and Pain in the Joints, Syphilis, Secondary Syphilis, the last remnant of which, however long standing, or however pronounced incurable, cured in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few days. Persons at a distance may rely on the skill of Dr. WARD, No. 154 Liberty-st., New-York. Call or write.

SHIPPING.

The steamship CITY OF BALTIMORE, of this line, will sail as an extra steamer THURSDAY, March 31, at 10 A.M., carrying mails, passengers, at full rates, and cargo at reduced rates. For freight or passage, apply to

JOHN G. DALE, No. 15 Broadway.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL.—Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (Cove Harbor.) The well-known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:

EDINBURGH ..... Saturday ..... March 26
CITY OF WASHINGTON ..... Saturday ..... April 2
CITY OF MANCHESTER ..... Saturday ..... April 9

and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Payable in Gold, or its equivalent in Currency.

First Cabin ..... $80 Steerage $30
First Cabin to London ..... 85 Steerage to London 34
First Cabin to Paris ..... 95 Steerage to Paris 40
First Cabin to Hamburg ..... 90 Steerage to Hamburg 37

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Passage from Liverpool or Queenstown: First Cabin, $70, and $60; Steerage, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates. For further information, apply at the Company's Office.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT COVE OF CORK HARBOR, AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

CANADA leaves Boston Wednesday, March 16.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, Mar. 23.
ARABIA leaves Boston Wednesday, March 30.
CHINA leaves New-York Wednesday, April 6.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, April 13.
PERSIA leaves New-York Wednesday, April 20.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage $123 50
Second Cabin Passage 80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage $113 50
Second Cabin Passage 85 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced Surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.
For freight or passage apply to

E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

The undersigned will dispatch one of the undermentioned or other first-class full powered British built steamers from

NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL,

calling at Queenstown to land passengers and latest TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	To sail.
VIRGINIA	3,013	Grace.	———
PENNSYLVANIA	3,000	Brooking.	———
LOUISIANA	2,876	Smollis.	———
IOWA	———	Milburne.	———

These steamers have been all built under the inspection of the Chief Surveyor to the Liverpool Underwriters' Registry of Iron Ships, they have extra water-tight compartments, and classed first-class for 12 years.

They are fitted up for first, second, and third-class passengers, which are charged at the following rates:

First Cabin ..... $100 } Payable in Currency.
Second Cabin ..... 60 }
Steerage ..... 35 }

Dietary and accommodation unsurpassed by any other line of steamers.

For further particulars, apply to

WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS—DIRECT.

The United States Mail Steamship
GEORGE WASHINGTON,
J. V. GAGER, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 9 North River on SATURDAY, March 26, at 3 P. M.

Passage, with unsurpassed accommodations, $60. Apply to

H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 56 West-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS VIA HAVANA.

To sail on
SATURDAY, April 2, at 3 o'clock P. M.,
the United States side-wheel steamship
EVENING STAR,
WM. R. BELL, Commander,
will sail as above from Pier No. 46 N. R., foot of King-st.

For freight or passage, apply to

JAMES A. RAYNOR,
No. 161 Broadway.

N. B.—The MORNING STAR will follow, and sail on SATURDAY, April 16, 1864.

TAPSCOTT'S LONDON AND LIVERPOOL PASSAGE OFFICE, No. 36 South-st., New-York.
DRAFTS on ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND and WALES.
TAPSCOTT'S CELEBRATED LINE OF LIVERPOOL PACKETS SAIL TWICE A WEEK.
LINE OF LONDON PACKETS SAIL EVERY TEN DAYS.
Parties wishing to take passage, send for their friends, or remit money to the old country, can do so at the lowest rates, by applying to TAPSCOTT BROTHERS & CO., No. 36 South-st.

PASSPORTS FOR TRAVELERS PROCURED from the Department of State by A. C. WILLMARTH, United States Court Buildings, No. 41 Chambers-st., third story.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU, No. 363 Broadway. Passports issued through J. B. MONNET.

RAILROADS.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY,
NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.

Passenger trains leave New-York via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with railroads for all principal cities in the West.

This Road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.

H. F. SWEETZER, General Superintendent.
T. B. GOODMAN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa.

NEW-YORK & FLUSHING RAILROAD.

Leave New-York, at James-slip Ferry and 34th-st. Ferry, at 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 2, 4, 5 and 7½ P. M.

Leave Flushing at 6, 7, 8, 9, 11 A. M.; 1, 3, 5, 6 and 7½ P. M.

P. M.—On TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, a special night train leaves Flushing at 11 P. M., and from 34th-st. Ferry at 12 P. M.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT, commencing Nov. 12, 1863.—Leave James-slip and 34th-st. East River, at 9 A. M., and on FRIDAYS and SATURDAYS at 4 P. M. Also, for Greenport and Harbor Hampton, &c., stopping at all stations, Express Train leaves L. I. R. R. at 4 P. M. For Greenport, at 6 A. M., 11 A. M. and 4 P. M. For Jamaica and Hempstead, at 9 and 11 A. M., and 4 and 6 P. M.

Sunday excursion trains to Yaphank, at 9:15 A. M., from 34th-st., stopping at all stations.

Fare for this train at excursion rates.

For Greenport, (on Sundays,) at 5:45 P. M., stopping at all stations.

A. REASONER, Superintendent.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS leave foot of Chambers-st.

7 A. M.—Express for Buffalo.
9:30 A. M.—Milk, daily, for Otisville.
10 A. M.—Mail, for Buffalo and intermediate stations.
4:15 P. M.—Way, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.
6 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Cattaraugus, &c. The train of Saturday runs through to Buffalo, but does not run to Dunkirk.

CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.—The steamboat J. D. SMERS will leave the wharf foot of Murray-st. EVERY AFTERNOON, (except Sundays,) at 5 o'clock, connecting at Port Monmouth with trains for Middletown, Red Bank, Long Branch, Shark River, Farmingdale, Tom's River and intermediate stations. Returning, leave Manchester at 6:05 A. M., and Long Branch at 7:25 A. M., arriving in New-York at 10:15 A. M. A freight train, with passenger car attached, leaves Port Monmouth every morning for Camden. Freight received foot of Murray-st. till 3:30 P. M. B. S. SEYMOUR, General Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST.—Trains leave

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, West 10 A. M., and 3:15 and 5 P. M.	7:30, 10:27 A. M. and 3:37 and 5:20 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with 11:02 P. M. sleeping car,) 10:00 P. M.	

On SUNDAYS at 5:30 P. M., from 30th-st.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM AND ALBANY RAILROAD.—For Albany, Troy, North and West, leave 26th-st depot at 10 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. Sunday train, 4:30 P. M.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 9:15 A. M., 12:20 P. M., 4:30 P. M., 6:45 P. M., and on Mondays only at 6:30 A. M. The 6:15 and 4:30 run through to Monsey.

THOS. W. DEMAREST, Supt.

MORRIS AND ESSEX RAILROAD COMPANY, FOOT OF BARCLAY-STREET.—Morning Mail trains for Hackettstown and intermediate stations leave New-York at 8 A. M. and 4 P. M. Morristown Express at 5 P. M. J. E. BASSINGER, Superintendent.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 5:15 P. M. Passengers north and east from New-Haven at 11 P. M. NIGHT LINE—Steamers leave at 11 P. M., arriving in New-Haven in time for all early morning trains.

STEAMER FOR SALE.—THE NEW, LIGHT-draft, stern-wheel steamer "WARWICK," length 116 feet by 19½ feet beam, 5 feet and 2 inches hold; 2 engines, 14-inch cylinder by 4 feet stroke; ordinary draft of water 20 inches. Apply to C. W. COPELAND, No. 128 Broadway.

STEAMER BROADWAY FOR YONKERS, Hastings, Dobbs Ferry, Tarrytown, Sing Sing and Haverstraw every Afternoon at 3½ o'clock from Pier foot of Dey-st.

POLITICAL.

THE CITIZENS' ASSOCIATION OF NEW-YORK.

All those in favor of an efficient and economical CITY GOVERNMENT, are invited to join this Association.

OFFICE No. 120 Broadway.

FINE ARTS.

A CHOICE COLLECTION OF ORIGINAL WATER-COLOR DRAWINGS by celebrated British artists, comprising the collection of Benefield, C. B. Lewis, A. B. and J. J. Chalon, and other members of the "Royal Academy and Society of British Artists," will be sold by R. H. LEGGE & CO., at their Gallery, No. 25 Maiden-lane, on SATURDAY, the 26th inst. Drawings now on exhibition, and catalogues gratis.

FAIRS.

METROPOLITAN FAIR
FOR THE
UNITED STATES SANITARY COMMISSION.

NEW-YORK, March 4, 1864.

TO HIDE AND LEATHER AND BOOT AND SHOE MERCHANTS.

The undersigned have been appointed a committee to represent the above-mentioned trades in the great METROPOLITAN FAIR, to be held in this City, commencing on the 30th of March inst.

The object of the Fair is to raise funds for the UNITED STATES SANITARY COMMISSION.

You know the paramount importance of the services of money performed by this commission. Each battle-field, gallery but most earnestly attests their invaluable services to the sick and wounded.

The return of Spring brings renewed action to our armies, and admonished to emit no effort to cheer, cherish and sustain our gallant defenders.

The appeal of the U. S. SANITARY COMMISSION for aid cannot be unheeded by its truth.

With the patriotic and the humane no supporting argument is necessary.

Contributions will be received in money or merchandise.

Checks should be drawn to the order of Mrs. Ellen E. Strong, Treasurer, and may be sent to either of the committees.

Goods are received at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory, in 14th-st., near 6th av., where they will be receipted for. Each package should have its value marked on it, and also the name of the donor.

It is respectfully requested that contributors should inclose a memorandum of the nature and value of their gift to the Chairman of the Sub-Committee on their trade, which will thus secure due credit for the total amount of its subscription.

J. M. YOUNG,
Chairman Sub-Committee Hides and Leather.
J. S. BULKLEY,
SMITH ELY, Jr.,
OLIVER HOYT,
STEPHEN HYATT,
Chairman Sub-Committee on Boots and Shoes.
WILLIAM A. HALL,
NATHANIEL FISHER,
JAMES M. BURT,
FRANCIS A. STOUT,
Chairman Committee on Leather, Boots and Shoes, of the Metropolitan Fair.

METROPOLITAN FAIR FOR THE U. S. SANITARY COMMISSION.

TO CANE AND UMBRELLA MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS.

The undersigned have been appointed a committee to solicit donations from your trade to the Metropolitan Fair.

All branches of business are contributing nobly to the excellent cause of the United States Sanitary Commission—it is the cause of our country—of each of us.

Goods may be sent to the Fair Buildings in 14th-st., near 6th-av.

Checks should be drawn to the order of Mrs. EILEN E. STRONG, Treasurer; and may be sent to either of the Committee.

Appreciating the patriotism and liberality of the trade, the Committee hopes for a total amount of donations that will do it signal credit.

ALVAH HALL,
JOHN AMIDON,
C. H. MARSHALL, Jr.,
T. BAILEY MYERS,
THE LE PRIME,
CLARENCE A. SEWARD,
FRANCIS A. STOUT, Chairman.

METROPOLITAN FAIR TICKETS.

The ticket department of the Fair will be (by permission of J. W. Wallack, Esq.,) under the direction of Mr. THEODORE MOSS.

Tickets can now be obtained at the following places:

Box office of Wallack's Theatre.
C. A. Baylor, Harnden Express office, No. 74 Broadway.
C. O. Jones, No. 76 Cedar-st.
No. 10 Astor House, of Mr. F. V. Rushton.

PRICES:

Season tickets, admitting to all departments, at all times except the opening night $3
Tickets for opening ceremonies, March 30 ..... $3
Tickets for Tuesday, day of exhibition, or Wednesday, first day of sales $1
Tickets for Thursday, Friday or Saturday of first week 50c

The Fair will open on MONDAY EVENING, April 4, and continue for two weeks.

The committee reserve the right to change the rates of admission from time to time.

Prices for the second week will be announced after the opening of the Fair.

GEORGE GRISWOLD GRAY,
Chairman of Committee of Arrangements.

METROPOLITAN FAIR.

IN AID OF THE U. S. SANITARY COMMISSION.
DEPARTMENT OF METALS, HARDWARE, AND HOUSE-FURNISHING.

The Special Committee appointed to solicit contributions from those in the Metal, Hardware, and House-furnishing trade, would respectfully give notice to all those intending to send articles of merchandise to the Fair, that the ROOM IS NOW READY, and that a member of the Committee will be in attendance daily to arrange the articles for exhibition.

A prompt and liberal response to this notice is urged, that the room of this department may be secretted to the trade, and realize a large amount for the treasury.

C. H. MURDOCK, Chairman.

GEO. C. WEBSTER, Sec'y.

TO MANUFACTURERS, MACHINISTS, &c.—METROPOLITAN FAIR.

The building erected for machinery at Palace Garden, is now ready for the reception of all contributions of tools and machines. The entrance is on 15th-st., west of the 6th-av. Parties are requested to send in their offerings without delay, that they may be arranged and put in motion in time for the opening of the Fair.

Mr. Joseph Crampton, of the Committee on Machinery, will be at the building to receive what is sent, from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M., every day, until the 26th inst.

All the principal express companies transport articles to this Fair free of charge.

ALFRED W. CRAVEN,
Chairman Com. on Machinery.

MASON 19, 1864.

ARMS AND TROPHIES CATALOGUE.

The collection of Arms and Trophies at the Metropolitan Fair, in aid of the United States Sanitary Commission, will, without doubt, be the largest exhibition of the kind ever made on this Continent. It will occupy a separate building 80 feet by 35 feet, on 14th-st., and it is believed will attract many visitors. A large and complete catalogue will be published, and many thousand circulated. The covers and sheets will furnish very advantageous means of advertising. All advertisements must be in hand by Saturday, March 26, at the Fair Buildings, where arrangements will be made with Capt. FRED. I. DEAN.

"METROPOLITAN FAIR."
TWENTY-SECOND REGIMENT ARMORY,
14th-st., near 6th-av.

Contributors are earnestly requested to send in their goods without delay, with a memorandum stating their character and value, and whether for sale or exhibition only. They should be marked as above, and consigned to JOHN M. FERRIS, Agent, and will be received between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

METROPOLITAN FAIR.

TO MILLINERY GOODS MERCHANTS.

The undersigned, having been appointed a Committee on Millinery Goods for the Fair in aid of the U. S. Sanitary Commission, respectfully inform the trade that they are prepared to receive contributions in money or merchandise, which can be sent to either of the committee.

JOHN D. LAWSON, Chairman, No. 204 Broadway.
GEORGE H. SANFORD, No. 70 Franklin-st.
B. P. BEEKMAN, No. 337 Broadway.
CHARLES FORMAN, No. 423 Broadway.

METROPOLITAN FAIR.

Donations from other places should be marked "Metropolitan Fair," the Port Jervis and adage of their shipment and value sent by mail to

ELLIOTT F. SHEPARD,
Chm'n Com. on Contributions from without the City.

METROPOLITAN FAIR.

The office of the Gentlemen's Executive Committee will be removed on TUESDAY, March 22, to the Fair Buildings, 14th-st., near 6th-av.

GEO. GRISWOLD GRAY, Chairman.

THE FINANCE COMMITTEE APPOINTED on the part of the Fire Department of the Metropolitan Fair, beg leave to inform those who intend making donations in money through them for this great national object, that those authorized to receive contributions in the different companies, will be furnished with certificates from this Committee. Donations will also be received by either of the undersigned, who will duly acknowledge the same.

EDWARD D. GARESCHE, Chairman, No. 3 Broad-st.
CHAS. McDOUGAL, No. 61 Front-st.
GEORGE T. HOPE, No. 102 Broadway.
FRANCIS H. MACY, No. 169 Front-st.
JAMES F. WENMAN, No. 146 Pearl-st.
GEORGE W. LANE, No. 93 Front-st.
J. ALBERT WEAVER, No. 139 Fulton-st.
JONAH HEDDEN, No. 50 Broadway.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 20, 1864.

BALLS.

TWELFTH REGIMENT BALL,
In aid of the Widows and Orphans of deceased New-York Soldiers,
ACADEMY OF MUSIC, April 26, 1864.

MILITARY AND CIVIC BALL.

Fifteenth Annual Assembly of the [illegible] Continental Guard, First Company, C[illegible] at the Apollo Rooms, on FRIDAY, [illegible] March 25. Tickets $1, admitting gentleman [illegible] Tickets can be had at the door on the even[illegible]

MEETINGS.

MASTER PLUMBERS' [illegible] SOCIETY.—There will be a [illegible] meeting THIS (Thursday) EVENING, 24th [illegible] o'clock, at Room No. 30 Cooper Institute. [illegible] who received notice of the meeting of the 17th inst. and all others, are requested to be present. ALFRED [illegible] Sec.

A MEETING OF THE SOUTHERN [illegible] ABERDEEN'S PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION will be held at the Union Assembly Rooms, No. [illegible] on THURSDAY EVENING, March 24, at 8 o'clock.

MACHINERY.

TO HOOP-SKIRT MANUFACTURERS.—For sale, A lot of braiding machines, with everything necessary for the braiding machines; also tackle and other, to make shoe laces. For further particulars call or address R. F. ROMAINE, corner of North Main and Water sts., Paterson, N. J.

ENGINES FOR SALE CHEAP.—THREE small engines, five and 8 horse power. Apply to JOHN INNES, machine shop, No. 460 West-st., corner Bank-st., where they can be seen, or to JOHN STUART, No. 155 Broadway.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.—A STEAM ENGINE, of about 10 horse power, with boiler complete. Must be in perfect order. Address, stating terms, Box No. 2,359 New-York Post-office.

REYNOLDS' TURBINE WATER-WHEELS.—These celebrated water saving and powerful wheels, of any power, furnished by TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, No. 19 Broadway, New-York.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC THEATRE,
NOS. 624 AND 626 BROADWAY.
Lessee and Director ..... Mrs. John Wood
Stage Manager ..... J. B. Selwyn
AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAWS OF COURT.
A PLAY OF CHIEF AND MATRIMONY.

"Albert S. is now become part of the common law, in regard to the social relations of life, that as often as every Bluestocks year doth return, the ladyes have the sole privilege of making love unto the men, which they doe either by words or looke as unto them seemeth proper; and no man will be entitled to the benefit of clergy, who doth refuse to accept the offer of a lady, or who doth in anywise treat her proposal with neglect or contumacy."

THE PRODUCTION
of the
EXCELLENT AND LAUGHABLE COMEDY,
founded on the above,
ANCIENT LAW OF COURTSHIP,
and opposite to the present
ANNO DOMINI 1864,
entitled
LEAP-YEAR;
or the
LADIES' PRIVILEGE,
In which appear
Messrs. Frank Drew, J. K. Mortimer, J. H. Stoddart, G. H. Clark, G. T. Parsloe, Jr., Brunelli, Mrs. John Wood, Miss Henrietta Irving, Mrs. Bailey Brown, Miss Amelie Harris, Miss Walters and Miss Stocqueler.

Having proved
A MOST DECIDED SUCCESS,
will be repeated
THIS EVENING, (Thursday,) March 24,
being the
LAST NIGHT BUT TWO
of its representation at present on account of previous arrangements for an
ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
on
EASTER MONDAY, March 28.

Doors open at 7. Performances commence at 7½.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—COMMENCES AT 7½.
Lessee and Manager ..... WM. WHEATLEY
POSITIVELY THE LAST TWELVE NIGHTS
THE LAST THREE NIGHTS OF THE TRIUMPHANTLY SUCCESSFUL ENGAGEMENT OF
MISS CAROLINE RICHINGS.
Prior to her departure for California.
And last representations of the grand romantic spectacular drama,
THE ENCHANTRESS.

Miss RICHINGS in her celebrated character of STELLA. SUPERB SCENERY, ELEGANT COSTUMES, SPLENDID CAST, GRAND BALLET, &c., &c.

TO-MORROW, (Friday,) FAREWELL BENEFIT OF MISS CAROLINE RICHINGS AND LAST NIGHT BUT TWO OF THE ENCHANTRESS.

Mr. Wheatley has pleasure in announcing that he has entered into an engagement with the celebrated American tragedian, EDWIN BOOTH, who will make his first appearance on MONDAY next, March 28, in Tom Taylor's tragic play, THE FOOL'S REVENGE.

SACRED CONCERT
At the Madison-av. Baptist Church,
On THURSDAY EVENING, March 24, 1864.
ROSSINI'S STABAT MATER,
And other selections.

The Solos will be sustained by the following artists, with full chorus:

Mrs. J. M. MOZART, } Sopranos.
Mrs. H. W. COLYER, }
Mrs. J. H. BABCOCK, Contralto.
Mr. GUSTAVUS GEARY, Tenor.
Mr. J. R. THOMAS, Basso.
Conducted by Mr. WM. BERGE.

WINTER GARDEN.
MONDAY, MARCH 28.
First appearance of
MME. MARIE METHUA-SCHELLER,
in her beautiful idyllic character of
LORLIE,
in AUGUSTIN DALY'S Musical Pastoral Drama, in 5 acts, entitled
LORLIE'S WEDDING.
Lorlie ..... Mad. Methua-Scheller
Reinhard ..... Mr. Hogan
Bertel ..... Mrs. Chanfrau
Box Book now open.

MUSICAL.

CHICKERING & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES, No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.

Mr. GOTTSCHALK'S constant use of the NEW SCALE CHICKERING GRAND PIANO-FORTES has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.

WM. B. BRADBURY, No. 427 BROOME-ST.
NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTES.
SEVEN FIRST PREMIUMS IN FOUR WEEKS.

STEINWAY & SONS'
GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS are now considered the best in Europe as well as this country, having received the first Prize Medal at the World's Exhibition in London, 1862.

The principal reason why the Steinway Pianos are superior to all others, is, that they are composed of five practical pianoforte makers, (father and four sons,) who invent all their own improvements, and under whose personal supervision every part of the instrument is manufactured. Warerooms, Nos. 71 and 73 East Fourteenth-st., between Union-square and Irving-place, N. Y.

UNITED PIANO-FORTE MAKERS,
No. 66 Walker-st., New-York.
All the stockholders being superior practical workmen, this Company is able to
OFFER THEIR LARGE AND SPLENDID PIANOS
AT LOWER PRICES
THAN ANY OTHER FIRST-CLASS HOUSE.
Every instrument guaranteed for five years.

HAZLETON BROTHERS,
OVERSTRUNG GRAND AND SQUARE
PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS,
No. 89 Prince-st., a few doors west of Broadway, N. Y.
These Pianos have always received the first premium wherever they have been exhibited. A written guarantee for five years accompanies each piano. These instruments will be sold at prices to suit the times.

PIANO STOOLS AND COVERS FOR SALE.
G. G. SAXE, No. 37 Park-row, N. Y.

HAINES BROTHERS,
PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS,
Warerooms No. 753 Broadway.
PIANOS TO LET AND FOR SALE
ON INSTALLMENTS.

THE "PELOUBET HARMONIUMS AND ORGAN HARMONIUMS" are offered as superior to all reed instruments in their distinct, smooth, pipe-like quality of tone, and greatly improved details, combined with great economy of cost and space. The closest examination solicited.

3 banks keys, 8 sets reeds, pedals $600
2 banks keys, 6 sets reeds, pedals 340
2 banks keys, 4 sets reeds, pedals 300
1 bank keys, 4 sets reeds, pedals 220
1 bank keys, 3 sets reeds, pedals 175
Double reed, 5 octave, $120; 4 octave, $90.

Send for circular. General depot, J. M. PELTON, No. 841 Broadway, New-York.

MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS, FOR FAMILIES, CHURCHES AND SCHOOLS.—Recognized by the musical profession as greatly superior to Harmoniums or Melodeons. Illustrated circulars of these organs, or our illustrated catalogue for explicit testimony to their superiority, from a majority of the most eminent organists in America. Prices, $95 to $500 each.

CAUTION TO PURCHASERS.—The great reputation which our Cabinet Organs have obtained, and the extensive demand they have created, have led to unfair dealing, in some cases, quite different instruments as Cabinet Organs, and in others to represent to purchasers that Harmoniums and other reed organs are the same thing. This is not true. The excellences of our Cabinet Organs, which have given them their high reputation, are the result not merely of the superiority of their workmanship, but also, in large measure, of essential differences in construction, which, being patented, cannot be imitated by other makers. From these arise their better quality and volume of tone and unrivaled capacity for expression. Warerooms in New-York, No. 1 Mercer-st.

MASON BROTHERS.

NEW MUSIC.—"DOST THOU EVER THINK OF ME," Song and Chorus; "Wee Willie Winkie," song and chorus; "Katy Did, or Katy Didn't," a comic song, as sung by little Effie Parkhurst, with great applause; "The Angels are Hovering Near." The above compositions are by the popular composer, Mrs. Parkhurst. "Come Into Old Friends Were Dear," and "She Was Like the World to Me," the last two songs of the late Stephen C. Foster. "Kindly Words and Smiling Faces," "Home is Home," "I Hear Sweet Voices Singing," by J. R. Thomas, the celebrated ballad writer. Published by HORACE WATERS, No. 481 Broadway, N. Y. Pianist in attendance to try new music.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS, cabinet and Alexandre organs, piano stools and covers, sheet music, music boxes, metronomes, and all kinds of musical instruments, at wholesale and retail; second-hand pianos and melodeons at great bargains; new pianos and melodeons to let, and rent allowed if purchased; monthly payments received for the same; pianos tuned and repaired; the highest price paid for second-hand pianos and melodeons. HORACE WATERS, Agent, No. 481 Broadway, New-York.

NEW MUSIC.—"THE SANITARY FAIR POLKA," dedicated to the patrons of the Sanitary Fair. Composed by Mrs. Parkhurst. This is a perfect gem, was played nightly by the band at the Fair. Price, 25 cents. HORACE WATERS, Publisher, No. 481 Broadway.

A Pianist in attendance to try new music.

EXCELSIOR MUSIC BOOK.—VIOLIN, flute or cornet, &c. "Union Collection," violin and piano duets, 50c. "Pearls of the World," accordeon, 50c. Musical instruments. Price list sent on receipt of stamp. Italian violin strings, 25c., mailed.

FREDERICK BLUME, No. 308 Bowery.

A LARGE LOT OF NEW SEVEN-OCTAVE pianos of a superior make for the fall of April; all made of good material and warranted for three years. Pianos to rent or sold on installments. Call at the manufactory, No. 143 East 32d-st., near 3d-av.

MONITOR PIANOS.—THE SIZE, CONVENIENT; in tone, powerful and sweetness. Pianos buyers are invited to call to examine Chambers & Cable's Pianos—the best and cheapest made. Warerooms 359 Canal-st., 4th-av., in the Bible House.

GEORGE STECK & CO.'S GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO-FORTES.—

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE N. Y. TIMES.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, March 23.

THE ARMY REVIEW POSTPONED.

The proposed review of the army of the Potomac, to-morrow, will not take place. Gen. GRANT, who arrived here this morning, proceeds at once to the front. The reorganization of the army will be quietly and speedily consummated.

GEN. SMITH CHIEF OF STAFF TO GEN. GRANT.

Gen. W. F. SMITH, whom the Senate confirmed as Major-General, to-day, will have a command in the West next to Gen. GRANT. His position will be really Chief of Staff to the Lieutenant-General, and as such will direct the movements of whoever may be nominally in command of the Army of the Potomac. If his appointment that Gen. GRANT, after reorganizing the army to his satisfaction, will give the rebels a taste of its fighting qualities before he returns West.

EXPULSION PASSAGE IN THE HOUSE.

The House to-day was made the theatre of one of those wrangling scenes which recall the obsolete days of the Slave Democracy. Col. McCLURE, of Missouri, on obtaining the floor, proceeded to make an onslaught upon Frank BLAIR, in which sundry personalities and abusive epithets were so conspicuous as to bring down the Speaker's hammer calling him to order. BLAIR retaliated in an excited and savage style of execution, pronouncing the documents fraudulently purposed by McCLURE to be forgeries, and impugning his veracity on another and renewed charge. Members rushed frantically between the excited disputants, and honor were saved whole. Mr. Speaker to intervene before.

THE NEW INVESTMENTS.

Secretary CHASE to-day issued orders to the National Banks throughout the United States, which have been designated depositories, to receive after to-morrow, subscriptions to the new five-twenty bonds. The necessary instructions relative to this matter were dispatched some days ago. The department will commence issuing bonds about the twenty-third of April, and expect to be able to deliver them so that as they are required.

DOINGS OF THE HOUSE MILITARY COMMITTEE.

The House Military Committee had again under consideration, to-day, the question of reimbursing Steamship owners expended in calling out the State militia. They finally instructed Mr. GARFIELD to prepare a general bill, providing for the appointment of Commissioners, who are to be empowered to settle all claims arising in the several States upon this subject. They also authorized a bill to be reported allowing ordnance and military storekeepers the rank and emoluments of Captains of ordnance. There are but four of this class of officers in the service, and their pay is totally inadequate to the responsibilities devolving upon them, as they disburse upward of a hundred million of dollars annually.

GEN. SMITH'S CONFIRMATION.

The Senate in executive session yesterday decided to return the nomination of Gen. WM. F. SMITH to the President, on the ground that his commission dated back to July, 1862, and who, if confirmed, would outrank a large number of meritorious officers. The President to-day sent his name back to the Senate, his commission to date from the day of his confirmation.

FROM THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

Information from the front to-day is to the effect that deserters continue to come in daily from the Louisiana regiments. Lee Lieutenant and four men came in yesterday. They recommended that Lee has ordered all wagons to be in readiness for use by April 1. Gen. GRANT's arrival is looked for with much enthusiasm, and his reception will be both flattering to him and an augury of hope to the country.

A CASE OF MILITARY MEDDLING IN ELECTIONS.

In defending the Government against charges made by certain Copperheads, of military interference in elections, Senator HOWARD to-day, in the Senate, retorted that the only authenticated case of such military interference was that made by Gen. McCLERNAN in his orders to Gen. BANKS in regard to the Maryland elections in 1861.

THE INDIAN OUTRAGES IN MINNESOTA.

The Committee on Indian Affairs recommend the appropriation of one million of dollars to indemnify the people of Minnesota for losses sustained during the Sioux war.

GEORGE THOMPSON.

Efforts are being made to obtain the hall of the House of Representatives for the English orator, GEORGE THOMPSON, to speak in, on April 23.

THE WILKES COURT-MARTIAL.

The Wilkes Court-Martial to-day determined to exclude all reporters, and prevent further publication of testimony. To make such a decision just when the prosecution is about to close its evidence, and the accused to introduce his witnesses, gives cause of complaint to the friends of the Commodore, and is deemed singular conduct.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, March 23.

MOVEMENTS OF GEN. GRANT.

Lieut.-Gen. GRANT, his Staff and family, arrived here at 7 o'clock this morning, from Philadelphia, in a special train.

THE QUOTAS OF THE STATES.

The table of quotas, published in this morning's papers, is wrong, so far as the numbers to be furnished by the States of New-York, New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, Wisconsin and Minnesota are concerned, for, as the table itself shows, the deficiencies on former calls are not yet completed. The reason why they are not yet completed is that complete returns of credits to these States have not yet been received. The numbers to be furnished by the other States, as given in that table, are the quotas under the call of March 1, 1864, and deficiencies under all previous calls. The account is made up to the 1st of March, except for the States above mentioned, and is exclusive of veteran volunteers who re-enlist in the field.

THE TEN-FORTY LOAN.

The Assistant Treasurers at New-York, Philadelphia and Boston were to-day authorized by the Secretary of the Treasury to receive subscriptions for five-year coupon, ten-forty bonds, authorized by the act of March 3, 1864. Subscriptions will be required to pay the accrued interest in coin or United States notes, or the notes of National Banks, from the first day of March or September, as the case may be, until the day of subscription and payment. If the accrued interest is paid in notes, 50 per cent will be added for premium, until further notice. The interest is payable on bonds not over one hundred dollars annually, in coin. The bonds will bear date March 1, 1864.

THE REVENUE BILL.

It is probable a week will elapse before the Committee of Ways and Means report the amended Internal Revenue Act, which will be thoroughly revised each page of the previous century rewritten, in order to a clearer understanding of them. Nothing reliable can be ascertained relative to the change in taxes as the committee have not yet arrived at a definitive result.

CAPTURE OF A BLOCKADE-RUNNER.

The Navy Department has received information of the capture, by the United States steamer San Jacinto, of a schooner laden with 135 bales of cotton and two barrels of turpentine. Her master, EDWARD J. NORTON, is a native of Maryland, and notwithstanding having [illegible] name.

From a report communicated by the Commissioner of Patents to Congress to-day, it appears more business has been transacted in that Bureau during any year in the history of the Department than in 1863. 20 and 10,000 applications have been granted; 4,170 patents have been issued; [illegible] have been filed; forty-[illegible] and forty-eight extensions have been granted; [illegible] for designs, sixty-eight were to foreigners, thirty-seven to Prussia, and twenty-[illegible] to citizens of other nations. The fees for the year ending January, 1863, were $[illegible]; the amount received during the year, $[illegible]; expenses, $[illegible], of which $[illegible] were for clerk hire. Balance on hand Jan. 1 last, $[illegible]. Among the novel patents for which the past year has been distinguished, the improvements in the smaller metals relate to perfection of manufacture rather than modification of principle; in the steam engine, to strength of beam; in metallic corner of trunks, to the kind of plates, mode of fastening, and elastic contacts between plates and backing.

THE NEGRO TROOPS.

Col. McCLURE officially communicates the part taken by his command in the late action at Vidalia, La., which resulted in a victory to our troops. Then a force of 300 colored soldiers put to flight, in great confusion, four or five times their number of the enlivelrous enemy, with a loss to them of one killed and five wounded, none mortally, and a number of prisoners. Not a man of my command was hurt. Major GERMAN W. SHAW, commanding a battalion in reserve, informs me that he, with the line officers of his command, were obliged to place themselves before their men with drawn swords, and threaten summary punishment to the first man who would attempt to quit the ranks to join their comrades fighting in the front, "their eagerness to be engaged being almost irrepressible."

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, March 23.

BUREAU OF MILITARY JUSTICE.

Mr. WILSON, of Massachusetts, (Union,) from the Committee on the Military, reported on the House bill establishing a Bureau of Military Justice, with an amendment changing the head officer of the Bureau from Major to Colonel.

THE MESSAGE AND DOCUMENTS.

Mr. ANTHONY, of Rhode Island, (Union,) reported adversely on the proposition to print an additional 5,000 copies of the President's Message and accompanying documents.

The report was agreed to.

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF WAR.

Mr. TRUMBULL, of Illinois, (Union,) moved to print 10,000 extra copies of the Secretary of War's report and accompanying documents.

This was referred to the Printing Committee.

EXPENSES OF THE WAR COMMITTEE.

Mr. WADE, of Ohio, (Union,) introduced a joint resolution appropriating $20,000 for the expenses incurred by the Committee on the Conduct of the War.

The joint resolution was passed.

NAVAL DEPOT AT CAIRO.

Mr. TRUMBULL also gave notice of his intention to introduce a bill for a ship canal between Lake Michigan and the Mississippi River.

RELATIVE TO DESERTERS.

The bill in relation to deserters was then called up by Mr. WILSON.

The bill disfranchises those who shall refuse to return to the service at the call of the President in a proclamation to be issued immediately after the passage of this act. Those who recruiter the service at such place and time as the President may designate, do so without punishment, except the forfeiture of pay and all allowances due at the time of desertion and during their absence.

Mr. WILSON said that it had been represented that there were 80,000 deserters from our army. He thought this a mistake, and that there were not more than 40,000. Many of these had escaped from the army through hospitals and other means. It was also represented that 28,000 deserters had been returned to the army in the past few months through the Provost-Marshal system; and under this system, in connection with the Enrollment Act, there were now few deserters from the army. He thought there were eight or ten thousand deserters in Canada and the British Provinces. They had gone there when desertion was not considered so great a crime as it is now, and when discipline was slack, and it was comparatively easy to obtain troops. He cited the fact that over 20,000 were absent without leave at Harrison's Landing. He had learned that many of these deserters in Canada were anxious to return and serve their time out. As the war had lasted longer than they expected, they find that living in Canada was much harder than serving their country in the field. He thought if the President would name such places as Detroit, Buffalo, Ogdensburgh, and some points in the state of Maine, where these deserters might come under the terms of this bill, quite a body of men would return to duty.

Mr. CLARK, of New-Hampshire, (Union,) doubted the propriety and power of passing this bill. We had better leave the whole management of these deserters to the President. A bill of this kind would have a great tendency to demoralize the army. There was a great objection on the part of loyal and dutiful soldiers to have deserters put alongside of them. He hoped this question of pardon would be left with the Executive. While these soldiers remain from the ranks, they will roam about with the brand of Cain upon them.

MILITARY INTERFERENCE IN ELECTIONS.

The morning hour having expired, the Senate took up the special order, the bill of Mr. POWELL, to prevent military interference in State elections.

Mr. HOWARD, of Michigan, (Union,) addressed the Senate in opposition to the bill. He considered the bill an extraordinary one in every respect. The bill provided that no officer of the army shall have under his control any troops or armed men within one mile of the place where any general election is held. Did the honorable Senator contemplate the possible effect of such a clause as this? Did he foresee that it might happen that a rebel force in full battle array might be between the radius of one mile from the poll where the election was held? Such a bill as this would, in effect, prohibit our commander from attacking such rebel force while they were in the radius of this magic circle, and would make our polls a sanctuary for armed recreants. It was impossible that a bill containing any such feature could pass the Senate of the United States, as in our whole history there was not a precedent for it. This measure was brought at a time when the country was engaged in a civil war—in a struggle against an immense armed rebellion, which, to crush, calls for the exercise of all the faculty and power of the Government. All those who are loyal at heart, support the old Government, and should receive its protection, while those who look upon the contest with indifference, or at heart wish the success of the rebellion, ought to be treated as enemies. He knew of no other test which could be proposed between the loyal and the disloyal, than the method now devised and carried out at our elections in States containing numerous sympathizers with the rebellion. The Senator from Kentucky brings in this singular measure when the country resounds with the clash of arms and the whole hemisphere is lighted up with the lurid flames of civil war, extending from the Atlantic coast to the Rocky Mountains, and while the hearts of truly loyal men are bleeding for the perpetuity of our Government. He did not deny that there might have been in some cases trifling abuses or misuses of military power at elections, but the reasons must be weighty indeed to demand the passage of such a measure by Congress as the one proposed. He believed the provisions of the bill were plainly nonexistent to the Constitution of the United States. He held that Congress had no power over the subject of State elections, except that it may prescribe the time, manner and places of electing Senators and Representatives to Congress. The power to regulate local elections was one of the reserved rights of the States. He would inquire from what part of the Constitution the Senator derived the power for Congress to punish those who shall violate State laws regulating elections. Yet the Senator who sets himself up as an expounder of the Constitution here, and so often declares that the old fabric is going to pieces like an old raft over a waterfall, now indulges in the legislative experiment of asking Congress to punish every person in the military service who shall interfere with a State election. Congress had no more right to do this than to punish for violation of other State laws. He called the attention of the Senator to the fact that Gen. McCLELLAN was the first to issue orders in relation to military supervision at elections, and quoted from his order to Gen. BANKS at Muddy Creek, Maryland, of Oct. 26, 1861, instructing him to detail forces at the different polls to protect Union voters from intimidations, and to hold in confinement those who were in collusion with the rebels. He was very happy for once in his life to concur with Gen. McCLELLAN, and he was proud that his power was sanctioned by that distinguished military leader, the heir apparent of the Democratic party in the next Presidential election.

Mr. HOWARD, without concluding, gave way.

The Senate went into Executive Session, and adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, March 23.

GOVERNMENT TRANSPORTATION OF CIVILIANS.

Mr. KERNAN, of New-York, (Dem.,) asked unanimous consent to offer a resolution that a committee of five members be appointed by the Speaker to investigate and report to the House, whether civilians in the employ of the Government, in or about Washington, were sent or allowed to go home with the view of voting in State elections; what length of time they were granted leave of absence; whether they drew their pay while absent; whether such employes going home were those only who belong to the Republican party, or who promised to vote for his candidate, and whether their transportation, home and back, was paid at their own expense or that of the Government; and that said committee have power to send for persons and papers, and employ a clerk, and have leave to report at any time.

Mr. STEVENS, of Pennsylvania, (Union,) proposed to intrust the inquiry to the Committee on the Conduct of the War.

Mr. KERNAN objected to this.

The resolution, therefore, was not received.

TARIFF ON IMPORTED WOOL.

Mr. SPAULDING, of Ohio, (Union,) introduced a resolution, which was passed, instructing the Committee on Ways and Means to inquire into the expediency of imposing an adequate duty on all wool imported from foreign countries, from and after the 1st of July next, and to report by bill or otherwise.

THE IMPEACHMENT OF JUDGE MILLER, OF WISCONSIN.

On motion of Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, (Union,) the Committee on the Judiciary were discharged from the further consideration of the memorials asking for the impeachment of Judge MILLER, of Wisconsin. He said the case had been carefully considered, consuming a great deal of time in looking over the records, and the result was there was no discovery on which to base a single allegation.

A QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE.

Mr. McCLURE, of Missouri, (Union,) rising to a question of privilege, by unanimous consent, referred to the remarks which he delivered on the 9th inst., in which he charged that his colleague (BLAIR) had issued an order, while in military command, for smuggling liquors into the army contrary to the treasury trade regulations. His colleague (BLAIR) at that time pronounced the forgery and expressed his surprise that he (McCLURE) had not seen the denial of the order and invoice, as forgeries. He (McCLURE) had afforded his colleague (BLAIR) time to furnish the proof of forgery, but this had not been produced, nor could it be. There was a Latin maxim which translated was, "false in one, false in all." Therefore, one falsehood of a witness being exposed, the whole testimony should be rejected as worthless. His colleague (BLAIR) had appeared as his own witness. He (McCLURE) had exposed his colleague's falsehood and duplicity, and infidelity to the "Radicals" in his statements to President LINCOLN. His colleague denied, on the same occasion, that persons of color had been run off from Missouri, and sold in other States. He, (McCLURE,) in proof of this quoted from an order issued by Gen. ROSECRANS, dated St. Louis, March 1, in which it is said that justice and humanity forbid the sending away of helpless slaves, and that in order to prevent such outrages, and the stealing and selling of such persons, even those who are free, their exportation to other States should not be permitted. He (McCLURE) had compassion for those in distress, and his colleague (BLAIR) might well be somewhat moved, but he (McCLURE) would give such relief as is extended to criminals after the sentence of condemnation.

Mr. McCLURE then produced a letter from Mr. COMBS, special agent of the Treasury Department, in relation to the denial of Mr. BLAIR as to the alleged liquor speculation, and charging him (BLAIR) with willful and malicious falsehood.

The Speaker, when these last words had been read, called Mr. McCLURE to order, as violating the order and decorum required by the rules.

Mr. McCLURE, resuming, said: His colleague (BLAIR) had characterized the liquor order as a forgery. Now, he (McCLURE) had had that order "photographed," and copies of it could be procured. Here it is. Justice must be done though anguish were caused to the friends of the condemned criminal.

A SENSATION PRODUCED.

Mr. BLAIR, of Missouri, (Union,) asked unanimous consent to make a request.

Mr. SPAULDING, of Ohio, (Union,) gave notice that after this he would not give his consent to any other gentleman.

Mr. BLAIR then asked that a Select Committee be appointed to investigate the charge made by his colleague, adding: "I pronounce my colleague's (McCLURE's) allegations a base and willful falsehood. He has taken the place of the forger and the falsifier, and I here pronounce him a most infamous liar and scoundrel."

This remark produced a most intense sensation in the House.

Many of the members rose to their feet, and persons in the galleries evidently partook of the general excitement.

The greatest confusion and disorder prevailed.

The Chair promptly called Mr. BLAIR to order, as having violated the rules, and appealing to the House to aid him in their enforcement.

Mr. BLAIR—I could not apply other language to an allegation so false, so base, and so utterly contemptible. I ask for a Special Committee to send for persons and papers. I am responsible, I am sent to be a Representative in this House, but the guilt will fall upon those who have assumed the charge.

The Speaker requested Mr. BLAIR to reduce his resolution to writing.

Mr. McCLURE—I have papers now before me, purporting to be written by some of my colleague's (BLAIR's) staff, which I should be much pleased to lay before the committee. Mr. McCLURE then addressed himself to Mr. BLAIR, and holding out in his hand a paper, he said: "You will not deny this signature."

Mr. BLAIR, in response, said: "I will not reply to any question from such an infamous scoundrel."

The Speaker again checked the violation of the rules of decorum.

Mr. JAMES C. ALLEN, of Illinois, (Dem.,) preferred to have a committee to examine the charges, and said there was no necessity for any further discussion on the subject at this time.

Mr. McCLURE again asked permission to send certain original documents to the committee.]

Mr. BLAIR then presented his resolution in writing, that a Select Committee of three members of the House be appointed by the Speaker, with power to send for persons and papers, to investigate the charge made by J. W. McCLURE, of Missouri, against FRANCIS P. BLAIR, Jr., of said State, of a violation of the laws, in the matter of an alleged liquor speculation.

The resolution was passed, after being amended by Mr. STEVENS, of Pennsylvania, so that the committee may also inquire into the genuineness or falsity of the documents which Mr. McCLURE had produced.

The Speaker then appointed the following Select Committee to inquire into the charge:

Messrs. HIGBY of California, CLAY of Kentucky, and FRYE of New-York.

THE RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.

The House then considered, during the morning hour, the bill declaring the Delaware Bay and Raritan Railroad to be a postal and military route.

Mr. DAVIS, of New-York, (Union,) supported the bill on the ground that the Government required the road for such purposes, and argued to show that the principles claimed by the opponents of the measure were both unsafe and unsound.

Mr. PERRY, of New-Jersey, (Dem.,) opposed the bill, insisting that it was not only unwarranted and uncalled for, but was derogatory to a loyal State, and not required by the necessities of the Government. It was an infringement of right, and simply a Wall-street speculation.

THE NATIONAL BANK ACT.

The House next proceeded to the consideration of the special order, being the bill amendatory of the National Bank Act.

Mr. HOOPER, of Massachusetts, (Union,) explained that this bill made such corrections as the experience and observations of the past year required, and rendered the law so perfect that the State Banks may organize under it, instead of continuing under their State charters. He looked on the system of State Banks as having outlived their day and as being unequal to the present exigences and the demands which this war is making on the country and its financial and monetary systems. If we had relied on the State Banks instead of the Government for our currency, there would have been an infinition of paper which could have overwhelmed and embarrassed the Government. The "legal tender" was the only measure which could be adopted with safety. So far these National Banks had worked well. He expressed the hope that gentlemen would give their support to this bill, which had been so carefully prepared after consultation with those most familiar with the question of the currency.

Without further action the House, at 4:20 o'clock, adjourned.

FROM COLORADO AND NEW-MEXICO.

The Navajoes War Ended—The Case of Gen. Carleton—Bullets Made of Gold.

DENVER CITY, Wednesday, March 23.

Gov. EVANS has issued a proclamation calling a Constitutional Convention for the the first Monday in May.

Santa Fé papers report large public meetings in various parts of New-Mexico, vindicating Gen. CARLETON against calumnies in certain New-York papers.

Kit CARSON was at Santa Fé, in excellent health. The campaign against the Navajoes had ended. Nearly five hundred Indians had been captured, and submit to being placed on the reservation established by Gen. CARLETON.

A party of sixty influential Mexicans left the Canejos country with a Navajoe woman as guide, who reported that her people had gold so plenty that they make bullets of it.

The Santa Fé Gazette contains a long editorial explaining the conflict between Gen. CARLETON and Judge KNAPP. So serious has the matter become, that the Supreme Court is not held.

THE MISSING ITALIAN FRIGATE.

Report of the Brig Howard.

The following is the report of the brig *Howard*, arrived yesterday, which H. B. M. gunboat *Styx*, arrived at Halifax, reported boarding the Italian frigate in Gibraltar:

Brig *Howard*, of St. John, N. B., Snow, 26 days from Liverpool, with coal, to order. February 12, lat. 40° 4', lon. 34° 20', had a heavy gale from S. W.; washed overboard and lost PATRICK McGRATH, a seaman, of Newry; the sea carried away jibboom, cutwater, harness casks, some of the hatches, cabin doors, wheel, and partly filled the cabin with water; February 21, lat. 40° 42', lon. 30°, in a moderated gale from E. to N. N. E., lost boat, table, stove, chain and anchor; February 22, lat. 40° 10', lon. 29° 50', fell in with a great quantity of drift-ice; run S. S. W. to lat. 40° 20', and then picked a way through it. March 16, lat. 38° 20', lon. 69, met a large man-of-war steering toward southeast, apparently not fully manageable, as she varied in her course about eight points from south to east. She had close-reefed foresail and fore and mizzen topgallant masts were down, and the mainspmast broken off a yard-the yard, the mainsail blowing from it. March 19, lat. 41° 30', lon. 64° 14', spoke with H. B. M. gunboat *Styx*, from Halifax, in search of an Italian frigate which was in distress.

Capt. SNOW is positive that the distressed ship he saw was the *Re Galantuomo*, as he had seen her before at Naples.

Condition of Hon. Owen Lovejoy.

The condition of Mr. LOVEJOY was reported last evening to be such that his physicians gave no hope whatever of his recovery. He is slowly sinking under an affection of the heart and kidneys. He retains possession of his faculties, and is perfectly aware of his condition. Mr. LOVEJOY is the representative in Congress from the Fifth District of Illinois, having been first elected in 1856, taking his seat in the Thirty-fifth Congress. He was born in Albion, Kennebec County, Me., Jan. 6, 1811, and is consequently fifty-three years of age.

The Canadian Ministry.

MONTREAL, Wednesday, March 23.

The Canadian Ministry has not yet been formed, FREDERICK BLAIN having failed to reconstruct. Mr. CARTIER, the leader of the opposition, has been sent for by the Governor. It is generally believed that he will succeed.

Evening Exchange.

$5,000 Amer. Gold	1 00	100 Cumberland	95½
100 N. Y. Central	140¼	100 Fort Wayne	89
100 do	140¼	100 do	128½
100 do	140½	200 do	128
100 Erie	125½	100 do	128½
100 do	125½	100 do	128½
200 do	125½	200 do	128½
200 do	125½	100 do	128½
200 do	125½	100 do	128½
100 Erie R. Pref	78	100 do	128½
100 Hudson Riv. R.	59	200 do	128
100 do	59	200 do	128
100 Harlem R.	124	100 Prairie du Chien	71½
100 do	124¼	100 Wabash R.	72
1300 do	124¼	700 do	72
400 do	127	400 Mar. & Cin. 1st Pr.	82½
1000 do	127	100 do	80
200 do	130¼	300 do	80
1000 do	127	100 Mar. & C. 2d Pr.	68
500 do	126½	800 do	68
400 Reading R.	93	200 Canton Co.	39½
200 Mich. So. R.	117½	200 do	39
300 do	117½	100 do	39
100 do	117½	400 do	40½
500 do	117½	300 do	40½
100 Ill. Cen. R.	127½	300 do	70
100 do	130	100 Quick. Min. Co.	65
100 Terre Haute, Pref.	103	100 do	66½
1400 Pittsburgh	127¼	100 do	66½
200 do	127¼	400 Qtz. Hill M. Co.	29½
600 do	127¼	200 Mariposa M. Co.	40
300 do	127¼	100 do	39½
200 do	127¼	200 Chi. & Alton R.	69
100 Galena R.	125¼	400 Wabash Pref.	60
500 do	125¼	600 Can. Coal	95½
400 Rock Island R.	127	400 do	95½
100 do	127¼	500 do	95½
300 do	127¼	800 do	96
300 do	127	200 Copperhead Mines	20
100 Northwestern	67½	200 do	19½
200 do	68½	1000 Buena C. h'G Co.	1¾
200 Terre H. & Alt.	69	300 do	1¾
100 do	69½	300 Atl. Coal Co.	48

[Advertisement.]

"THE GOLDEN AGE."—This is the title of a diminutive but well-filled book, which sets forth the advantages and results of the treatment employed at the New-York Medical Institute, No. 8 Union-square, New-York City. Its contents are especially recommended to invalids who are losing hope of recovery, and they may find in it the ground for much consolation. The "Golden Age" may be had free at the Institute, or will be sent to any address on receipt of two red stamps.

[Advertisement.]

Military officers and soldiers should have BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, as they can be carried in the pocket and taken upon the first appearance of a cold or cough, which, if neglected, may terminate in something worse. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine *Brown's Bronchial Troches*, which are sold everywhere at 25 cents a Box.

[Advertisement.]

WHAT CAN I DO BEST?—It is by the organization, Phrenology and Physiology, that this question may be answered. Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS, No. 308 Broadway, New-York, make examinations and give full written descriptions of character daily. See the *Phrenological Journal* for March, 15 cents.

[Advertisement.]

A BAD BREATH THE GREATEST CURSE THE HUMAN FAMILY IS HEIR TO.—How many lovers it has separated—how many friends forever parted! The subject is so delicate your nearest friend will not mention it, and you are ignorant of the fact yourself. To effect a radical cure use the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers" as a dentifrice, night and morning. It also beautifies the complexion, removing all tan, pimples and freckles, leaving the skin soft and white. For sale by all druggists.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystallized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

G. SAUNDERS' Metallic Tablet Razor Strop, the oldest and most approved Strop now in use, having been before the public for the last forty years. Can be had wholesale and retail, of the subscribers.

J. & G. SAUNDERS, No. 7 Astor House.

Passengers Sailed.

In steamship Creole, for New-Orleans—Mr. Eichelberger, wife, 2 children and servant, George M. Beard, U. S. N., M. Serwin, Juliet Rose, James A. Ward, C. Mallory, F. Goulet, Mrs. Jane Welch, John L. Lake, Jr., Coleman Morse, Walter Durack, Capt. George D. Wisburn, Mrs. Prentiss, Capt. Thornton Smith and wife, Miss Senecal and niece, J. Hoffman, wife and 2 children, Mrs. Anna McGrail and child, James Reynolds, James McGuire.

In steamship Roanoke, for Havana—M. Audinson, Joseph Murphy, W. C. Lain, Waldo Abbot, Abbot and wife, A. H. Potter and wife, Josephine Stern, Lewis Stern, Fr. Nagel, Wm. Nagel, Jose A. Reyes.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Arago, from Port Royal—Major John Bay, Capt. Burger, Capt. Frothingham, Com. Creighton, U. S. N., Major Rice, Com. Harris, U. S. N. Mr. and Mrs. Witt, Miss Witt, Miss Tarbell, Mrs. Dalrymple and seven, Mrs. Fowler, Mrs. Quincy, Lieut. Fowler, U. S. N., *Mr. Woolsey, Mr. Winser A. Ensign Butler, Lieut.* Stuyvesant, Mr. McGowen, Ensign Priddle, Lieut. Baldwin, all of U. S. N., Drs. Pease, Kennedy, Hosmer, Chaplain Haskell, Rev. L. D. Barrows, Rev. Mr. McKenzie, G. A. Brown, Casts. Ludwig, Holden, Hydock, Rose, Marshall, Walker, Brathers, Parham, Miller and one, *Hoover, Crouch, Rock, Wyatt, Doane, Lloyd, Norton,* Hall, Edwards, Soder, Baldwin, Peck, Wyckoff, Hanley, Randolion, Flint, White, Brown, Rice, Lewis, Williams, Sherwood, [illegible], Bass, Wassell, Brockman, Weaver, J. H. Walker, J. M. Wassell, Brockman, Barnes, [illegible], Cole, Green, [illegible], Lee, Horton, Bridge, Cole, Green, [illegible], Fisher, Gates, Hamilton, Wilson, [illegible], Dodd, Olney, Pierson, Cornell, [illegible], Jones, Vance, Brown, Hanlin, Keech, J. Sharp, Jewell, Emmanuel, and 600 in second cabin.

MARCH 22—*In steamship City of Washington*, from Liverpool—J. Hindon, Mrs. McPherson, Misses McPherson, Simmons, Daly and 2 children, Jaudel, R. La Grande, Capt. G. White, A. Ralf, Jr., F. Kiesling, Hitz, R. Ball, Doyle, G. Hopper, S. Breadnell, Mr. Young, Schwartz, Hoppenjan, Mrs. Frances, Mr. Smith, Mr. Peard and lady, Mrs. McCord, T. Alexander, Mrs. Bellite and son, M. Pastoor, Mr. and lady, Mr. Humphreys, Jackson, T. T. Dowling, [illegible], Mr. Chamberlaind and lady, Mackenzie, Mr. Gough, lady and infant, E. Gough.

[illegible] in second cabin, and 328 in the steerage.

SENSITIVE BAROMETER—NEW DAY.

Sun rises	5 56	Sun sets	6 15
Sun rises	5 55	Sun sets	6 16
Sandy Hook	6 54	Gov. Island	7 26
Hell Gate	10 15		

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK.....WEDNESDAY, March 23.

Cleared.

Steamships Roanoke, for Havana, Lodian, Heinsen & Co.; Mississippi, Kempshy, New-Orleans, U. S. Quartermaster; Potomac, Sherwood, Portland, H. B. Cromwell & Co.; Lafonia, (Br.,) Hazard, Liverpool, Funch, Meinecke & Wendt; Oneida, Thompson, New-Orleans, Ludlam, Rennard & Co.; City of Baltimore, Nickerson, Liverpool, John G. Dale; Ariel, Wheaton, Aspinwall, D. H. Allen.

Ships Ocean Queen, James H. Green, Fowler, Washington, James Hand; Octavia, McLaughlin, Baltimore.

Barks Rosalie, (Sard.,) Homobono, Marseilles, J. C. Jewett & Co.

Barks Mt. Bayonne, Mitchell, Valparaiso, Probst & Chauncey; Oneida, Craig, Cadiz, Morey & Boerum.

Brigs J. Blackburn, (Br.,) Harvey, Guadeloupe, J. F. Wade & Co.; Dyna, (Br.,) McCormick, St. John, N. B., F. H. Bovina & Son; Dolphin, (Br.,) De Haas, Genoiva, H. G. Schmidt & Co.

Schooners J. Waterman, Chase, New-Bedford, Fenn.

Cleared for the Coast.

Ship Wizard King.

Barks Angela Sherwood, Baltimore, Queen of the Sea.

Brigs Huron, Clara D. Robbins.

Schooners Flash, Marion Rogers, Grapeshot, Wenonah.

March 22—Steamships Australasian, United Kingdom, Roanoke, Ariel, Creole.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, March 22—Arr. ship Magnet, from Liverpool; brig Scotland, from Matanzas.

Domestic Ports.

HOLMES' HOLE, March 21—Arr. schr. John Sexton, Harding, and Hattie Lewis, Cunningham, from New-York for Gloucester.

Entered—Brig Ambrose Light.

Sailed—Schrs. J. Williamson, Jr., Eli, Mary Ella, Mary E. Dyer, E. Bullwinkle, Sarah, Surprise, and Prince of Wales.

March 22—Arr. brig Advent, (Br.,) Crow, New-York, for St. Johns, P. I; schrs. Susan E. Morris, Griffin, Philadelphia, for Boston; Alexandria, Hammond, and Otter Rock, Thompson, New-York, for Boston; Harriet Fuller, New-York, for Portland; James Freeman, Young, Tangier, Va., for Portland; Rockingham, Talley, Baltimore, for Portsmouth, N. H.

At Anchor—Wind N. N. W.

Left yesterday, above arrivals, and brig Virginius; schrs. Surf, Samuel Fish.

Foreign Ports.

[PER CITY OF WASHINGTON.]

Arrived from New-York—Malaga, at Cette; Trusty, at Antwerp; Thorsen, and James Armstrong, at Deal; Tessa, at Queenstown.

Arrived from Boston—"Midas," at Shanghai.

Arrived from Philadelphia—Philadelphia, at Liverpool.

Arrived from Baltimore—Flora, at Appledore—damaged.

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TO GROCERS AND TEA DEALERS.

PAPER BAGS, PAPER BAGS.

We are now manufacturing and prepared to furnish all sizes of paper bags, made of the best stock, and designed especially for grocers and tea dealers. Also, paper flour bags, to hold 12lb, 25 and 50 pounds, made of the best Manila paper, and suitable for grocers and millers, neatly printed to order, in various designs. All descriptions of bags constantly on hand and for sale at the

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JAVA COFFEE COMPANY.

Nos. 232, 236 and 237 Washington-st., New-York.

The Company have established the price of their Coffee at 25 cents per pound. Put up in one-pound packages 48 lbs. in a case. Usual discount.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A LAMP CHIMNEY THAT WILL NOT BREAK—For sale, the patent right of a lamp chimney, illustrated in No. 14, vol. 10, new series *Scientific American*, Oct. 3, 1863. The reason for sale of it is on account of having other business to attend to. Address H. W. M., Box No. 589 Utica, New-York.

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